

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII] No 15 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA.

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Cedar Posts and Stakes, Patent Roofing, Hardwood Flooring.	Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Columns, Stairs and Brackets, and Interior Finish.
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Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

WALLPAPER

IS STILL OUR SONG.

The business is opening up so much better than we hoped that we have been obliged to get extra helpers to satisfactorily serve our many customers. The reasons are obvious to anyone who visits our store. We have by far the largest stock. Our Designs and Colorings are the newest styles.

Our Papers are New.---Our Prices are Right.

We can furnish you with competent helpers to paper, paint or kalsomine. We can supply you with Paint, Mouldings, Window Shades, Kalsomine. We put Mouldings on the wall—the best white enamel at 3/4c. a foot.

We can suggest designs for the various rooms that will please you when put on. These are a few of the reasons why you should get your WALLPAPER from

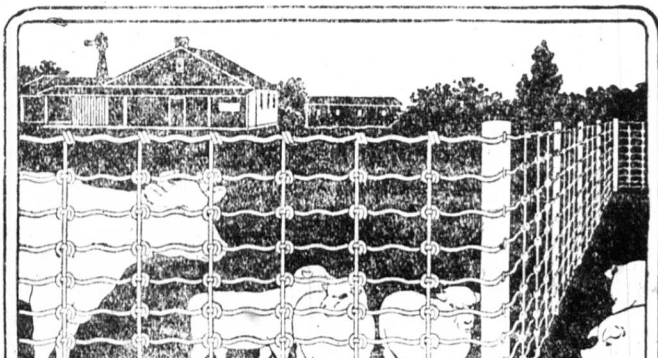
A. E. PAUL,

The Wallpaper Man.

While Wallpaper is our big item at this season it is not our only specialty.—We can suit you in Stationery, Books, Fine China, Music, etc. etc.

BASE BALL CLUBS will find here the only complete line of SPALDING Goods in town. Give us a call

A. E. PAUL.



“EXTRY!”

(FROM TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT.)

They may talk in cultured voices of the shameless yellow press
Printing murder, vice and thuggery,
Causing gentle souls distress;
But it's quite another story
And they set a different pace,
When the newsy starts a shouting,
“Extry!” ‘bout the Kinrade case!”

Then its grab your hat in one hand
And your money in the other,
And it's push and tug and jostle
In a scratching, tearing, smother;
Never mind your blooming dignity
Or high exalted place,
But mob the newsy shouting,
“Extry!” ‘bout the Kinrade case;”

And then take it home to wifey
Where the youngsters gather round,
And read out juicy extracts
With a fine, rich, gory sound.
Poor old Crusoe's all forgotten,
Dear Hans' fairies lose their grace,
When our daddy reads the paper,
“Extry!” ‘bout the Kinrade murder case;”

This is no exalted sermon
On the sins that I have not,
For I like a nice fresh murder
With my breakfast served up hot.
But if blood and horrors please you,
Do not call it a disgrace
That there should be newsies shouting,
“Extry!” ‘bout the Kinrade murder case.”
Pod.

DESERONTO.

A concert and presentation was given in the opera house here Tuesday night in honor of the Deseronto Hockey Club by the merchants of the town. About 400 people took advantage of “A Night with the Hockey Boys.” The hockey players were each presented with a handsome medal by the merchants, by Manager Warren of the skating rink. The opera house was decorated with the hockey colors, white and blue. His Honor Judge Deroche, of Belleville, occupied the chair during the evening. Mr. Eddie Pigott, of Toronto, assisted by talent from Belleville and local talent, entertained the audience for nearly three hours. His Honor Judge Deroche delivered a most effective address on sport, which was listened to with great interest, as the Judge is an old Deseronto boy and while residing here took a great interest in sport, especially baseball. His Honor congratulated the Deseronto hockey boys on their great success during the past season and the clean sportsmanlike manner in which they played all their games. There is great probability of a fine covered rink being built here this summer, which will enable Deseronto

TO THE EDITOR.

Wellington, March 22nd, 1900.

DEAR EXPRESS,

In order that our friends may know the fact concerning my son Ferdinand's retirement from the ministry I ask your indulgence in giving space for the following official statement of Bishop Neely's from the Chicago paper:

“The Rev. F. S. Rockwell, of the Sheridan Park Church, has proposed to enter upon secular business temporarily in order to meet certain pressing financial obligations, but for the purpose of avoiding any questions as to ministerial relations, he has formally requested a certificate of location. Such a location takes him out of the membership of the Annual Conference, but makes it possible for him to be reinstated when he abandons his secular work.”

I wish to say in addition to the above that I approve what Ferd has done, and hope he will succeed and pay the other fellow. Thanking you

Yours truly,

W. A. ROCKWELL.

BARRETT.

The crows have again made their appearance which reminds us that spring is approaching.

The farmers are making preparations for tanning their spare bushes

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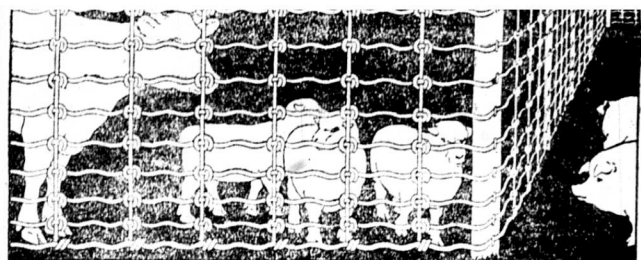
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Peerless Wire Fencing

(Animal Proof)

M. S. MADOLE.

The New Grocery.

Call and see our goods.
A full line of groceries, fresh, no old stock to choose from.
Our 25 ct. is the best in town—ask your neighbors.
Choice evaporated peaches 13 cts lb.
Choice evaporated pears, 13 cts lb.
Strictly fresh eggs, 20 cts.
Oranges for marmalade, 25 cts.
Grape Fruit, 1 for 25 cts.
White fish, 7 cts lb.
Pine Apples, 25 cts.

M. PIZZARIELLO,

Opposite Campbell House.

CRACKING

We have installed the latest and best machinery procurable for

CRACKING GRAIN

and would solicit a share of your patronage.

You will find our rates reasonable.

D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

GOOD SALARIES

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best mercantile, banking and professional offices in the Dominion. Catalog and beautiful Xmas calendar sent free on request.

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1909.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

SCHOOL OF FINANCE.

is now one of the leading schools of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DUBLIN IN LAST THREE YEARS.
\$34.00 pays board, room, tuition, electric light, use of bath, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for twelve weeks—longer period at reduced rate. \$30 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialist give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario and for Commercial Specialists.

Special attention given to Matriculation. Teachers' Courses, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College reopens Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1908.

For Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.

Belleville, Ont.

JUST RECEIVED!

The largest and best display of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts ever shown in Napanee

Collapsible Go-Carts, with Top, \$8.50

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

Cordwood and Slabs for sale. "Star" and "Lehigh" brands portland cement. Silo Mould for rental.

M. S. MADOLE.

took a great interest in sport, especially baseball. His Honor congratulated the Deseronto hockey boys on their great success during the past season and the clean sportsmanlike manner in which they played all their games. There is great probability of a fine covered rink being built here this summer, which will enable Deseronto to have an intermediate O. H. A. hockey team next season.

FAIR VIEW.

R. Hodson's and S. Mansell's children are recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley File were "at home" to a number of their friends last Friday evening.

Thomas Bennett and Steven Bennett spent Sunday at John Bennett's.

Mr. Cadman purchased a thoroughbred Holstein cow for which he paid a handsome price.

Mrs. Bartley and daughter went to Kingston on Saturday.

ODESSA.

In reference to a statement, re small-pox in Odessa, there seems to have been a misunderstanding as to the provincial inspector's report, in saying that we have fifteen cases of small-pox here. On reading that, then asking the board of health here, we find four houses placarded, with twenty-four people (young and old in them), eight cases of, as the inspector put it, a very mild type of small-pox, and to date no new cases reported since the 15th inst. Those on hand (the patients) are able to be around the houses as usual, none confined to their bed. Bath and Yarker bread carts are making their usual trips here.

Sealed Tenders

Town of Napanee.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned Town Clerk, and endorsed "Tenders for Corporation Supplies," will be received up to

Sat., April 17th, 1909

inclusive, for supplying such quantities of the materials specified below as may be required, and for executing the following works required by the Corporation for the current year, namely

Sidewalks, plank 1 1/2 and 2 inches by 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 16 feet lengths; sound pine Stringers, 3 inch by 5 inch, and 12 feet and upwards, sound Cedar.

Nails, wire nails, 4, 5, and 7 inch lengths, quantities as required.

Flat Stones, for stringers: price per yard. Crossings, sound pine or tamarac, 3 inches thick, not less than 6 inches wide; 12 to 18 feet lengths.

Permanent Pavement, Portland Cement, good standard brands; Sand, sharp and clean. Vitrified brick for facing of edges of cement crossings.

Streets, broken stone per tons at the quarry; rubble, price per yard delivered to any part of the town; Gravel, good coarse gravel, free from dirt; Street watering, man and team at a rate per day for large sprinkler and small sprinkler.

Cement walks, price per square foot. Sewers, Glazed Pipes, Tees, Wyes, Elbows, etc., 6 in. and upwards.

Fire Alarm, Sulphate of Copper, about lbs.

Heating and Lighting, Coal about tons of furnace coal.

Harvey Warner Park, caretaking of. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. A. GRANGE,

Town Clerk.

George Banwell, former Crown Bank teller, has been released from the Kingston penitentiary on parole. He was let out on St. Patrick's Day, and had served but two months of his four-year term, less the six months' deduction for good behaviour. He is not entirely free, as for the next twelve months he will be watched and have to report. He left prison in good health and returned to Toronto.

pay the other fellow. Thanking you Yours truly,
W. A. ROCKWELL.

BARRETT.

The crows have again made their appearance which reminds us that spring is approaching.

The farmers are making preparations for tapping their sugar bushes.

We are glad to say Mr. Thomas Hughes, who has been suffering from rheumatism is some better.

Mrs. Edward Thompson is very low with Anemia.

Mr. Lewis Fox's little daughter, Beulah, who has been under the Dr.'s care with bronchitis is recovering.

Mr. Jones Sweet lost a valuable cow some time ago.

Mr. Frank Hughes made a trip to Kaladar last week.

Mrs. Walworth and daughter, Edna at Mr. Thomas Hughes'.

Mr. Ralph Thompson, Roblin, at Mr. H. Armstrong's.

Mrs. Elias Thompson at Mr. L. Fox's.

Mrs. S. Raymond at Mr. Cumming's, Big Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood, Enterprise, at Mr. Ed. Thompson's.

Mr. White made a trip to Olden last week.

Mr. and Mrs. McConnell and family at Mr. Lewis Fox's.

Get ready for house cleaning. Adjustable curtain rods in brass, 5, 10 and 15 cts each at
BOYLE & SON'S,

TAMWORTH.

Mr. Duncan Axford and T. Wilson, of Marlbank, spent Sunday evening in town.

Mrs. George Reid has returned home after a short visit with friends in Belleville.

Mr. Gordon Postlewaite who has been spending a few days in town, returned to Ottawa on Saturday.

Mrs. (Rev.) Jones spent Saturday in Kingston.

Mrs. W. R. Thomas entertained a few friends at dinner on Thursday evening.

Mr. Alex Rose, of Napanee, was in town one day this week.

Mr. John Wilson, of Marlbank, spent Monday afternoon in our midst.

Miss Hazzard, who has been spending the winter in Toronto, returned home this week.

Mr. Will Dawson spent a few days last week with friends in Ottawa.

Mrs. Hannah and Miss Milly have moved to town to live with Mr. Chas. Hannah.

Mr. Stan McKeown, of Croydon, visited at Mr. George McKnight's on Sunday.

Mr. Tom Polmear, of Michigan, is visiting friends around here.

Miss M. Baker spent Saturday at her home near Moscow.

Mr. Bert Harkness of Renfrew is spending a few days in town with his uncles, Mr. G. Harkness and Mr. T. M. Barry.

Mr. and Mrs. Hornbeck entertained the Presbyterian choir on Friday evening.

Mr. Dan Smith of Kingston spent Monday evening in town.

The contest in connection with the Epworth League ended on Friday evening, Miss Donovan's side winning. Miss Woods, the defeated side, will entertain the winners on Friday evening of this week. All who took part are cordially invited to come and enjoy the treat.

Mr. Jack Bell of Moscow was the guest of Mrs. Jim Wheeler on Sunday.

EASTER PERFUME Each bottle containing the natural flower from which the odor is extracted. The latest novelty and choicest odors in perfume at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

The Acme washing machine, superior to all others, made from Cyprus wood. Each machine guaranteed. No obligation to buy if not workable.

BOYLE & SON.

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Bears the Signatur of

EE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, MARCH 26th, 1909

MEN'S FINE

Tailored Garments.

Our idea of satisfactory tailoring is not the "bargain idea." The man who knows anything about good tailoring, knows that he must give a fair price for good tailoring. A good fitting, well made suit of clothes will be remembered long after the price is forgotten. While our prices are as low as the grade of work we turn out, we'll allow, we do not place particular stress on prices. Good tailors must be paid fair prices, and it's the quality of our work we want to impress you with.

Our spring suitings are all in and they are a beautiful selection.

Come and see them before
ordering your new suit.

J. L. BOYES,

Athletic Event

Hawkey Won on Foul.

Sheridan and Barnes, featherweights, wrestle 1 hour and 15 minutes without a fall.

The athletic event in the opera house on Monday evening drew a large crowd. Nearly every seat was taken and there was between fifty and sixty spectators on the stage seated around the wrestling mat.

G. F. Rutman, president of the Amateur Athletic Association, opened the proceedings with a few well chosen remarks and announced the programme for the evening. The first event on the programme, which was introduced as a preliminary to the double-header wrestling match, was an exhibition sparring match of three rounds duration between C. Powell and G. Sweetman, members of the 14th Battalion, Kingston. Mr. A. E. Battle acted as referee. The result was a very clever exhibition of the manly art of self-defence.

Sheridan and Barnes, the feather-weight wrestlers were next introduced. W. J. Sheridan comes from Oshawa, and is the recognized featherweight champion of Scotland, having held these honors during the years 1905-6-7-8. He is a well built athletic fellow and weighs 125 pounds. His opponent was M. J. Barnes, of New York, whose athletic form was equal in every way to that of Sheridan, and was a trifle heavier, weighing 128 pounds. They wrestled for one hour and fifteen

NEWS NOTES.

One hunter has killed twenty-two wolves up around Dog Lake, near Port Arthur. Ex-President Roosevelt sailed from New York Tuesday on his way to Africa.

Britain has accepted New Zealand's offer of a first class battleship of the latest type. Fire destroyed the Windsor Hotel at Cornwall and three men perished in the flames.

Maurice Ryan was found guilty at North Bay of the murder of his brother Francis Joseph.

Mrs. Mary Ann Sullivan, who was born on the field of Waterloo during the battle, is dead at Detroit.

It is rumored that Rev. Father Hogan, parish priest of Perth, will be the next Bishop of London, Ont.

Eight persons were burned to death near Fort Worth, Tex., in a fire following a terrific electrical storm.

Two trainmen were killed by the explosion of a locomotive boiler on the Lehigh Valley Railroad near Buffalo.

A Peterboro woman has been fined \$5 and costs for leaving a placarded house where scarlet fever prevailed.

The Opposition at Ottawa will support Mr. Foster's resolution calling on Canada to assume part of the burden of Imperial defence.

The Kingston Whig is agitating a St. Lawrence river base ball league to be composed of Gananoque, Kingston, Napanee, Belleville and Deseronto.

The Alberta elections resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Rutherford government, twenty-seven liberals being elected as against two conservatives.

The proprietor of the Iroquois hotel, Kingston, which was quarantined last fall, on account of the small-pox scare, is billing the city for about \$400 damages for loss of trade during the time the hotel was closed.

At Halifax, N. S., three physicians have commenced a house to house vaccination campaign in pursuance of an order for a general vaccination passed by the board of health.

President Lewis of the United Mine workers of America says the anthracite miners have a fund of \$5,000,000 to draw on in case of a strike, while \$2,000,000 more can be easily raised.

DON'T BE A QUITTER.

The wise oarsman going up stream increases his efforts in proportion to the strength of the current against him. The sensible business man should do the same. To stop advertising because there is a suggestion of business depression is like ceasing to court a pretty girl when a rival appears in sight. Really that is the time you should put in your best licks. If you let a bit of financial flurry like that bind your advertising wings you are not only proclaiming yourself a quitter but are leaving the field open for the other fellow. And when there is a tightening up of times, it simply means that the business will be distributed where the most intelligent and enthusiastic effort is made to secure it.

David Brooks, the three-year-old son of Samuel Brooks, a Belleville clothing merchant, was missed Sunday afternoon and Monday morning his body was found in an unused well in the rear of the Albion hotel.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafoe and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement,
Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile**

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**
When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafoe's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

A BEAUTIFUL GASOLINE LAUNCH
22 feet long by 4 feet 3 inches h.p. engine. Very suitable for the back lakes, and can be had at a bargain. Must be sold soon. A. F. CHINNECK, Napanee.

HOUSE TO LET—On corner of Robert and Graham Streets. Nine rooms, furnace, bath, waterworks. Apply to DR. EDWARDS, Centre Street.

LONDON LANCASHIRE LIFE will appoint General Agent for Napanee and vicinity. Renewals attached. Experience unnecessary. Reply Manager, 199 Yonge Street, Toronto.

WANTED—A General Blacksmith in a good locality, the Township of Adolphustown. House and shop free of rent for one year. Apply to EDWARD GALLAGHER, Dorland, P. O.

HORSES WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT horses on Piano or Organ deals. If you wish to do business, call or write J. C. CONNOLLY, Yarker.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Strawberry Plants!

We have a good stock of Plants for sale at the following prices:—

THE ISLAND KING, \$5.00 per Thousand
SENATOR DUNLAP, \$3.00 per Thousand
CRESCENT, \$3.00 per Thousand

J. W. & R. B. THOMPSON,
NAPANEE.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS

DOXSEE & CO.

ANNUAL SPRING

MILLINERY OPENING

SATURDAY, MARCH 27th

and following days.

Where you will have the pleasure of selecting the newest creations in Millinery. The styles and designs of our hats are unequalled.

The 1909 Rust-proof Directoire Model Corsets are here. Call and see them.

**NEW COLLARS, NEW BELTS,
NEW BLOUSES,
NEW LINSE THREAD KID GLOVES,**
in Black, White, Tan, Grey.

No personal invitations given, but every one will be welcome.

The Leading Millinery House.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,981,000
RESERVE \$179,000
TOTAL DEPOSITS BY THE PUBLIC
OVER \$36,973,000.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

and the recognized featherweight champion of Scotland, having held these honors during the years 1905-6-7-8. He is a well built athletic fellow and weighs 125 pounds. His opponent was M. J. Barnes, of New York, whose athletic form was equal in every way to that of Sheridan, and was a trifle heavier, weighing 128 pounds. They wrestled for one hour and fifteen minutes without either one securing a fall and the referee stopped the contest and declared it a draw. The contestants were pretty evenly matched although Barnes forced the pace from the start to the finish. The ability of

and the most intelligent and enthusiastic effort is made to secure it.

David Brooks, the three-year-old son of Samuel Brooks, a Belleville clothing merchant, was missed Sunday afternoon and Monday morning his body was found in an unused well in the rear of the Albion hotel.

Lord Strathcona has offered \$10,000 yearly to encourage physical and military training and rifle-shooting among the public school pupils of the Dominion. The House of Commons accepted the offer with a vote of thanks.

Professing to have been humiliated by being forced to ride in the same compartment on a street car with white women. Carrie Conly, Frankfort, Ky., a negress, has sued the Central Kentucky Traction Co., for \$3,000.

Henry E. Darrell, a young Toronto stockbroker and yachtsman, who disappeared mysteriously Friday, January 15th, and was supposed to have found a grave in the icy waters of the bay, has been located by his family in Chicago.

In a fit of despondency, William Blakey, of Sharbot Lake, committed suicide Friday night by drinking carbolic acid. He was twenty-two years of age, and had been employed as a brakeman on the C. P. R. running out of Havelock.

Longboat is fast rounding into shape for the big Marathon Derby to be run at New York in two weeks and advices from Toronto are to the effect that he is in better condition than when he met Dorando in New York. He ran seven miles in very fast time, the other day, and "Tim" O'Rourke says that he is training more diligently than he ever did before. Longboat in shape will about carry off the big money despite the fact that the best distance men in the world will be against him.

A man named James Burroughs, living near Wallaceburg, claims to have discovered perpetual motion. He has had the power running in his shop for twelve months now, and he says that it has never stopped since he first started it. Burroughs says that the power of the contrivance which he has built cannot be fathomed, and thinks that it will become one of the wonders of the world before long. Burroughs has the shop in which his contrivance is located always under lock and key, and he allows no one in, lest his secret be discovered by interested parties. Patents for this invention have been applied for at Ottawa and Washington.

VENNACHAR.

Thomas Stewart has moved from A. H. Gregg's to the Ross house in the village.

Mrs. M. A. Thomson, Matawatchan, is staying at her son's, John Thomson.

A wee girl has come to brighten the home of John Thomson.

John Bebee has moved to his farm again.

The majority of men are home from the lumber camp and all report an unusual good winter for lumbering.

William and James Wise, Cloyne, were here to-day trying to buy milch cows. Owing to the very high prices asked by the farmers they did not secure any.

Mrs. John Gilmour, seriously ill for some time past is able to be around again.

Visitors: F. J. C. Bebee and John Lane. Denbigh, at Samuel Bebee's; G. W. Pennoch, Denbigh, at John Ball's; Mrs. C. McNeil, Wensley, at Stanley Gregg's; Mrs. A. Wilson at T. P. Ball's; A. McLellan at J. S. Lane's, Denbigh.

A few prices at WALLACE'S Drug Store, Napanee: 2 bottles Carter's pills 25cts, 2 bottles Dr. Thomas' Electric oil 25 cents, Chase's K and L pills 15cts, Dodd's Kidney pills, 35c, genuine Dr. Williams' Pink pills, 30c, Nyal's Kidney pills, 25c, 6lbs pure linsed meal (containing all the oil) 25c, 6 lbs. best cow salts, 25c, 6 lbs. pure sulphur 25c, 10 lbs. ordinary sulphur 25c, 3 tins Gillett's Lye 25c, 6 cakes crabapple soap 25c, Wells and Richardson's butter color 12c, Fruitatives 30c. Everything fresh and good at the Red Cross Drug Store.

THE ISLAND KING, \$5.00 per Thousand and SENATOR DUNLAP, \$3.00 per Thousand CRESCENT, \$3.00 per Thousand

J. W. & R. B. THOMPSON, NAPANEE.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Perry Truxa Hamu, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 123, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38 and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Perry Truxa Hamu, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 8th day of March, A. D. 1919, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitors for the Executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the 20th day of April, A. D. 1919, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security of any held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 20th day of April A. D. 1919 the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE, Solicitors for the said Executors.

Dated the 18th day of March, 1919.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS

EXCURSIONS

TO

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Train leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on

APRIL 6, 20	MAY 4, 18	JUNE 1, 15, 29
JULY 13, 27	AUG. 10, 24	SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

Winnipeg and return \$32.00, Edmonton and return \$42.50 and to other points in proportion. Tickets good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through local agent.

Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET

containing rates and full information.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

E. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Napanee

OF CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received, and interest at best current rate paid. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business Transacted.

Napanee W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr. Branch,

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

Business Education

Taught at the famous

School of Commerce,

Picton, Ont.

\$40 Pays for Board, Tuition and everything but books, for 10 WEEKS.

Not a Graduate has yet failed through inability.

JNO. R. SAYERS, Pres.

DEVELOPMENTS OF TIME

The business methods of to-day are entirely different from those of years ago

Kingston Business College Limited.

Teaches the latest business methods. Its graduates in Book-keeping, Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service, etc., secure the best positions available in the Dominion.

Students prepared for matriculation. Special courses for backward students. Individual instruction. Catalogue and terms free.

Winter term opens Jan. 4th 1920.

HF. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM, President, Secretary.

Northern Crown Bank!

Capital (authorized) \$6,000,000.

Capital (paid up) \$2,200,000.

The methods pursued by this bank are not matters of experiment. Every feature of modern banking has been adopted which is conducive to efficiency and service to the public.

Branches Throughout Canada:

Napanee Branch, R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager,	Odessa Branch, A. P. S. DONALDSON, Manager.
Enterprise Branch, W. F. MORGAN DEAN, Act'g. Mgr.	Bath Branch, W. GORDON, Act'g. Mgr.

Don't spend a cent on PAINT!

until you see
WALLACE'S
—at the—
RED CROSS DRUG STORE

WE SELL

Alabastine.
Mureseo.
Kalsomine.
Jameson's "Floor Enamel."
Ramsay's Mixed Paint.
"Prism Brand" Paint.
Linoleum Varnish.
"Do your own Graining."
Chair Paint.
Varnish Stains (all colors).

P. S.—Paint Brushes at T. Eaton & Co. prices.

the two wrestlers in breaking the holds secured first by one and then the other caused the admiration of the crowd to show itself in bursts of hearty applause.

The next was three rounds of boxing by Powell and Sweetman. As this contest was only an exhibition, and there being little to choose between the two Referee Battle declared the bout a draw.

The heavyweight wrestlers were next introduced. Gene Hurtubies, of Peterboro, made his appearance first and was introduced to the audience. He is an athletic built fellow, standing six feet, three inches, and weighs about one hundred and eighty-six pounds. J. T. Hawkey, his opponent, was also introduced. He also is a well developed, muscular athletic, but was somewhat smaller, both in height and weight. His height is about five feet, ten inches, and his weight about one hundred and sixty-five pounds. When time was called they went to work as though they meant business. Hurtubies secured a back hold on Hawkey, and lifting him off his feet rushed him over against the ropes at the front of the stage. They worked around onto the mat again where both went down and in the mix-up Hawkey managed to get the hammer-lock hold on Hurtubies, but after some little time Hurtubies broke the hold and got to his feet. Quicker than it takes to tell it Hurtubies had Hawkey around the waist and rushed him off the mat into some chairs at the back of the stage. The referee separated them and Hawkey complained that the reason Hurtubies had broken his hammer-lock hold was that he had bitten him on the thumb, and held that member up for inspection. Hurtubies claimed that the wound was accidental having been done by Hawkey putting his thumb in his mouth. Hawkey's claim was allowed, and the referee's decision was the first fall to Hawkey. Hurtubies refused to continue the contest and Hawkey was given the decision.

J. T. Hawkey informed us on Tuesday morning that he was willing to wrestle Hurtubies in Peterboro or any other place for a side bet of anything from \$100 to \$500.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hutchins* The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE REMINDERS OF RHEUMATISM

**Cold, Wet Weather Starts the Pain
But the Trouble is in the
Blood.**

Cold, damp weather brings on the twinges and pains of rheumatism, but is not the real cause of the complaint. The trouble is rooted in the blood and can only be cured by enriching the blood and driving the poisonous acid out of the system. This is a great medical truth, which every rheumatic sufferer should realize. Liniments and outward applications can't cure the trouble—they can't reach the blood. The sufferer is only wasting valuable time and good money in experimenting with this sort of treatment—and all the time the trouble is becoming more firmly rooted, harder to cure. There is just one sure way to cure rheumatism—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They act directly on the impure, weak blood. They purify and strengthen it, and so root out the cause of rheumatism.

Mrs. S. Bailey, Newcastle Creek, N.B., says:—"In the summer of 1906 I became lame in my ankles, but thinking I would soon get over the attack I did not seek medical aid, but used liniments to allay the pain and swelling. Instead of getting better the trouble increased and I then consulted a doctor who pronounced it articular rheumatism, and treated me for this trouble. Instead of getting better the pain and the swelling became worse until I was hardly able to hobble about the house. On rising in the morning I was unable to bear my weight, except with extreme pain. Having tried so much medicine without benefit I began to think I was doomed to be a cripple. One day a cousin advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She said, 'I take them every spring as a tonic for my blood, and they make a new person of me.' After some persuasion I decided to try them. I had taken three or four boxes before I noticed any change, and then it seemed my ankles were less painful. By the time I had used a few more boxes there was a wonderful improvement in my condition. Not only did my ankles get well, but I felt like a different woman and had not been as well in years. In speaking of this to a doctor afterward he said that no doubt Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had enriched the blood thus driving out the painful disease."

Not only rheumatic sufferers, but all who have any trouble due to weak, watery blood or impure blood can find a cure through the fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE UNKINDEST CUT.

**The German Emperor Must Now
Pay an Income Tax.**

By a vote of fourteen to thirteen, the Finance Bill Commission of the Reichstag has decided to abrogate the privilege of exemption from taxation hitherto enjoyed by the Kaiser and members of other German reigning houses.

These august personages, provided the Reichstag confirms the

Time Heals Most Wounds

A Tale of Love and Disappointment

CHAPTER XIX.—(Cont'd)

Rebekah sighed wearily, for she felt that she had done all in her power to soften her heart. A sob choked her, for the long continued strain was wearing away her self-control. She rose wearily, and looked at Ethel's face, which bore no sign of weakening. Had this girl a heart? she wondered; and for a moment she longed to fight her own fight. Might not Cyril turn to her if his appeals for forgiveness were met so contemptuously. She determined to try to rouse her from her apathy.

"What if I say that I will marry him, and try by a life's devotion to turn his love to me! I believe I should succeed. You would not be able to blame me. You would only have your obstinacy and wicked pride to thank."

"You will do as you please," Ethel replied coldly.

"You are cruel," Rebekah said, but she stopped when she saw the door open. Harecastle came in, and he looked eagerly at Ethel, and his face fell when he saw by her attitude that Rebekah had been unable to move her. These moments alone had been full of torment. He appreciated Rebekah's noble generosity, for she had not considered herself, but had only been anxious to set things right between Ethel and himself. Where was fate leading them? He knew that any suggestion to Joel that the engagement should be broken would meet with fierce opposition. But the fight must be fought, for he read in Rebekah's eyes a firm determination that the marriage should not take place. He felt keenly his position. "For the moment he had sunk his desire to marry Ethel Fetherston. That must wait the decision of a kind Providence. He must protect Rebekah from her father's anger by every means in his power. His admiration for her knew no bounds, and just for the moment he wished that he could have loved her, for Ethel's disbelief had wounded him grievously. He decided that he must leave himself in Rebekah's hands and be guided by her. He would not make any appeal to Ethel. She must decide for herself."

Ethel rose when he entered and held forth her hand to Rebekah. "I must go now," she said impulsively. "Let me thank you for your kindness. I should dearly like to be your friend. You are a good woman, dear."

The girls embraced one another. Rebekah drew aside and looked wistfully from one to the other, but there was no sign of relenting in Ethel.

"Will you see Miss Fetherston to the car?" she asked Cyril. "Come here afterwards, I want to speak to you."

He bowed his assent, and his hand was on the door, when it opened and Lord Wolverholme entered.

"Good afternoon, Rebekah," he said cheerfully, as he approached her. He laid his hand affectionately

Harecastle must know what they had to face.

"He said that he would give to the world as a reason—he—the—" "Yes," he asked softly.

"He would tell them about your father," she wound up hurriedly and buried her face in her hands.

"He would not dare," Cyril said quickly.

"You do not know him. He seems mad about our marriage. He will not consider me. He only says that the marriage must take place."

"What shall we do?" he asked miserably.

"We will both speak to him tonight. Mind, it will be I that refuse to marry you," she said with emphasis.

"But I cannot permit you to bear the blame."

"You must, and if he asks you if you will marry me, you must answer 'Yes.'"

"But that will only make him the more angry with you."

"It is necessary, and in a way it is the truth. For you know you would marry me, rather than your father should be disgraced."

Harecastle remained silent. He felt keenly the ignominy of his position, that this girl, whom he had treated so badly, should sacrifice herself for his sake, and do so willingly.

"You are a generous little soul," he cried with much feeling. "How can I ever thank you for what you are doing?"

"You like me better than you did," she said with a wistful look.

"Rebekah," he said earnestly, "let us always be friends. Whatever happens let nothing come between us."

"I shall value your friendship dearly, and Ethel's too," she answered warmly. "But I must go now, I dread the dinner tonight."

"And I, too. Will there be many people?"

"Yes, a number have arrived tonight. After dinner I shall get father alone, and then we will go to him. Good-bye for the present."

His father came into Harecastle's room while he was dressing. The Earl had finished his toilet, and he took a seat in an armchair.

"Your bachelor days are numbered, Cyril," he remarked easily, but he was keenly watching his son.

"Yes." "The more I see of Rebekah, the better I like her. She will do us credit, my boy," the Earl said enthusiastically.

"She is a good little woman," Harecastle replied, and there was feeling in his voice.

"You ought to be very happy, for you will have everything that a reasonable man can desire. A handsome wife, and plenty of money. You are a lucky fellow," the Earl said suavely.

Harecastle hurriedly finished his dressing for he was anxious to put an end to his father's talk. They walked downstairs together and found the guests gathered together in the drawing-room.

STOMACH INDIGESTION.

Peruna Strikes at the Root of the Trouble.



MR. S. J. MASSEY.

Mr. S. J. Massey, formerly a resident of Toronto, and a well-known business man, writes from 247 Guy street, Montreal, Quebec.

"I wish to testify to the good results I have derived from the use of Peruna."

"Having been troubled for several years with catarrh of the head, I decided to give Peruna a fair trial and I can truly say I have received great benefit from its use. It evidently strikes at the very root of the trouble and good results are soon noticeable."

"I have also found Peruna a very valuable remedy for stomach trouble and indigestion."

"I have no hesitancy whatever in recommending Peruna as a reliable catarrh remedy."

There are several kinds of indigestion.

The trouble may be due to sluggishness of the liver, derangements of the bowels, enlargement of the pancreas, or it may be due to the stomach itself.

In nearly all cases of stomach indigestion catarrh of the stomach is the cause. The only permanent relief is to remove the catarrh.

Peruna has become well-known the world over as a remedy in such cases.

was in the best of spirits as the dinner proceeded, but to the pair, in whose honor it was being given, it seemed to be interminable.

The Earl was in his element. Always a brilliant talker, to-night he excelled himself. With the coming marriage he seemed to have renewed his youth; and his pleasure equalled Joel's.

When the desert was on the table, a fear clutched Harecastle that Joel was about to make a speech. The same thought struck Rebekah, and instinctively their hands clasped under the table. She looked appealingly at her father, and if it had been his intention he refrained. But not until Mrs. Goldberg made a move did they feel absolutely safe.

The men did not stay long with their cigars; and when in the drawing-room, Harecastle at once sought out Rebekah. Now that he was not sailing under false colors he did not find her society irksome. Nay, he took a pleasure in it that was strange.

They talked quietly to themselves

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Pay an Income Tax.

By a vote of fourteen to thirteen, the Finance Bill Commission of the Reichstag has decided to abrogate the privilege of exemption from taxation hitherto enjoyed by the Kaiser and members of other German reigning houses.

These august personages, provided the Reichstag confirms the commission's action, will henceforth be obliged to pay exactly the same direct taxes as are collected from private citizens, including the income tax, inheritance duties, real estate imposts and taxes on income-producing property.

Herr Sydow, Imperial Secretary to the Treasury, pleaded in vain that exemption from taxes was an historical privilege of crowned heads, and also that the constitution made it optional for royal persons to avail themselves of exemption. The argument that the civil lists, which would be taxable under the new conditions, are freely used for public purposes also carried no conviction with the majority, which consisted of Radicals, Socialists, National-Liberals, Poles and Catholics.

DOES NOT NEED A DOCTOR

Mrs. F. Porier, Valleyfield, Que., says:—"I always use Baby's Own Tablets for my little one, and therefore never need a doctor. When my baby is feverish or restless I give her a Tablet and in a couple of hours she is all right. They have been of the greatest benefit to her when teething, and are just the thing in all emergencies. These Tablets promptly cure colic, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, destroy worms, break up colds, and make teething easy. Good for children of all ages. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

"Your dear husband was a good man," declared the sympathetic Mrs. Casey to the bereaved widow. "He was," exclaimed Mrs. Murphy, dashing the tears from her eyes. "No, two policemen could handle him."

A Bill That is Passed—There have been many pills put upon the market and pressed upon public attention, but none has endured so long or met with so much favor as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Widespread use of them has attested their great value, and they need no further advertisement than this. Having firmly established themselves in public esteem, they now rank without a peer in the list of standard vegetable preparations.

People who are too old to learn have outlived their usefulness.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

The Jew is not more particular about the preparation of his food than the high-caste Indian. In September last, his Highness Shere Jung, Prime Minister of Nepal, came to England, and two cows had to be procured from a farm, and milked by a member of the prince's own suite, before their master could enjoy a meal.

"Will you see Miss Fetherston to the car?" she asked Cyril. "Come here afterwards, I want to speak to you."

He bowed his assent, and his hand was on the door, when it opened and Lord Wolverholme entered.

"Good afternoon, Rebekah," he said cheerfully, as he approached her. He laid his hand affectionately on her shoulder, and touched her cheek with his lips.

"Miss Fetherston!" he cried in amazement.

"How do you do, Lord Wolverholme," she answered coldly. "I am just going, I am glad to see you so much better. I am sorry it must be good-bye."

The Earl watched his son take her from the room. Then he turned to Rebekah with a perplexed look. It was the first time that she had seen him, since she had become acquainted with the terrible secret of his heart, and an instinctive shudder shook her at the sight of this old man, who was the cause of so much unhappiness. However, she quickly suppressed her feeling of disgust, and answered his look with a smile.

"Miss Fetherston is a charming girl," she began nervously.

"Yes," he answered, but it was easy to see that his thoughts were absent.

He was wondering at the meaning of her presence. His quick eyes noticed the evident traces of uneasiness on Rebekah's face, and a dull foreboding of ill seized him. Surely nothing could now intervene to prevent this marriage.

"Have you seen Lady Standish? She and her husband have just arrived. We are going to have a gay time," he said, with forced cheerfulness.

"I am afraid I am neglecting my duties," she said hurriedly. "Ah! Here he is; Cyril, did you see her safely off?"

Harecastle nodded his head and looked hesitatingly at his father.

"Come along, Cyril," she said merrily. "Sorry to leave you, Lord Wolverholme, but I want to discuss something with him. No, it won't wait," she added quickly as she saw the Earl's sign of protest.

"Come to my room. We have an hour before I need dress." She led him to her boudoir, adjoining the library, and she shivered when she remembered that it was there that she had overheard that fateful interview between Ackroyd and her father.

"Now, Cyril," she said briskly. "We must decide on our course of conduct."

CHAPTER XX.

"Cyril, dear. We are going to be the best of friends," she began impulsively. "Don't worry about Ethel. It is only her pride that is hurt, and time will work wonders."

"I don't deserve this kindness, Rebekah," he replied humbly; "I have treated you very badly."

"Say that fate has dealt unkindly with us both. That would be more truthful. I am determined that the marriage must be broken off. I haven't told you that I asked my father to consent this morning."

"And he said?" he demanded eagerly.

"He refused, absolutely. He was very unkind and threatened me."

Harecastle rose angrily.

"He said that if I refused to marry you, he would—"

She hesitated to tell of her father's shame, but she realized that

a reasonable man can desire. A handsome wife, and plenty of money. You are a lucky fellow," the Earl said suavely.

Harecastle hurriedly finished his dressing for he was anxious to put an end to his father's talk. They walked downstairs together and found the guests gathered together in the drawing-room.

Lady Standish, who was a connexion of Lord Wolverholme, was talking to Rebekah, who appeared to have completely recovered from the emotion of the day. No jewels adorned her, save the large pearl of her engagement ring. Her face was filled with animation, and her eyes sparkled so brilliantly, that Harecastle wondered.

Joel was the picture of contentment, and he looked round at his guests with the utmost satisfaction. His eyes rested on his daughter with a pride that that he did not try to conceal. He had dismissed their conversation from his mind, for he was convinced that she would give him no further trouble. She dared not, for was there not around her evidence of the approaching marriage, in the guests with whom she was so gaily talking?

It was a brilliant scene as they entered the dining-room, with its walls of old masters, and its glittering table. Mrs. Goldberg acted as hostess, as was her wont, for Rebekah had always refused to oust her from the position. Accordingly Harecastle had the privilege of sitting beside his fiancée. Every one

"I purchased a bottle of Scott's Emulsion and immediately commenced to improve. In all, I think I took 14 bottles, and my weight increased from 133 pounds to 184 pounds in less than six months. I know from personal results the efficacy of Scott's Emulsion."—FRED. R. STRONGMAN, 417 Bathurst St., London, Ont.

Let us send you a copy of Mr. Strongman's letter. He had a trying experience, had got run down

Scott's Emulsion

built him up, as it has thousands of others.

The strengthening and flesh-producing properties of Scott's Emulsion, are unequalled by any other preparation, and it's just as good for the thin, delicate child as for the adult. Be sure to get Scott's. It's been the standard of the world for 35 years, and is worth many times the cost of the numerous imitations and substitutes.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Let us send you a full copy of Mr. Strongman's letter and some other literature on the subject. Just mention this paper.

SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington St. W. Toronto

berg made a move and they feel absolutely safe.

The men did not stay long with their cigars; and when in the drawing-room, Harecastle at once sought out Rebekah. Now that he was not sailing under false colors he did not find her society irksome. Nay, he took a pleasure in it that was strange.

They talked quietly to themselves and by mutual consent they refrained from referring to the subject that was occupying their minds. To their relief their guests began to make a move for bed, and soon none but men remained. Rebekah approached the Earl.

"You know the smoking-room. Will you take these gentlemen there?" she said to him. "Father," she continued, "Cyril and I want to talk to you. Shall we go to the library?"

Joel looked disturbed at the request, but he appreciated that his daughter was firm in her intention, so with his usual motto of "No time like the present" he led the way to his room. He was in the best of tempers, and told Harecastle to make himself comfortable. He carefully selected a cigar and asked Harecastle to do the same.

"No thank you," Harecastle replied quietly.

"What do you children want?" he asked pleasantly.

"I have spoken to Cyril, and we have agreed to break our engagement," she said boldly.

"The devil you have? You can at once make up your mind to mend it again," he said genially, for he had no intention of losing his temper.

"This is not a matter for levity. Nothing that you can say will change us, so you must consent," she continued firmly.

"What have you to say to this?" he demanded of Harecastle.

"I leave myself in your daughter's hands," he replied quietly.

"A very convenient way of getting out of it, and rather a cowardly one, too. Don't you both realize that what you suggest is utterly impossible? The place is full of guests; shall I call them in and tell them that the marriage is not going to take place?" he asked sarcastically.

"That would be the straightforward course," Harecastle replied earnestly.

"And what reasons shall I give them?" demanded Joel.

(To be continued.)

A TALK ON OATS.

An oat grain is made up of two main parts; the outside, or hull, and the inside or kernel. Another name commonly applied to the kernel is the meat. It is in the kernel that we are mainly interested because this is the nourishing part of the grain. The chief use of the hull is to protect the tiny oat plant within and to preserve the stored up food material for its future use.

As food for stock and as an article of human diet, oats take a high rank. Since the value of the grain depends so much upon there being a low percentage of the part which is of little use for food, consumers of oats in any form whatever should be interested in the relationship existing between the hull and the meat.

The oat grain is always grown for its meat; the hull is generally regarded as a necessary evil by the stockman and the miller. The range of hull in oats is from twenty to forty-eight per cent., thirty per cent. being the average. Oats having the largest percentage of

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hull to meat depends largely upon the variety. For example, the Joannette oat generally averages twenty-three pounds of hull from every hundred pounds of grain; while the Banner gives thirty pounds of hull, and the Fifty Pound Black forty pounds. This simply means that by purchasing one hundred pounds of Joannette oats, the buyer gets seventeen pounds more of the most valuable part of the oat grain than he would get were he to purchase the same weight of Fifty Pound Black—a gain surely worth consideration.

This difference in the proportion of the two main parts of the oat grain accounts for the fact observed by feeders, that horses will often do as well on three pecks of one variety as on four pecks of another. As a rule, grains high in hull have a more tough and indigestible covering than those low in hull, with the result that the nutriment they do possess is not so fully extracted by the animals.

The relative proportion of hull and meat in any oat can be determined roughly by removing the hull from fifteen or twenty representative grains, and then comparing the amount of hull with the meat. Varieties, also, may be compared in this way.

Aside from the question of variety, the two principal factors which influence the proportion of the parts under consideration, are the time at which the oats are sown, and the time they are harvested. Late sown oats are usually high in hull, and the same holds true of oats cut before maturity. Last year a plot of oats cut in the milk stage ran forty-eight per cent. of hull; while an adjoining plot of the same variety which had been handled in exactly the same way, excepting that it had been allowed to ripen perfectly before cutting, ran only twenty-eight per cent. Any unfavorable condition of soil or season, which tends to stunt the plant or retard the proper filling of the grain, will also cause a higher per cent. of hull.

From the foregoing it may appear that the ideal oat would be a hull-less one. But we have noted that the hull serves to protect the future plant and its supply of food material. It is claimed also that there is a relationship between percentage of hull and length of straw—a low percentage of hull generally going with a fine weak straw. This contention seems to be borne out in the case of the Joannette, but the heavy hulled Fifty Pound Black is found to have straw which is soft and brittle. We may conclude that the most desirable oat, other things being equal, is the one with the lowest per cent. of hull.—Prof L. S. Klink, Macdonald College.

**Need no Longer
Fear the Knife**
**Gravel Easily and Naturally
Cured by Dodd's
Kidney Pills.**

Joseph Poirine who Suffered the Tortures of this Terrible Complaint for Nine Months tells how the old Reliable Kidney Remedy Cured Him.
Port Felix East, Guysboro Co.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Practice is the one preservative of religion.

Austerity to a thief is no evidence of honesty.

Sitting still is always the most trying situation in life.

When love lies, it is better than when hatred tells all the truth.

Love has a language the deaf can hear and the dumb can speak.

The best evidence of a healthy soul is its hunger for work to do.

Every man must buy the riches of experience with his own coin.

No man can own any more than he can carry in his own heart.

No man can take iniquity into his creed and keep it out of his character.

No prayer meeting is long enough that does not reach to the market place.

The things you really stand for are revealed to those you run after.

There never is room at the top for the man who thinks it was built only for one.

The man who hasn't the vigor to be vicious usually prides himself on his virtues.

The welfare of the world may depend partly on whether you can whistle in the rain.

Most users of sarcasm think more of its sound than of the service it might render.

Some of the virtues of our friends grow out of the graves where we have buried their faults.

Too many when they attempt to leave their sins make the mistake of holding farewell meetings.

Our example when we are on parade has no influence at all compared to the effect of our everyday living.

You may have a right to your own sorrows, but you have no right to throw their shadows in another's way.

When a man makes a distinction between his creed and his conduct he will discover a breach between his aspirations and his heaven.

CONSERVATIVE PROGRESS

Annual Report of the Excelsior Insurance Company.

The annual statement of the Excelsior Life Insurance Company, which is published in this paper, shows this young Canadian Company to be in an exceptionally strong position at the close of the year's business. The management of the Company is to be heartily congratulated on the progress made in the past year and the growth and splendid standing of the Company maintains its previous praiseworthy traditions.

It is a very noteworthy fact that the death rate in the past year was 44 per cent. less than expected, and 9 per cent. less than the previous year, which shows very careful selection of risks. Expenses have also decreased 6½ per cent., illustrating watchful management.

The increase of insurance in force amounting to 10 per cent., and the addition of 16 per cent to assets and 17 per cent to income undoubtedly show a most commendable activity coupled with a wise conservatism.

Mrs. Gramercy—"What do we need for dinner?" Bridget—"Shure mum, I tripped over the rug an' we need a new set of aishes."

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

The Excelsior Life Insurance Company

HEAD OFFICE, EXCELSIOR LIFE BUILDING, TORONTO.
Business for 1908 Most Satisfactory Ever Experienced

Insurance in Force,	-	\$12,236,684.10
Increase \$1,079,435.00.		
New Insurance Written,	-	2,483,806.00
Increase \$369,728.00.		
Assets for Security of Policyholders.	-	2,020,102.72
Increase \$237,428.71.		
Cash Income	-	454,790.94
Increase \$65,235.04.		
Reserve Funds	-	1,465,684.03
Including Special Reserve \$30,997.85.		
Surplus on Policyholders' Account,	-	109,436.55
INCREASES—Insurance in force 10 per cent., Assets 10 per cent., Income 17 per cent., Reserves 15 per cent., Net Surplus 98 per cent.		
DECREASES—Death Rate 44 per cent. less than expected, 9 per cent. less than preceding year; Expense ratio 6.5 per cent.		
INTEREST INCOME—More than sufficient to pay Death Losses and all expenses of the Company excepting Agents' salary expenses. Interest earned on mean Net Assets 6.72 per cent.		
A Good Company to Insure with, Consequently a Good Company for Agents to Represent		

BELL

WHY DO
So many Institutions devoted to the higher Education select Bell pianos? The fact that they use and prefer the Bell is evidence of distinct merit! One follows professional advice in acquiring an education, why not follow professional custom in buying Bell pianos? The only pianos with the Illimitable Quick Repeating Action.

PIANOS

Send for (free) Catalogue No. 75.
The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

RAW

FURS and HIDES

Write for Weekly Price Lists. Shipments Solicited.
JOHN HALLAM - TORONTO, ONT.

Lady—"Do you know where Johnny Tucker lives, my little boy?" Little Boy—"He ain't home, but if you give me a penny I'll find him for you." Lady—"All right. Now, where is he?" Little Boy—"Thanks. I'm him."

Some people make a specialty of killing time for others.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

"And now that you're of age," said the anxious father, "I want to give you a few pointers on how to keep money." "Say, dad," rejoined the son of his father, "hadn't you better begin by giving me a few pointers on how to get it?"

Its Power Grows with Age. — How many medicines loudly blazoned as panaceas for all human ills have come and gone since Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was first put upon the market? Yet it remains, doing more good to humanity than many a preparation more highly vaunted and extending its virtues wider and wider and in a larger circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

The never failing medicine, Holloway's Corn Cure, removes all kinds of corns, warts, etc.; even the most difficult to remove cannot withstand this wonderful remedy.

**Every Individual
Automobile Owner**

in United States and abroad should join International Automobile League. Pamphlet showing dealers' prices of automobile tires, also application blank, mailed upon request. Home Office, Buffalo, N. Y.

CALVES Raise Them Without Milk. Bred at Fred Steele's, Brigs Seed Co., Ltd., Toronto

FEATHER DYEING
Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 10 per oz. the best place is
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
MONTREAL

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED
Enlarged Portraits, Frames and Art Specialties. Big profits. Full instructions. Catalogue and samples free.
PORTRAIT SUPPLY CO., 74 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO

"The house that you finished a few weeks ago is the biggest of the lot," said the real-estate agent. "Perhaps that's why it's so hard to find a tenant." "Yes," answered the builder; "it's last but not leased."

A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will.

Kidney Pills.

Joseph Pelrine who Suffered the Tortures of this Terrible Complaint for Nine Months tells how the old Reliable Kidney Remedy Cured Him.

Port Felix East, Guysboro Co., N.S., March 22 (Special). — That you need no longer fear the knife if troubled with gravel or other urinary troubles is the glad news that Joseph Pelrine, a well-known young fisherman here is telling his friends.

"I suffered intense pain from gravel and other urinary troubles for nine months," Mr. Pelrine says. "But seven boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me completely. I heartily recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to anyone who is suffering from gravel or urinary troubles."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure gravel by curing the kidneys. The urinary organs are entirely dependent on the kidneys. If the kidneys are not in good working order they cannot filter out the uric acid and it combines with other products of the body and causes gravel. Healthy kidneys dissolve the stones and they pass off in the urine. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure gravel.

EASY.

Mrs. Flynn—An' phat's yer son Moike doin' now, Mrs. Casey?

Mrs. Casey—Shure, Moike ain't doin' anything, Mrs. Flynn. He's got a Government job!

Pills That Have Benefitted Thousands.—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

Run over the list of your friends and you will be surprised at the number you could dispense with.

A Nagging Cough drives sleep and comfort away. You can conquer it with Allen's Lung Balm, which relieves hard breathing, pain in the chest and irritation of the throat. Give it freely to the children.

GREAT NEED.

A health journal has an article on "How to Lie When Asleep." What we need is a few pointers on how to induce people to tell the truth when awake.



ISSUE NO. 12—09.

above activity coupled with a wise conservatism.

Mrs. Gramercy—"What do we need for dinner?" Bridget—"Shure mum, I tripped over the rug an' we need a new set of dishes."

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

"What a grasping fellow you are, Hawkins! You've bothered me about this bill fifty times in ten days." "You wrong me, Jarley. I'm not grasping. I've bothered you about the bill, I admit, but I haven't been able to grasp anything yet."

If a cough makes your nights sleepless and weary, it will worry you a good deal, and with good cause. To dispel the worry and give yourself rest try Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It exerts a soothing influence on the air passages and allays the irritation that leads to inflammation. It will subdue the most stubborn cough or cold, and eventually eradicate it from the system, as a trial of it will prove to you.

Many a man who knows what not to say hasn't sense enough not to say it.

Children Will Go Bleeding. They come home covered with snow. Half a teaspoonful of Pain-killer in hot sweetened water will prevent any ill effects. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—25c. and 50c.

The successful man is the first to recognize his own mistakes.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

TOO MUCH ROOM.

At first sight it would seem that it must be an unreasonable man who would find fault with a house because it had one more room than was mentioned in the advertisement; but first sight is not always best sight. An estate agent sent a customer to look at a five-roomed house, that being just the size he professed to want. The house proved to be sadly out of repair, and the prospective tenant went back to the agent's office.

"I didn't want a six-roomed house," he said.

"That isn't a six-roomed house," answered the agent.

"Yes it is."

"But I say it is not," and the agent began counting. "There's the kitchen, dining-room, parlor, and two bedrooms. That's five, isn't it?"

"Yes, but there's room for improvement, and that's bigger than any of the others," said the facetious customer. "Can't you show me something else?"

COMING DOWN.

Mrs. Parvenu—"Oh, yes—we can trace our ancestry back—to—to—well, I don't know who, but we've been descending centuries."

"Look here," said the guest, "things around here are just about as rotten as they make them. When I went to lunch to-day I found hair in the ice-cream, hair in the honey, and hair in the apple-sauce." "Well," exclaimed the genial proprietor, "the hair in the ice-cream came from the shaving of the ice. And I suppose the hair in the honey came off the comb. But I don't understand about the hair in the apple-sauce. I bought those apples myself, and every one was a Baldwin."

circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

The never failing medicine, Holloway's Corn Cure, removes all kinds of corns, warts, etc.; even the most difficult to remove cannot withstand this wonderful remedy.

There is No Such Thing as a harmless cough. The trouble gives you bad to worse unless checked. Allen's Lung Balm cures the worst of colds. It allays inflammation and clears the air passages.

The fellow who begs a girl for a lock of her hair doesn't necessarily turn thief just because he picks a lock.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the help of any purgative medicine to complete the cure. Give it a trial and be convinced.

Even the people who want the earth may be weighed and found wanting.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Brown—"I hear you are the happy father of twins?" Jones—"You are mistaken. I am the father of twins."

A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidential. Write to-day for my free treatment. MRS. F. E. CURRIE, Windsor, Ont.

We have our opportunities, but most of us manage to dodge them.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

Tourist—"What are those bells ringing for?" Urechin—"Cos somebody's pulling 'em!"

No Substitute for "The D & L" Menthol Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospitals, clergy and everybody for pleurisy, stiffness, etc.

Departing Guest—"We've had a simply delightful time!" Hostess—"I'm so glad. At the same time, I regret that the rain kept all our best people away."

A War Correspondent's Exciting Adventures

WHAT HE OWES TO ZAM-BUK.

Mr. Frank Scudamore, the great war correspondent, who sent many of the Canadian despatches during the late Boer War, owes his health to Zam-Buk. He has passed unscathed through 29 battles, but a scratch which turned to blood-poisoning nearly ended his days. Zam-Buk saved him and he writes as follows:

"I have proved Zam-Buk such a blessing that I want others to know of its merits. The poisonous dye in some underclothing I was wearing got into a scratch I had sustained and blood-poisoning set up. Inflammation was followed by great pain and swelling, and then ulcers broke out on my legs. For some time I could not walk a few steps nor even put my feet to the ground. On my left leg below the knee I had seventeen ulcers which caused hoies, into which I could put my thumb. On the right leg I had fourteen ulcers. Medical treatment failed to relieve, homely remedies were applied in vain. Week followed week and I gradually got worse, until I was worn out with pain and lack of sleep. On the advice of a friend I obtained some Zam-Buk and left off everything else while I tried it. It seemed to give me almost instant relief from the pain, and in a few days I noticed that it was healing some of the ulcers. This was cheering indeed, and gladly I persevered with the Zam-Buk treatment. Bit by bit the poisonous matter was drawn out. The ulcers were healed, and new healthy skin grew over the previously diseased places. I am now quite cured, and in gratitude, I mention these facts that other sufferers from skin disease may know of something which will cure them."

Zam-Buk differs entirely from ordinary ointments and salves, as the above facts clearly prove. For all skin diseases ulcers, abscesses, scalds, ringworm, children's sore heads, cuts, burns, bruises, etc., it is a speedy cure. It also cures eczema, itch, piles, blood-poisoning, face-blemishes, barber's rash, etc., cold sores, chapped hands, and frost bite. Rubbed well into the parts affected, it cures rheumatism, neuralgia, and sciatica. All druggists and stores sell at 50c a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for prices 3 boxes for \$ 1.00.

ZAM-BUK

THE GREAT SKIN-CURE.

TIME OF KINRADE MURDER

New Line of Evidence at the Adjourned Inquest.

Hamilton, March 19.—To-night when the Coroner opened his court every available nook was occupied, even the platform on which the presiding officers' chair was placed, and which had on other occasions been scrupulously kept clear, being crammed. The body of the hall was a mass of humanity, crowded as closely together as possible.

The evidence which was submitted can be roughly divided into three sections. The first dealt entirely with the movements of the Kinrade girls and others; the second told of the presence in the neighborhood on the fatal day of a man whose movements were regarded as being suspicious by some witnesses, and not unnatural by others; while the third and last section was the evidence of the doctors with regard to the result of their post-mortem examination.

ON BEHALF OF FAMILY.

It is of interest to note that the witnesses of the first and second class were called, so Crown Attorney Washington stated in an aside to the jury, at the request of Mr. G. Lynch-Staunton, K. C., who for the first time appeared in the interests of the family, and was associated with Mr. Thomas Hobson.

In the first place, it would seem that Mrs. Kinrade was on the street before 3.25 and after 3 o'clock, while Mrs. Clara Rudd, a neighbor, swore that she saw Ethel Kinrade in Herkimer street at 3 o'clock. In this she was supported by Charles Hossack, but there was a curious discrepancy between the witnesses. Mrs. Rudd stated that the girl was attired in a blue costume; Hossack was positive that the color of her dress was brown. Mrs. Rudd, however, has the advantage of being a woman, and the accuracy of the feminine sex for details of costume is a thing which no man can ever attain. There was, however, a remarkable expression of feeling in the court room as these details came forth. It was an expression to be felt rather than heard, and as if the eager auditors were of the opinion that at least some slight addition had been made to the slender array of facts of an absolute character which are in the hands of the Crown.

THE STRANGE MAN SEEN.

Then came a series of witnesses who gave evidence as to seeing a strange man in the neighborhood of the Kinrade house at a time which has so far been accepted as that at which the shooting took place. The most important of these was Mrs. King, who told that she saw a man running from an alley from which the Kinrade house could be approached. She was struck by what she termed his frightened looks, and watched him go to a neighbor's house, Mrs. Taylor's, knock, try the door, and remain there some minutes without getting a reply, and in the meantime throw anxious glances around. She saw him put his hand in his pocket several times, apparently take something out, and stoop over a box of rags. She spoke to Mrs. Taylor, who told that she had also seen the man, but had been too frightened to open the door. Mrs. Taylor was called, but was not in attendance, and will give her evidence later.

THE MAN DESCRIBED.

A Mrs. Sarah Willis also saw a man run along the alley past her fence, but attached no suspicion to the circumstance, while a third neighbor, Mrs. Cassels, thought it was just a man delivering goods, running from his delivery wagon. On one point they were agreed. The man wore a peak cap and a short, medium dark jacket. One also said he was very fair.

THE MEDICAL EVIDENCE.

Passing on to the medical evidence, it may be accepted as proved by Dr. Edgar, who, with the assistance of Dr. Balfe, made the autopsy, that Ethel Kinrade lived for ten or fifteen minutes after the wounds in the head were inflicted. She was actually killed by a bullet of 2 calibre through the heart. There were seven shots fired, which took effect, one only making both wounds in the scalp.

The inquiry was abruptly adjourned, for lack of further witnesses, until April 22nd, Mr. Blackstock saying that a lengthy postponement was necessary, indicating apparently that witnesses are to be brought from a distance.

ENGINEER IS DEAD.

Fifth Victim of Windsor Depot Wreck at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mark Cunningham, the engineer of the Boston train, which on Wednesday crashed through the wall of the ladies' waiting room of the C. P. R. Windsor street depot, and tore its way into the general waiting room, wrecking a large portion of the station, died at the General Hospital on Thursday morning at 7.45, making the fifth victim of the accident. The fireman, Louis Craig, and the other victims, were reported to be making good progress, with the exception of John Kozhar, a Russian immigrant, who is suffering from a fracture of the skull, and who is still in a critical condition.

The work of clearing up the de-

WOLVES KILLED CHILD.

Strange Story From the North Told in Saskatoon.

A despatch from Saskatoon, Sask., says: A weird tale of the great northland is brought to Saskatoon by Fred Allingham and two companions, James and Mack J. Curtin, of this city, who have been spending the winter around Moose Lake, northwest of the Pass. According to Allingham's informant, a trapper had secured a number of young timber wolves, which he trained for driving, the animals having remarkable endurance and speed. On one occasion the trapper had been away on a long journey. After finishing up a hard day, in which the animals had not received any food, as is the way in treating dog teams while travelling, as the driver and the team

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Mar. 23.—Flour — Ontario wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$4.10 to \$4.15 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba flour unchanged; first patents, \$5.70 to \$5.90 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.40 to \$5.60, and strong bakers', \$5 to \$5.20.

Wheat—Manitoba wheat, \$1.20 for No. 1 Northern, and \$1.17 for No. 2 Northern, Georgian Bay ports. No. 1 Northern, \$1.25 all rail, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.22 all rail.

Oats—Ontario No. 2 white 49c on track, Toronto; No. 2 Western Canada oats, 47 to 47½c, Collingwood and No. 3 46c Collingwood.

Peas—No. 2 93c outside. Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 73½ to 74c on track, Toronto, and No. 3 at 72½ to 73c on track, Toronto. Canadian corn, 71 to 72c on track, Toronto.

Bran—Cars, \$23 in bulk outside. Shorts, \$23 to \$23.50 in bulk outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$4.50 to \$5.50 for choice qualities, and \$3.50 to \$4 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$10.75 to \$11.25 per ton on track here, and lower grades, \$9 to \$10 a ton.

Straw—\$7 to \$7.50 on track. Potatoes—60 to 63c per bag on track.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 13 to 15c per pound; fowl, 11 to 12c; turkeys, 18 to 20c per pound.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 21c; tubs and large rolls, 16 to 17c; inferior, 15 to 16c; creamery rolls, 25 to 26c, and solids, 21 to 22c.

Eggs—Case lots of new laid are bringing 20 to 21c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13½c per pound, and twins, 14 to 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12 to 12½c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$20.50; short cut, \$23 to \$24.

Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 14½c; do., heavy, 13 to 13½c; rolls, 10½ to 11c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 10½ to 11c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 13c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Mar. 23.—Peas — No. 2, 98½ to 99c. Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c; No. 2 barley, 65 to 66c; Manitoba feed barley, 50½ to 60c; buckwheat, 55½ to 56c. Flour—Manitoba

TRAGEDY OF THE WEST.

Two Englishmen Found in Shack—One Dead, One Insane.

A despatch from Fernie says: Two Englishmen were found in a shack near the Great Northern station on Wednesday. One is dead and the other is in a dying condition. One appears to have been dead about two days. The other is demented, and can give no account of himself or of the dead man. By the labels on their baggage they appear to have left England in February last by the Empress of Britain. On the bed of the dead man was a purse containing nine sovereigns. There were also two Waltham watches, four ten-dollar bills, several new suits of clothes, and grips. Who the dead man is or how he died remains a mystery. The sick man was taken to the hospital, where it was found that his feet had been badly frozen, as the skin came off with the stockings.

KINDRED MUST AID.

Home Tax-payer Looking to Overseas Dominion for Assistance.

A despatch from London says: The Standard thinks it is felt in the over-seas dominions that Britain is incapable of providing adequately for the fleet which is required to protect one-third of the world's coastline. The hard-wrought home tax-payer must obtain assistance from his kindred. The Standard urges, as the one condition stipulated for such assistance, a definite place for the over-seas States in the Empire's Council of Defence, and concludes: "May we not hope, in spite of all the discouraging signs to the contrary, that there is enough patriotism and public spirit among our politicians to rise above the limitations of party and co-operate in laying the basis of a true Imperial organization, founded on a joint responsibility for Imperial defence and a joint and equal control of the Imperial sea forces?"

AN EXTENSIVE FARMER.

Mr. Lawrence of Fort Vermilion Raised 6,000 Bushels of Wheat.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alta., says: No less than six thousand bushels of wheat were grown last season at Fort Vermilion, in the Peace River district, by Mr. Sheridan Lawrence, one of the early settlers in the country. The wheat was sold to the Hudson's Bay Company for \$1.25 per bushel, and will be ground at their mill on the Peace River. In addition to six thousand bushels of wheat, Mr. Lawrence raised last season three thousand bushels of barley and six hundred bushels of oats. Samples of this grain were brought to the local offices of the Department of Immigration of the Dominion Government and were pronounced to be of very high grade.

NO FILLED CHEESE.

Evidence that Dairymen of Canada are Honest.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In a report on the cheese industry of Canada, based on the examination of 237 samples collected by officials of the Inland Revenue Department throughout Canada, it is stated that only two samples of skim milk cheese were found, which would indicate that the sale of this product is relatively unimportant in Canada. In commenting on this

CON

RAP.

Tele

Mr. appoi ter of Rob Thur ing f C. prepa ted to The tion steam The Winni eral dema Eno bergs by the geline The sor S exone ployee ness. The graph to bui Wind contri W. he was sand fice, N. B. Hor Railw Mana ernm the li has c Gover appoi Mont Mr. old c very have prove No are o betwe Unite tives to fav The gas c dollar church which pay. The labore strum emplo has be re fer A fi Firew was t Thurs was b was n The agreee Compi up to of all date. tinned The Compt ed all point

430, making the ninth victim of the accident. The fireman, Louis Craig, and the other victims, were reported to be making good progress, with the exception of John Kozhar, a Russian immigrant, who is suffering from a fracture of the skull, and who is still in a critical condition.

The work of clearing up the debris in the Windsor station is proceeding but slowly. The greater part of the fallen masonry had been removed, but the wreck of the engine is lying just as it was. It is the intention of the engineers in charge of the work to lay temporary tracks on which to run the wrecked locomotive out after shoving up the girders from below. This will take three or four days. It is a ticklish job. The masons started rebuilding the broken wall on Thursday afternoon. The part of the station which was damaged has been boarded off to keep out the curious public.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

Shows Good Times Heading Strongly to Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: According to the official bank statement it appears that during February the banks increased their note circulation by \$1,529,292. Deposits on demand decreased by \$317,928 and savings deposits by \$1,779,992. Call loans in Canada increased by \$3,255,140. Current loans in Canada show a reduction of \$4,013,552, call and short loans abroad show an increase of \$8,911,295. The general trend is to show that good times are heading strongly to Canada. Bank assets increased by \$7,469,918 and liabilities by \$8,450,915.

WARSHIPS FROM COLONY.

New Zealand Will Present Britain With One or Two.

A despatch from Wellington, N. Z., says: The New Zealand Government has offered to defray the cost of a first-class battleship of the latest type. The money for this purpose will be forthcoming immediately, and, if necessary, funds will be raised for the construction of a second battleship.

NEW UNITED STATES TARIFF

Drawback Arrangement Practically Means Free Wheat.

A despatch from Washington says: A hasty examination of the proposed new tariff bill on Wednesday convinced many persons that one great effect of the measure would be to increase competition from Canada. While it is true that general farm and garden produce is highly protected in the proposed law as it is at present, there are several important products of the soil on which the rates have been lowered. Although the duty of 25 cents per bushel is fixed on wheat, ex-Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota and several other authorities declared on Wednesday that the drawback arrangement provided in the bill would have the same effect practically as free wheat. Mr. Hansbrough believes that the wheat farmers of the

trained for driving, the animals having remarkable endurance and speed. On one occasion the trapper had been away on a long journey. After finishing up a hard day, in which the animals had not received any food, as is the way in treating dog teams while travelling, as the driver and the team approached the shanty that was their home, his little three-year-old child ran out to meet them. As the famished animals reached her, they jumped on her, and she was dead before her father could raise a hand. Seizing a sharp axe from his "boat," the trapper went at the wild creatures, and never stopped until he had killed the entire lot, numbering five.

EXPLOSION IN A SAWMILL.

Five Mill Hands Scalded—One Dead and One Will Die.

A despatch from Gore Bay says: News has reached here that on Friday last at Silver Lake, near Silverwater, Manitoulin Island, the boiler in James Crawford's sawmill blew up, seriously scalding five mill hands—namely, J. F. Gwinn of Pembroke, James Hazard, Barney Addison, J. Ladiseur and a man named Cronk. Gwinn died of his injuries. Hazard cannot recover. The other three will recover.

RECORD TRIP ENDED.

Inspector Pelletier Arrives Safely at Gimli.

A despatch from Gimli, Man., says: Sergt. Inspector Pelletier arrived at Gimli on Thursday, practically completing the longest and most northerly trip ever undertaken into the far northland of Canada, having travelled from Edmonton to the Great Slave Lake, thence to Fort Churchill by way of Cape Fullerton, then down the Great Nelson River, to Norway House, and across Lake Winnipeg to Gimli. Sergt. Pelletier left Edmonton last July, and interest was added to his adventure by the report that he and his party had perished.

Servians in Germany have been ordered home for military service.

Montreal, Mar. 23.—Peas—No. 2, 98½ to 99c. Oats—Canadian Western No. 2, 51 to 51½c; extra No. 1 feed, 50½ to 51c; No. 1 feed, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 2, 50 to 50½c; Ontario No. 3, 49 to 49½c; Ontario No. 4, 48 to 48½c; No. 2 barley, 65 to 66c; Manitoba feed barley, 50½ to 60c; buckwheat, 55½ to 56c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80 to \$6; Manitoba Spring wheat patents, seconds, \$5.30 to \$5.50; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10 to \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.10; do., in bags, \$2.35 to \$2.45; extra, in bags, \$1.95 to \$2.05. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22; do., shorts, \$24; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; do., shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain mouille, \$33 to \$35; mixed, \$28 to \$30. Cheese—Finest western, 13 to 13½c; eastern, 12½ to 12¾c. Butter—Fall creamery, 23c; Winter creamery, 21½c; dairy, in tubs, 14c; rolls, 19c. Eggs—25 to 26c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Mar. 23.—Wheat—May, \$1.14½ to \$1.14¾; July, \$1.15½; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.16½ to \$1.17; No. 1 Northern, \$1.15½ to \$1.16; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13½ to \$1.14; No. 3 Northern, \$1.10 to \$1.12. Flour—First patents, \$5.65 to \$5.75; second patents, \$5.55 to \$5.65; first clears, \$4.40 to \$4.50; second clears, \$3.15 to \$3.25. Bran—In bulk, \$23 to \$23.50. Buffalo, Mar. 23.—Wheat—Spring wheat, steady; No. 1 Northern, carloads, stores, \$1.19½; Winter, steady. Corn—Lower; No. 3 yellow, 68½ to 69c; No. 4 yellow, 68½ to 69½c; No. 3 corn, 68½ to 69½c; No. 4 corn, 67½ to 68½c; No. 3 white, 69½c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 57½ to 57¾c; No. 3 white, 56½ to 56¾c; No. 4 white, 55½ to 55¾c.

Milwaukee, Mar. 23.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.19; No. 2 Northern, \$1.17; July, \$1.04½. Rye—No. 1, 80c. Corn—May, 66. Barley—Standard, 65c; sample, 66 to 68c; No. 3, 67c; No. 4, 66c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Mar. 23.—Exporters' are in steady demand and prices firm at recent quotations. Butchers' cattle are unchanged, but extra choice animals are wanted, and the drift is for higher prices. Stockers and feeders firm at old rates. Supply limited. Calves—Slightly higher. Sheep and lambs—Strong demand at old rates, with a tendency to higher prices. Hogs—Rising; select quoted at \$7.15 f.o.b., and \$7.40 fed and watered.

"I HAVE DONE IT."

Thus Sharbot Lake Suicide Announced Act to Brother.

A despatch from Kingston says: "I have done it." In this brief sentence, William Blakely, Sharbot Lake, aged 22 years, announced to his brother that he had made a successful attempt to take his own life by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid, on Saturday. For some time the young man had been acting in a strange manner, and his friends had been keeping watch on him. He died before medical aid could reach him.

The draft estimates for the city of Toronto for 1909 call for an expenditure of \$6,030,705.

In a report on the cheese industry of Canada, based on the examination of 237 samples collected by officials of the Inland Revenue Department throughout Canada, it is stated that only two samples of skim milk cheese were found, which would indicate that the sale of this product is relatively unimportant in Canada. In commenting on this fact, the Dominion analyst considers this a very satisfactory state of things, since the demand for cheap and inferior articles in food is usually an indication of poverty on the part of consumers. Examination was also made for fats other than butter fat, but no foreign fat was found in any of them, which is pretty conclusive evidence that so-called "filled" cheese is not known in Canada.

COCHRANE'S NEW BUILDINGS

London Contractors Awarded Contracts for Railway Structures.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway Commission on Wednesday received nineteen tenders for a large amount of building to be done at Cochrane City. The contracts for the round-house, machine shop, locomotive foreman's office, coal chute and trestle, and reinforced concrete arch culverts, at mile posts 218½, 221, and 222½ were awarded to the Forest City Paving and Construction Company, London. The contract for the installing of the heating system in the round-house and machine shop was given to the Sheldon's Limited of Galt. The lowest tenders were accepted in every case. The work will be commenced as soon as the contracts are drawn up and signed.

BLOWN FROM GUNS.

Daily Executions of Prisoners in Afghanistan.

A despatch from Peshwar, British India, says: It is reported that twelve hundred arrests have been made at Jellahabad, Afghanistan, in connection with the plot recently discovered to murder the Ameer, the heir-apparent, and the other members of the royal family. According to advices batches of prisoners are being blown from guns daily.

HIS EYES BLOWN OUT.

Charles Cowie Killed by Explosion on the N. T. R.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Charles Cowie, an employee of the Ideal Wire Fence Company, engaged in blasting holes for telegraph poles along the National Transcontinental, was killed by a premature explosion on Tuesday. He was working by himself when the accident occurred. Both hands were blown off and his eyes were blown out. His wife and family reside in Scotland.

PANIC AT FIRE.

Narrow Escape of Audience at Kingston, Jamaica.

A despatch from Kingston, Ja., says: Fire that broke out on Saturday night in a public hall of Kingston, where a cinematograph show was in progress, created great excitement among the audience and endangered for a while the life of everybody present. Only the coolness of the manager of the show and his attendants prevented a catastrophe.

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HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Mr. Gerald H. Brown has been appointed Assistant Deputy Minister of Labor.

Robert Johnson was killed on Thursday at Cobalt while charging for a blast.

C. P. R. western mechanics are preparing new terms to be submitted to the company.

The Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company has ordered a new steamer to be built at Detroit.

There is fear of trouble in the Winnipeg building trades, as several of the unions have presented demands for increased pay.

Enormous fields of ice and icebergs are reported in the Atlantic by the officers of the steamer Evangeline, just arrived at Halifax.

The Coroner's jury in the Windsor Station accident at Montreal exonerated the railway and its employees from the charge of carelessness.

The Northern Commercial Telegraph Company has been chartered to build a line from Point Lewis to Windsor, and has already let the contract.

W. Herbert Downie, who claimed he was robbed of about one thousand dollars in his employer's office, was found guilty at St. John, N. B., of the robbery.

Hon. G. P. Graham, Minister of Railways, proposes a Board of Management, responsible to the Government, for the management of the Intercolonial Railway.

The Court of Appeal of Quebec has decided that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has power to appoint a commission to investigate Montreal's civic affairs.

Mr. Justice Riddell criticized the old court house at London, Ont., very severely, and threatened to have the county indicted if improvements were not made soon.

Nova Scotia coal mine owners are opposed to free trade in coal between this country and the United States. The representatives of the other Provinces seem to favor it.

The town of Welland will sue the gas company for fifteen thousand dollars to pay for the Methodist church which was burned, and for which the town was compelled to pay.

Thomas Pulmbridge, the farm laborer who forced some sharp instrument down the throats of his employer's cattle in Elgin county, has been adjudged insane, and will be removed to an asylum.

A frame shed used by the Hand Fireworks Company at Hamilton was the scene of an explosion on Thursday. One of the employees was blown through the door, but was not seriously injured.

The Dominion Coal Company has agreed to settle with the Steel Company on the basis of damages up to Nov. 9, 1906, and a refund of all the excess paid for coal to date. The old contract will be continued.

The Dominion Steel and Coal Companies appear to have arranged all their differences, except the point as to the right of the Coal Company to dispute any item in the Steel Company's claim for dam-

sion to the 60,000 Armenians who died after the massacres at Constantinople to return to Turkey.

Twenty sailors were drowned near Rotterdam when the German ship Margretha was sunk in a collision with another vessel.

A suit has been entered in Venezuela demanding the extradition and trial of ex-President Castro on a charge of causing the murder of a number of revolutionaries.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE ENDORSED

British Commons Passed Second Reading of Bill.

A despatch from London says: The House of Commons has again expressed a pious opinion in favor of woman suffrage. On Friday, by a vote of 157 to 122, it passed on its second reading the bill introduced by Hon. Geoffrey Howard, enfranchising every man and woman over 21 years of age, with one qualification, of three months' residence in one constituency. Premier Asquith, mentioning the division of the opinion in the Cabinet on woman suffrage, said the Government would not support the bill. Such a reform ought to be initiated by the Government. After a lengthy debate, the bill, at Mr. Asquith's suggestion, was referred to the Committee of the Whole House, one of the British Parliament's subterfuges for sending an undesired measure into oblivion.

EMBARGO RAISED.

Cattle From Michigan May Now Enter Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The embargo against cattle from the State of Michigan has been raised by order in Council. It is still in force against live stock from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland. The relaxation so far as Michigan is concerned is due to the fact that the authorities are satisfied that the foot-and-mouth disease has been stamped out in that State and the raising of the embargo will facilitate the movement of export cattle, many of which go from Chicago across the Niagara Peninsula for shipment from New York or Portland.

EARL GREY'S SHIELD.

Terms of Competition by the Cadet Corps of Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A challenge shield will be given by the governor-general to that town or city of 5,000 people or over, or the county in any province not having a town of 5,000 inhabitants, which can show the greatest portion of cadets to its municipal or county population on May 24, 1910. The shield will be held by that cadet corps of the winning city, town or county which upon inspection by the D. O. C. or other selected military officer shows the greatest proficiency in military drill and rifle shooting.

SELKIRK CENTENNIAL.

Committee at Winnipeg Strongly in Favor of the Fair.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Selkirk Centennial Exposition for Winnipeg in 1912 is assured. The committee entrusted with the project on Wednesday decided to

WERE RUSHED TO HASTINGS

One Thousand British Soldiers Taken in Automobiles.

A despatch from London says: An interesting experiment was made by the War Office on Wednesday to demonstrate the utility of the automobile as a means of rapid military transport to supplement the resources of the railroads. Acting on the assumption that a hostile army had landed at Hastings, and that the railroad was blocked with troop trains, a relieving force of 1,000 men with full war kit and guns was moved to the scene by automobiles. Some 500 machines, loaned by members of

the automobile club, picked up the men and their accoutrements at the various barracks and conveyed them to the Crystal Palace, whence the start was made. The machines travelled at the rate of twenty miles an hour over the hard frozen roads towards Hastings. The lighter cars with the men took the lead, leaving the heavier vehicles with the guns and stores to bring up the rear. Great crowds gathered along the route of the run to watch the column, which was over a mile long. At Hastings the cars were drawn up on the sea front.

YOUNG FOLKS

HIS SKY MENAGERIE.

Johnny was going to sleep every night in a big old army tent on the lawn. The doctor said it would make him stronger, and so everybody was willing.

Johnny himself thought it would be fun. At first it did seem a little strange to be sleeping right under your own parlor windows, but even when the cold weather came, Johnny liked his tent-room the best.

For the doctor was one of the jolly kind. First he called the little boy a real live soldier because he was fighting the enemy and because he was brave,—soldiers cannot have their mothers with them, you know,—and then when he dressed him up in a sleeping-bag with a fur hood, he called him an Eskimo.

One evening they made believe that the lawn was a desert, and that Johnny was an ancient Arab sleeping in his tent. "But where is my fiery steed?" asked the little boy.

"Ah, I guess you'll have to take the great Camelopard—made of stars, up there in the sky. Can't you see him? Not Well, perhaps he hasn't swung round there by your tent door yet, but he will, never fear. See, there he is by the pole-star in the tail of the Little Bear; that's the star the sailor steers by. Orion, the mighty hunter, will peep in on the southwest. See his belt of bright stars, and each of his star feet spread as if he were going to stride down the Milky Way and threaten all the sky animals with his club."

"Are there enough for a whole circus?"

"Well, there are several pretty ladies. They do say that the big bear—you call it the Dipper—was once a mother lady who was changed by enchantment into a bear. Jupiter took pity upon her when her son, a hunter, did not know her. So he changed him into a Little Bear, and set them both high up in the heavens. See, there's a dragon running between them, always trying to reach the two-headed sea-serpent that runs up along by the Milky Way on the other side of the sky. See, he is right near Taurus, the bull that

"Did that first one invent castor-oil?" asked Johnny, laughing.

"There is a little dog that follows these skylarking boys, just as the great dog follows after Orion; there's a hare and a dove following after him, too, and there are two hunting-dogs which are always worrying the Great Bear. There's a lion, too, on the other side of the sea-serpent, a ram and a whale, a crab and a crow—oh, and all sorts of things!"

The jolly doctor tried to stop here, for he thought that Johnny was sleepy.

"Tell me more about the sky menagerie!" he cried.

"Go right to sleep now, like a good little Arab, and I'll bring you some books and maps that will tell you all about them, and help you to understand all the wonderful things that night paints on the ceiling of the world's house."—Youth's Companion.

IMMIGRATION NOT SO LARGE.

Quite a Falling Off This Year as Compared with Last.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total immigration into Canada for the eleven months of the present fiscal year, up to the end of February, was 130,444, as compared with 247,056 for the same period of 1907-08, a decrease of forty-seven per cent. The immigration for the month of February was 4,791, as compared with 6,164 for February of last year, a decrease of twenty-two per cent.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

Cold and hot water face baths combined are much more effective than either one alone, for it takes the hot bath to cleanse the skin and the cold one to invigorate and stimulate it. The English are devoted to the cold water bath for the whole body as well as the face, and the English men as well as the women are famous for the beauty of their complexion. The cold bath makes the skin look clean, but it does not cleanse it. The face should be washed in hot or at least warm water and should be rinsed in water of the same temperature. This should always be followed by dashing cold water on the face, neck and throat until the skin tingles and glows. The only time when the face should not be rinsed in cold water is after the evening bath, when the pores must be left open

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The Dominion Steel and Coal Companies appear to have arranged all their differences, except the point as to the right of the Coal Company to dispute any item in the Steel Company's claim for damages. The Coal Company is prepared to hand over two and a half million dollars on that head alone.

GREAT BRITAIN.

There are not enough nurses in London to cope with the influenza epidemic.

Britain is said to have made a proposal to Russia for a political and financial alliance between the two countries.

Sir John Colomb warns Britain's colonies that their survival may depend on the preparations they make for the naval defence of the empire.

Mr. Reginald McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared in the British House of Commons that the navy must be maintained at all costs.

UNITED STATES.

William Gibbs, an architect and inventor, formerly a resident of Canada, committed suicide at New York.

A bill introduced in the House of Representatives at Washington on Thursday provides for one-cent letter postage.

An ancient city containing about a thousand houses has been discovered in the San Jacinto mountains in California.

It is believed that an assassin blew up the powder works at Coeur D'Alene, Idaho, on Wednesday, killing three men.

Party lines will be eliminated in the United States House of Representatives in the consideration of the Payne tariff bill.

The Senate voted down Senator McMullen's bill, the purpose of which was to prevent aliens acting on boards of conciliation in labor disputes.

Col. Cooper and his son Robin were found guilty at Nashville, Tenn., of the murder of former Senator Carmack and sentenced to twenty years in prison.

GENERAL.

President Gomez of Cuba has declared that the uprising in the island is trivial.

The Shah of Persia is taking steps toward the granting of a third constitution to his people.

Persian soldiers are devastating villages along the Russian frontier and butchering the inhabitants.

The strike of French telegraphers and postmen threatens to reduce Paris almost to a stage of siege.

The Empress of Russia is reported to be suffering greatly from nervousness.

The French strike is over, and the Government employees resumed work on Monday.

An Austrian fleet is ready at Budapest to bombard Belgrade should hostilities break out.

The Italian police fear the Mafia may make an attempt on the life of ex-President Roosevelt during his stay in Italy.

The Balkan situation remains critical, and it is questionable whether the endeavors of the powers will succeed in averting war.

The Porte has granted permis-

the shooting.

SELKIRK CENTENNIAL.

Committee at Winnipeg Strongly in Favor of the Fair.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The Selkirk Centennial Exposition for Winnipeg in 1912 is assured. The committee entrusted with the project on Wednesday decided to recommend that it be proceeded with, and that preparations on an extensive scale, as becomes the importance of such a great enterprise, begin at once. The delegation who have been visiting St. Louis, Portland and Seattle, making observations, have concluded that such a fair as is proposed is not feasible but eminently desirable.

WORKING NIGHT AND DAY.

Germany Paying Subsidies to Hasten Warship Building.

A despatch from London says: In connection with the debate on the naval estimates in Parliament on Tuesday, The Times on Wednesday morning asserted that Germany has been working at the highest pressure in certain dockyards, both night and day, to push the task of building battleships. This is rendered possible, it is declared, by the German Government paying subsidies amounting, in some cases, to twenty-five per cent. more than the original estimate for work thus facilitated.

DEN OF CAR BURGLARS.

Police at Falls Discover Cave on Lewiston Mountain.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: After working on the case for several months, the police have discovered the headquarters of the gang of valise thieves and car burglars operating on both sides of the border. The headquarters are in a cave on the Lewiston Mountain, in which thousands of dollars worth of stolen goods is thought to be hidden. Detectives on both sides of the river are still working on the case, and arrests are expected within a day or two.

INSANE FROM SHOCK.

Man, Who Was in Accident, Living the Scenes Over Again.

A despatch from Port Arthur says: Hans Gurnseon, the Swede, has gone violently insane as a result of the recent accident on the National Transcontinental north of Nepigon, when seven men with whom he worked were instantly killed by the premature explosion of dynamite. Gurnseon is continually endeavoring to remove the rock from the bodies of his dead comrades.

FELL INTO UNUSED WELL.

Body of Belleville Child Found on Premises of Hotel.

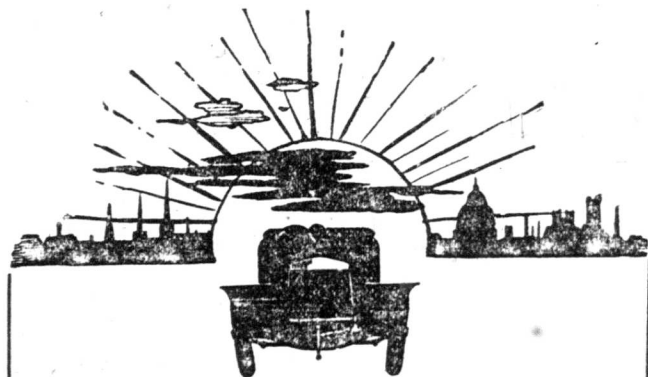
A despatch from Belleville says: David Brooks, three and a half years of age, son of Mr. S. Brooks, of this city, was on Saturday evening drowned by falling into an unused well on the premises of the Albion Hotel. The little lad wandered away from his home at 5.30 Saturday afternoon, and the body was discovered in the well on Sunday morning, at 10.30 by the hostler of the hotel.

changed by a change of a change. Jupiter took pity upon her when her son, a hunter, did not know her. So he changed him into a Little Bear, and set them both high up in the heavens. See, there's a dragon running between them, always trying to reach the two-headed sea-serpent that runs up along by the Milky Way on the other side of the sky. See, he is right near Taurus, the bull that frightened the lost Pleiad away. See the other sisters sparkling near!"

"Girls are always afraid even of cows," said Johnny.

"There, right over the other side of the Milky Way are Gemini, the twins, with Castor and Pollux at their feet."

makes the skin look clean, but it does not cleanse it. The face should be washed in hot or at least warm water and should be rinsed in water of the same temperature. This should always be followed by dashing cold water on the face, neck and throat until the skin tingles and glows. The only time when the face should not be rinsed in cold water is after the evening bath, when the pores must be left open to drink in the skin food that has been applied. The shock of the cold water draws the blood to the surface and makes the skin firm, smooth, and healthy looking. The glow that this treatment brings to the cheeks is nature's rouge and surpasses by far any prepared rouge that one could buy.



The New DAIMLER

Extracts from a few of the letters received by the Daimler Co. bearing out the claims made for the 1903 engine.

CHAS E. MARTIN, ESQ. 12, 12, '08

"I have never experienced such a delightful feeling as when gliding along silently and smoothly on the New Daimler."

THE RT. HON. LORD BURTON. 20, 12, '08

"She runs very quietly and smoothly, even on very bad roads, and she pulls beautifully up hill. It is a real pleasure to ride in her."

MONSIEUR GIRARDOT. 8, 1, '09

"I have noted that its chief qualities are its extraordinary flexibility, its absolute silence, and its marvellous efficiency, in comparison with tappet valve engines."

CHAS. HAY WALKER, ESQ. 28, 12, '08

"The way she crept along on her top speed at about 3 miles an hour was marvellous."

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Ltd.
COVENTRY, ENGLAND.



For Coughs and Colds

Troubled with a cough? A hard cold, bronchitis, or some chronic lung trouble? There is a medicine made for just these cases—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Your doctor knows all about it. Ask him what he thinks of it. No medicine can ever take the place of your doctor. Keep in close touch with him, consult him frequently, trust him fully. No alcohol in this cough medicine. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Pills. Sugar-coated. All vegetable. Act directly on the liver. Gently laxative. Dose, only one pill. Sold for nearly sixty years. Ask your doctor about them.

The Napaeae Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 100 per line each insertion.

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A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPAEAE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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STOMACH DISTRESS.

Every family here ought to keep some Diapiesin in the house, as any one of you may have an attack of Indigestion or Stomach trouble at any time, day or night.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or leaves like a lump of lead in your

OTTAWA NEWS.

The accounts of the Dominion, as they appear in the Auditor-General's report, are referred to the Committee on Public Accounts, and in that committee every circumstance and detail involved in the expenditure may be inquired into. Witnesses are compelled to attend, and every document bearing on the case under investigation must, on demand, be placed before the committee.

Public Accounts Committee.

Liberal and Conservative members of this committee regard its functions differently. Liberals understand that the committee is organized for the purpose of investigating public accounts, to the end that all expenditure may be in accordance with the objects for which the money was voted by Parliament, and also that no extravagant payments may be allowed to pass without comment, and that the money has been paid out honestly, and in the public interest.

Conservatives, while they understand quite well the objects of the committee, seek to make of it, a species of inquisition, a political drag net, a machinery for campaign material, a machine to discredit the Government.

Men Who do Their Duty.

Among the more active Liberal members of the committee may be named E. M. Macdonald, Picton, N. S.; F. F. Pardee, West Lambton, Ont.; A. K. Maclean, Lunenburg, N. S.; and F. B. Carvell, Carleton, N. B. These gentlemen have for a long time insisted upon the committee conducting its business within the scope of its powers, and they have strenuously opposed any attempt to introduce evidence having no bearing upon the subject for the time being under discussion. They have invariably, consistent with their public duty, objected to the introduction of extraneous matters before the committee, and have done their utmost to support witnesses in their natural desire to keep inviolate their private affairs which were not related to the matter in hand, and with which the committee was not concerned. These gentlemen, by insisting that the elementary rules of evidence be observed in the committee have brought upon themselves the anathemas of the Conservative members of the committee, and unbridled denunciation of the Conservative press.

The Conservative press alludes to them as the objectors, the dark lantern brigade, and in other uncomplimentary terms.

Insulted by Newcomers.

Since the new parliament this committee has among its membership several new members. Mr. Cowan, Conservative, of Vancouver, British Columbia, is one of them. This gentleman, who was given a front seat over the heads of men who had been many years in the House, and has signally failed to demonstrate any qualification for such a position, celebrated his entrance

in the councils of their party, are susceptible to the derision of obscure newspaper correspondents and the Billingsgate of petty fogging lawyers.

These gentlemen have a duty to perform to the people who have elected them, and they will continue to perform their duty impervious to the attacks made upon them, strong in the knowledge that they are sustained by the electors of Canada and with the consciousness that they are in the right when protesting against the Public Accounts Committee being used for unworthy purposes.

Some New Blood.

There are many new Liberal members in the House, and while there has not been much opportunity for them to display their abilities the opportunity will come. Mr. Todd, of New Brunswick, moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne and exhibited much versatility and a comprehensive knowledge of the resources of the Dominion and the political history of Canada which was very favorably commented upon.

Speaking in favor of Mr. Emmeson's resolution as to branch lines of the Intercolonial Railway, Mr. Geo. W. Kyte of Richmond, Nova Scotia, impressed the House as being a logical speaker with an intimate knowledge of the subject under discussion. He is an undoubted acquisition to the debating strength of the House.

Mr. McCoig of West Kent made a valuable contribution to the debate on the resolution of Mr. Lapointe on the extension of experimental agricultural stations. He showed that he possessed accurate information of the agricultural necessities and possibilities of his section of the country, and it must have been a source of satisfaction to him that the Minister of Agriculture accepted the resolution.

Mr. D. H. McAlister of Kings and Albert, New Brunswick, who defeated Mr. Geo. W. Fowler, is a decided acquisition to the House. He addressed himself to the subject of Intercolonial branch lines, and in a few well-chosen sentences placed his position clearly before the House. His speech was concise, condensed and to the point.

Where Members Are Useful.

The useful member of the House is not the man who entertains the idea that no debate is complete unless he has been heard. The men who are assiduous in their attendance at committee work really give the most important services. The work done in committee is much more effective and useful than long speeches delivered in the House. Very little of what is done in the various committees is reported, and from this cause it is wrongly assumed that members whose voices are seldom heard in the House are not performing their duty.

It will be observed that debates in the House are carried to inordinate length by Conservatives, who give very little of their time to the real work of the session, which is done in the committee rooms.

Liberals are Making Good.

The electors are being well served by their Liberal representatives. Speeches delivered on the Government side give evidence of careful preparation and painstaking research, and no time is wasted upon useless discussion. In contrast to this Conservatives will, one after the other, join in the debate, contribute nothing new to it, adopt an attitude of criticism without the necessary knowledge of the subject, and get on record as having said something. This is what consumes the time of Parliament, and wastes the money of the people.

Something for the People.

The resolution of Hon. Geo. P. Graham, Minister of Railways, providing

900 Drops

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of G.D. Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Oil of Caraway -
Warm Water -
Clarified Sugar -
Whitening -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Pitcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

in subsidies and constructed lines, the sum of \$87,425,000.

In addition to this the Canadian Pacific railway company received from the Government 27,924,190 acres of our best farming lands. This land has been reasonably estimated at \$5 an acre, much of it is worth \$25. At \$5 per acre this land would be worth the sum of \$139,620,950, making a grand total for the Canadian Pacific railway and its branches of \$227,045,950. Canada's investment in these three instances amount to—

In canals, \$92,000,000.
Intercolonial, \$82,000,000.
Canadian Pacific, \$225,000,000.
Bonns of land and money to other railways adds \$54,000,000 to the above, making a grand total of 457,000,000 which Canada has contributed towards solving the great problem of transportation.

Makes Money Circulate.

The mileage of Canadian railways is approximately 23,000 and they employ 124,000 men. Their gross earnings last year were \$147,000,000, equal to \$403,000 a day for every day of the year. They employ more men than the total population of Prince Edward Island, with that of Halifax, N. S., added.

Great Business Done.

The business of the railways equals the total money circulation of the country, and of every hundred dollars, earned in Canada by railways, over \$41 are directly and immediately paid out to employees.

These figures show the importance of developing transportation facilities of Canada. They prove that the Gov-

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Every family here ought to keep some Diapiesin in the house, as any one of you may have an attack of Indigestion or Stomach trouble at any time, day or night.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour stomach five minutes afterwards. If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lays like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin and take one triangle after supper to-night. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapiesin is a certain cure for all stomach misery, because it will take hold of your food and digest it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Actual, prompt relief for all your stomach misery is at your Pharmacist, waiting for you.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to cure a case of Dyspepsia or Indigestion.

Failure of a College Education.
"Well," observed old man Potts, "I've spent a heap of money on my boy Bill's education, more'n \$900, jest to see him through Yale, and I ain't through yet. It shorely makes me sore to think of the money I'm wastin' on a boy who ain't got as much sense now as he had before he went to college."

"What's the matter, father?" asked Mrs. Potts. "Mebbe you're a little hard on Bill."

"No, I ain't, Mary," answered the old man. "Just to show you, a little while ago I says to him I thinks it was going to rain tomorrow. What fool answer d'ye suppose he made me?"

"I'm sure I don't know, father."
"He begged my pardon!"

Since the new parliament this committee has among its membership several new members. Mr. Cowan, Conservative, of Vancouver, British Columbia, is one of them. This gentleman, who was given a front seat over the heads of men who had been many years in the House, and has signally failed to demonstrate any qualification for such preference, celebrated his entrance to the committee by referring to the Liberal members named above as "rail birds."

These instances are given to show the insults to which gentlemen eminent in their profession, to whom membership in the House means great personal sacrifice, are compelled to submit in the discharge of their duty.

Every facility is provided that the committee may make an exhaustive investigation into every question submitted to it, but this investigation must proceed legally, and in order to arrive at the result desired. Because the four Liberal members mentioned conceive it to be their duty to proceed upon lines recognized as just and legal, and strenuously object to the committee being made a political hatchery; they are denounced by Conservatives and the Conservative press in terms for which there can be no excuse.

Duty Costs Something.

It is a circumstance worthy of comment that four of the most prominent members of the House, gentlemen who are destined, should they remain in public life, to occupy exalted positions

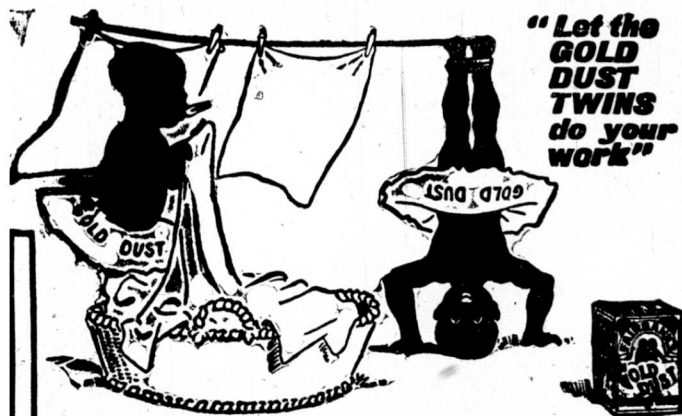
How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations by him.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"

Gold Dust Stands Alone

in the washing powder field—it has no substitute. You must either use

Gold Dust Washing Powder

or something inferior—there is no middle ground.

Buy GOLD DUST and you buy the best.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

attitude of criticism without the necessary knowledge of the subject, and get on record as having said something. This is what consumes the time of Parliament, and wastes the money of the people.

Something for the People.

The resolution of Hon. Geo. P. Graham, Minister of Railways, providing that the sum of \$200,000 annually, for the period of five years, be set apart for the purpose of protecting level crossings, is a move directly in the interests of the farming community, and one that all classes will approve. There has been a stirring up of public sentiment in this question and the action of the Government in this regard will be popular.

Economy in Militia Department.

Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia and Defence, presented his estimates to the House and made a comprehensive statement as to the standing of the militia and what was intended for the future. The minister has reduced his estimates this year by some \$600,000. He explained that the cost of sending 10,000 or 11,000 troops to Quebec for the Tercentenary was \$230,000. Like other branches of the public service the militia estimates had been cut down considerably to conform with the falling off in the national revenue. The cut has been chiefly made in the item for annual drill. This will operate by sending fewer men from each unit to drill. The minister expressed the hope that the revenues would soon justify the sending of the full complement of men to annual drill.

Obstruction to Civil Servants' Bill.

The bill granting increases to the civil servants would have been law long ago but Mr. Foster is consumed with a desire to get information. One moment the Opposition are clamoring that the outside service be taken in so that they will come within the operation of the bill. At another time they clamor because some of the outside service have been given advances in salary. The Opposition are hard to please. If the Government gives an increase to an inside civil servant, then a charge of favoritism is made. If the Government increases the salary of an outside official then there is a charge of extravagance. The Opposition are constantly on the lookout for a grievance, and if there is nothing tangible to their hand they forthwith proceed to manufacture one.

The Government, of which Mr. Foster was a member, had a report upon the civil service, but it was quietly laid away in a pigeon hole and nothing was ever done with it. Now the Liberals are conscientiously trying to better the condition of a large number of public officials, they are met with requests for all kinds of information of no practical use, and the net result is to delay the passing of the bill, and deprive a large number of officials of an advance in salary which the Government has decided to give.

Canada's Transportation System.

Very few people in Canada have an idea of the amount expended in money or equivalent in land by the Government of Canada. Hon. Mr. Emmerson presented to the House, when advocating that the Government consider the subject of leasing freeters to the Intercolonial, some very interesting figures.

What Canada Paid.

What is known to-day as the Intercolonial railway cost the country on capital account \$82,744,937.

Up to the time of Confederation there had been expended on canals about \$20,000,000, since then the Dominion Government have expended in canal systems the sum of \$91,734,718.

Upon the Canadian Pacific railway the Government of Canada expended

Great Business Done.

The business of the railways equals the total money circulation of the country, and of every hundred dollars, earned in Canada by railways, over \$41 are directly and immediately paid out to employees.

These figures show the importance of developing transportation facilities of Canada. They prove that the Government acted wisely in embarking upon the National Transcontinental. That in the very near future even this great national line will be overtaken, and that the vast territory to the north of it will in turn demand that railway facilities be provided.

The creation and operation of a railway system means prosperity to the people. Canada would not have advanced to the proud position in the commercial world she occupies today were it not for the foresight of the Government in providing means of communication from the remote places in the west to the markets in the east.

Canals Are Free.

It must not be forgotten that the canals of Canada were made free by the Liberal Government, and that their maintenance costs the government about \$1,500,000 a year.

In years gone by every assistance was given to the Canadian Pacific Railway, although the people of Canada had no beneficial interest in the road. The Government have been criticized for extending a helping hand to the Grand Trunk Pacific. The people will approve of it. The road should be completed at the earliest possible moment, the people of the West demand this, and it is the policy of the Government, endorsed by the people of Canada, to finish this great railway at the earliest possible moment. In these circumstances anything the Government can do which will further the enterprise should be done promptly and willingly.

Money Well Invested.

Every dollar the Government puts in transportation brings back several more for the people. A country having such great distances to connect on portion of the Dominion with another would be greatly handicapped without competing lines. The fact of the building the Transcontinental has added millions of acres to the wealth of the Dominion. The fact that the road traverses a country that had never had any population and that the 1,000 miles which are in operation have been taxed to accommodate the traffic is eloquent in praise of the policy of the Government. When this railroad is finished through from end to end, Canadians will begin to appreciate the possibilities of the country of which they are citizens.

Arago's Modesty.

Arago, the great French scientist, was never seen with a decoration on his breast. He valued honors lightly. One evening Leverrier, the astronomer, called on him on his way to dine with a minister. He expressed a wish to appear decorated with an order to which he was entitled, having received the official notice of the honor, although he had not as yet the decoration itself.

"Open that drawer," said Arago, "and take whatever you want."

In that drawer were all the crosses and ribbons which kings and emperors confer.

While Arago wished above everything to promulgate science and to make his researches useful, he did not attempt to identify himself forever with his discoveries by writing books. He had no time for writing, but contented himself with noting the results of his work in the record of the bureau of longitude or announcing it verbally to the academy.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

What Do They Cure?

The above question is often asked concerning Dr. Pierce's two leading medicines, "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription."

The answer is that "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most potent alterative or blood-purifier, and tonic or invigorator and acts especially favorably in a curative way upon all the mucous lining surfaces, as of the nasal passages, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, bowels and bladder, curing a large per cent. of catarrhal cases whether the disease affects the nasal passages, the throat, larynx, bronchia, stomach (as catarrhal dyspepsia), bowels (as mucous diarrhoea), bladder, uterus or other pelvic organs. Even in the chronic or ulcerative stages of these affections it is often successful in affecting cures.

The "Favorite Prescription" is advised for the cure of one class of diseases—those peculiar weaknesses, derangements and irregularities incident to women only. It is a powerful yet gently acting invigorating tonic and nervine. For weak, worn-out, over-worked women—no matter what has caused the breakdown—"Favorite Prescription" will be found most effective in building up the strength, regulating the womanly functions, subduing pain and bringing about a healthy, vigorous condition of the whole system.

A book of particulars wraps each bottle giving the formulae of both medicines and quoting what scores of eminent medical authors, whose works are consulted by physicians of all the schools of practice as guides in prescribing, say of each ingredient entering into these medicines.

The words of praise bestowed on the several ingredients entering into "Doctor Pierce's" medicines by such writers should have more weight than any amount of non-professional testimonials, because such men are writing for the guidance of their medical brethren and know whereof they speak.

Both medicines are non-alcoholic, non-secret, and contain no harmful habit-forming drugs, being composed of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American medicinal forest plants. They are both sold by dealers in medicine. You can't afford to accept as a substitute for one of these medicines of known composition, any secret nostrum.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels.

discovered, the existence of which had never been suspected before.

All that day, March 31, 1848, Niagara falls remained dry, and people who remained up until late at night, expecting to see a change, went to bed without witnessing it. But in the early morning of April 1 the familiar thunder of the great cataract was once more heard, and every one knew that the mysteriously drained river bed was again pouring its flood over the falls.

Now for the explanation of this strange phenomenon. It proved to be, after all, very simple. The winter of 1847 and 1848 had been one of extreme severity. Ice of such thickness had never been known as formed on Lake Erie that season. When the break-up came, toward the end of March, a strong northeast wind was blowing, which piled the great fields of ice in flocs and then in banks as high as miniature icebergs. Toward night on March 30 the wind suddenly changed to the opposite direction and increased to a terrific gale, which hurled back the piled up ice and drove it into the entrance of Niagara river with such force that a huge and almost impenetrable dam was formed. For a whole day the source of the river was stopped up, and the stream was drained of its supply. By the morning of the 31st the river was practically dry, and thus for twenty-four hours the roar of Niagara falls was stilled. Then in the early morning of April 1 the ice pack gave way under the tremendous pressure from above, and the long restrained volume of water rushed down and reclaimed its own.—Exchange.

Few Beds in Bagdad.

About 60 per cent of Bagdad's population possess no beds. These poor people rest on blankets spread on the floors of their houses in the winter and on the roofs in the summer. Owing to the excessive heat of these regions sleep is made impossible elsewhere than on the roof or in the open gardens. It is an interesting sight to see how the women at sunset emerge from their houses to prepare the evening meal on the roof and spread the bedding for the night. Inasmuch as the climate is very dry, there is little to fear from exposure to the night air. While a considerable number of the roofs are surrounded by latticework to insure a certain amount of privacy, by far the larger number are quite exposed to the gaze of curious and inquisitive neighbors.

Learning without politeness makes a disagreeable pedant, and politeness without learning makes a superficial, frivolous puppy.—Chesterfield.

DARK DOINGS.

The Reason One Woman Is Disgusted With the Voting Proposition.

When any one asked little Mrs. Pratt her opinion on the question of equal suffrage she had her answer ready. "I don't want to hear anything about it," she would say pleasantly, but firmly, "and I'd just as soon tell you why. It's because there's got to be a concealment and mystery about voting, and I like things open and aboveboard. It's the way I was brought up and the way I shall always feel if I live to be a hundred.

"I've had one experience, and that's all I want. A friend of mine talked and talked to me about voting on the educational question till at last I said I would, because I was brought up to think a great deal of education, and I always shall. So I gave up an engagement to go to the polls and register (and the dress was almost spoiled on account of my missing that trying on,



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with headaches, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists charge you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweller

Near Royal Hotel.

GAS!

You know there's nothing like Gas Light to make your home or store look cheery. But do you know Gas is the cheapest of lights. It lights, warms, and ventilates. You can have a good white light of 50 candle power sufficient for most rooms at a cost of half a cent per hour.

Gas for Light, 15½c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

Gas for Fuel, 13c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

A light will consume from 2 to 3 cubic feet per hour.

A gas range from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

A water heater from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

Gas Log from 10 to 15 cubic feet per hour.

The Napanee Gas Co.

COAL

Anthracite

Steam

Smithing

and

Cannel

—ALSO—

DRY SLABS AND HARDWOOD FOR SALE.

NEGLECTED SCALD CAUSED MONTHS OF AGONY

Spent Dollars in vain but Zam-Buk Cured Her.

Following we give the testimony of a lady who if she had known of Zam-Buk earlier would have been saved nine weeks of agony:

Mrs. Frederick Bryant, of 129 Railway Avenue, Stratford, Ont., says:—"I scalded my foot while preparing supper. Next day the skin came off and my foot was in a serious condition. I could not wear my shoe and had to lay up for nine weeks. During this time I used dozens of salves but none did any good, in fact the wound developed into a running sore. I got no rest day or night from the pain. At this point a supply of Zam-Buk was obtained and a few applications had immediate effect in soothing the pain and irritation. A small supply proved sufficient to heal the scald, although I had spent dollars in other remedies. New skin has now formed nicely over the open sore.

"Zam-Buk is the most wonderful and effective remedy I have used, and I advise others to use it."

Zam-Buk is equally effective in curing burns. Mr. Geo. Gilmore, caretaker of the E. Clements Block, Winnipeg, testifies as follows:—"I sustained a series of bad burns while attending to the large furnace which heats the buildings. One burn on my wrist was particularly bad and gave me great

NIAGARA FALLS BARE

For One Whole Day the Rocky Precipice Was Dry.

THE WATER CEASED TO FLOW

This Curious Phenomenon Occurred on March 31, 1848—Terrified the People in the Vicinity—Return of the Torrent and the Cause of the Stoppage.

In the early spring of 1848 occurred a natural phenomenon so strange, so sudden and so stupendous that the older inhabitants of western New York still speak of it with awe and wonder. This phenomenon was nothing else than the running dry of Niagara falls. The story is seldom recounted now, but it was a nine days' wonder for the whole country when it appeared in the newspapers. For the first time in history the roar of the grandest cataract in America was hushed.

In the early morning of March 31, 1848, people living in the vicinity of the falls were awakened by a peculiar hush, as startling in its suddenness and intensity as the most thunderous explosion could have been. Many dressed and hastened outdoors, urged by a conviction that something appalling had happened or was about to happen. Some thought the end of the world was at hand. Others imagined that they had grown suddenly deaf. Still others thought that the hush preceding a terrific hurricane had fallen upon the air. All were oppressed with a feeling of profound awe and dread.

It was soon discovered, however,

SCRAPING THE STOMACH

Dangerous and Painful Operation
Avoided by Taking "Fruit-a-tives."

Guelph, Ont., Aug. 6, 1908.

I suffered for many months with dreadful Stomach Trouble, with vomiting and constant pain, and I could retain practically nothing.

My doctor stated that I must go to the hospital and undergo an operation of scraping the stomach and be fed by the bowels for weeks. All the medicine the doctor gave me I vomited at once. I was dreadfully alarmed, but I dreaded an operation and had refused.



I had heard of "Fruit-a-tives" and the great success they were having in all Stomach Troubles, and I decided to try them. To my surprise, the "Fruit-a-tives" not only remained on the stomach, but they also checked the vomiting. I immediately began to improve, and in three days the pain was gone and I was decidedly better. I continued to take "Fruit-a-tives" and they completely cured me.

Mrs. Austin Hainstock.

"Fruit-a-tives" are 50c a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, trial box 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ITALY'S BRAVE QUEEN.

Helena Has Always Been Known For Her Courage.

Queen Helena of Italy, who has been doing such splendid work at Messina, is one of the most unconventional of royalties, and innumerable stories are told about her.

The King and Queen and a large party had gone to Castle Porziano to shoot. It was an exceedingly cold day, and luncheon was served round a big bonfire. One of the royal eunuchs, wishing to show how far he could jump, wagered that he could clear the bonfire.

He took a short run and leaped across the middle of the flames. He stumbled and fell, and in a second his clothes were aflame. The women screamed and the men stood paralyzed with horror. Only the Queen kept her wits about her. She threw herself on the eunuch, and, heedless of the danger to herself, tore off the burning pieces of cloth with her bare hands and choked the flames with her skirts.

She was one of the first ladies in Italy to ride a bicycle. The King did not altogether approve of such a very democratic idea, and Queen Helena was careful not to let the King see her on the machine.

While the court was staying at one of the country palaces Her Majesty

was one day tempted to take a spin unaccompanied. She had an enjoyable ride, but as she entered the palace courtyard who should she meet first but the King. It may have been excitement or it may have been a guilty conscience, but somehow or other the wheels skidded, and the Queen was thrown from her machine. King Victor ran to her assistance. He helped her up, and, finding her unhurt, he regarded her with an eye of disapproval.

"This is what comes of being too independent," he told her severely. "You are covered with mud; how can you go through the main entrance in such a state?"

Queen Helena looked ruefully down at her soiled garments. "You are right," she said, meekly. "Will you take the bicycle?"

While the King wheeled the bicycle away the Queen went round the courtyard and entered the palace by a back staircase.

Burnt Cork.

The burnt cork maker threw corks of all sizes and shapes—corks bought from hotels and bottling houses—into huge wash boilers perforated with dime-sized holes. Then he sprinkled the corks with alcohol. Then he set them afire.

"The holes are for the draft. The cork," he explained, "wouldn't burn without."

And he dumped a bushel or two of cold burnt cork into a sack. He tied up the sack and set it in a tub of water. He fell to punishing and prodding it with his fists.

"The fine, smooth, powdered cork," he said as the water turned black, "filters through the canvas of the sack and settles at the bottom. When the cork is all worked out I'll strain the black water through a very close strained canvas. The fine black sediment remaining I'll mix with a little vaseline. And that mixture will make the double super burnt cork that brings the top notch price."

He proudly opened a round can of the product. It resembled in its smoothness a glossy black butter.

Cannibalism.

"We digest turkey easily," said a physician, "because the flesh resembles our own. A turkey eats grain, meat, fish, pretty much everything tasty. We do the same, and hence human flesh and turkey flesh are a good deal alike. Fish digest fish best. Carnivorous animals, if fed on the flesh of carnivores, keep in the best condition. When a snake goes off its food the trainer soon brings it around with a meal or two of snake meat. These and similar facts have been proved strikingly by Emil Fisher, the Berlin chemist. The most digestible and the most economical food, Fisher's experiments show, is that which is more like the feeder. The most indigestible, costly and least nourishing food is that which is most unlike the feeder. Cannibalism, in other words, is the most reasonable food law."

Tiresome Destiny Makers.

The British people are getting "awfully" excited about Canada. One party says that we are "home-geant"ed with American influences; and that unless something is done at once to bind us to the Mother Country we will fall like a ripe cherry into Uncle Sam's lap. Dear, dear, we hadn't noticed our own evil condition! Those Englishmen who come out and tour Canada and then go back and settle our political destinies in a couple of magazine articles make us rather weary. It may be the altitude, or it may be Canadian rye, but they certainly do get excited easily.—*Calgary Herald.*

Ask Her This Question

"Do you know of any woman who ever received any benefit from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?"

If any woman who is suffering with any ailment peculiar to her sex will ask her neighbors this question, she will be surprised at the result. There is hardly a community in this country where women cannot be found who have been restored to health by this famous old remedy, made exclusively from a simple formula of roots and herbs.

During the past 30 years we have published thousands of letters from these grateful women who have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in all that time have we published a testimonial without the writer's special permission. Never have we knowingly published a testimonial that was not truthful and genuine. Here is one just received a few days ago. If anyone doubts that this is a true and honest statement of a woman's experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound write and ask her.

Canifton, Ont.—"I had been a great sufferer for five years. One doctor told me it was ulcers of the uterus, and another told me it was a fibroid tumor. No one knows what I suffered. I would always be worse at certain periods, and never was regular, and the bearing-down pains were terrible. I was very ill in bed, and the doctor told me I would have to have an operation, and that I might die during the operation. I wrote to my sister about it and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Through personal experience I have found it the best medicine in the world for female troubles, for it has cured me, and I did not have to have the operation after all. The Compound also helped me while passing through Change of Life."—Mrs. Letitia Blair, Canifton, Ontario.

Any woman who is sick and suffering is foolish surely not to give such a medicine as this a trial. Why should it not do her as much good as it did Mrs. Blair.

WOMEN IN TROUSERS.

Peasants In Valais, Switzerland, Have Quaint Customs.

Amongst the curious communities of the world, that of Valais, a beautiful canton of Switzerland, certainly ranks as one of the most peculiar and interesting of them all. It provides a delightful picture of top-turkeydom. From time immemorial the women have worn the "breeks" and performed the manual labor of the fields, while their lords and masters lounge their days away in ease.

What is more, the women are quite content with this inverted order of things, and are perfectly satisfied if their husbands brew the herbs, fry the meat, and look after the baby, while they wrestle with the sterner duties of field and stable.

And not only do the women of Valais wear trousers for convenience when working in the fields or tramping after cattle, but also on Sundays and fete-days. "They have better-looking ones for these occasions. I

RECOGNITION BY ODOR.

Each Race and Individual Has a Particular Scent.

Every person exhales a recognizable individual odor, even if we cannot ourselves recognize it, is the contention of a writer in *La Chronique Medicale*, translated for *The Literary Digest*. He says:

"It is certain that every individual, in every nation, has his own personal odor, more or less pronounced in different subjects, but always existent. It is marked when two different races come in contact. The negro and the yellow races have for the European quite a characteristic odor, which affects our olfactory nerves more or less disagreeably. The reverse is also true—the white race exhales a perfume that is not at all pleasant to the Asiatic sense of smell. Negroes and Chinese say that the white man has the odor of death—a heavy, flat smell. According to Herve and other anthropologists, negroes have

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Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct. 19th, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations. Miles No. 12 No. 40 No. 4 No. 6

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.

Stations. Miles No. 1 No. 41 No. 3, No. 5

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.
Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct. 19th, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.					
Stations.	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6	Stations.	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Bannockburn	0				1:40	Lve Deseronto	0				
Allans	1				1:50	Arr Napanee	9				
Queensboro	14				2:05	Arr Napanee	9				
Bridgewater	14				2:25	Strathcona	15			12:25	4:40
Twined	20				2:45	Newburgh	17			12:35	4:50
Lve Twined	6:55				3:05	Thomson's Mills	18				
Stocco	21				3:15	Camden East	19			12:45	5:00
Larkins	27				3:30	Arr Yarker	23			1:00	5:13
Strathcona	33				3:45	Lve Yarker	23			1:05	5:35
Erinsville	37				3:55	Galbraith	25				
Tamworth	40			9:20	4:15	Moscow	27			1:17	5:48
Wilson	41					Mudlake Bridge	30			9:35	6:03
Enterprise	48			2:12	4:35	Enterprise	34				
Mudlake Bridge	48					Tamworth	38			1:50	6:23
Moscow	53			2:32	4:47	Erinsville	41				6:30
Galbraith	53					Marlbank	45				6:45
Yarker	55			3:07	6:00	Larkins	51				7:05
Lve Yarker	55			3:07	6:05	Stocco	58				7:35
Camden East	58			3:20	5:38	Arr Twined	58				
Thomson's Mills	60					Lve Twined	58				
Newburgh	62			3:30	6:48	Bridgewater	64				
Strathcona	62			3:49	6:58	Queensboro	70				
Napanee	69			3:53	6:15	Allans	73				
Lve Napanee	69				6:35	Arr Bannockburn	78				
Arr Deseronto	74				6:58						


Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.					
Stations.	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 4	No. 6	Stations.	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 5
Lve Kingston	0				4:00	Lve Deseronto	0				
O. T. R. Junction	8				4:10	Arr Napanee	9				
Glenvale	10				4:29	Arr Napanee	9				
Murvale	14				4:39	Strathcona	15			12:25	4:40
Arr Harrowsmith	19				4:5	Newburgh	17			12:35	4:50
Lve Harrowsmith	22				8:10	Thomson's Mills	18				
Sydenham	19				8:20	Camden East	19			8:30	12:45
Frontenac	23					Arr Yarker	23			1:00	5:13
Yarker	26				8:45	Lve Yarker	23			8:58	6:25
Yarker	36				9:11	Frontenac	27				
Camden East	30				9:24	Arr Harrowsmith	30			9:10	6:45
Thomson's Mills	32				9:24	Sydenham	34				6:10
Newburgh	32				9:25	Arr Harrowsmith	30			9:10	
Strathcona	34				9:33	Murvale	35				
Napanee	40				9:38	Glenvale	39				
Lve Napanee, West End	40					O. T. R. Junction	47			9:50	
Arr Deseronto	49				8:55	Arr Kingston	49			10:00	

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.						NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.					
TRAIN			STEAMERS			STEAMERS			TRAINS		
Leave	Arrive		Leave	Arrive		Leave	Arrive		Leave	Arrive	
Napanee	Deseronto		Deseronto	Picton		Picton	Deseronto		Deseronto	Napanee	
2:10 a.m.	2:30 a.m.		Deseronto	Picton		6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
7:10 " "	8:10 " "		7:20 a.m.	8:30 a.m.		9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.		12:15 p.m.	1:05 p.m.	
10:30 " "	10:30 " "		1:40 p.m.	3:50 p.m.		3:45 p.m.	4:05 p.m.		6:10 p.m.	6:30 p.m.	
12:05 p.m.	12:25 p.m.		5:30 p.m.	7:30 p.m.		7:10 " "	8:00 " "		12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.	
1:25 " "	1:45 " "					4 p.m.	5:30 p.m.				
4:30 " "	4:50 " "								7:00 " "	7:20 " "	
6:40 " "	7:10 " "		7:00 a.m.	8:50 a.m.					7:15 " "	7:35 " "	
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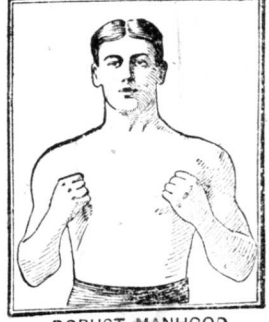
Daily. All other trains run daily. Sundays excepted.
WALTER RATHBUN President. H. B. SHERWOOD Superintendent. MILES McKEOWN, Jr. Dispatcher.

Nervous, Diseased Men

DRS. K. & K. ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS



A NERVOUS WRECK



ROBUST MANHOOD

Consultation FREE.

Question Blank for Home

Treatment sent FREE.

Reasonable Fees for Treatment

We Guarantee to Cure all Curable Cases of Stricture, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Blood Poisons, Vital Weaknesses, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, and all Diseases Peculiar to Men and Women.

Don't waste your time and money on cheap, dangerous, experimental treatment. Don't increase as you own cost your sufferings by being experimented on with remedies which they claim to have just discovered. But come to us in confidence. We will treat you conscientiously, honestly and skillfully, and restore you to health in the shortest possible time with the least medicine, discomfort and expense practicable. Each case is treated as the symptoms indicate. Our New Method is original and has stood the test for twenty years.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave., and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

their nussan drew the neros, itry the meat, and look after the baby, while they wrestle with the sterner duties of field and stable.

And not only do the women of Valais wear trousers for convenience when working in the fields or tramping after cattle, but also on Sundays and fete-days. "They have better-looking ones for these occasions, I must confess," says Miss Van der Veer, in an interesting article published in The Wide World Magazine, "but they have no hankering for the trammels of skirts even during their courting hours. I was highly amused at seeing the pretty girls sauntering along the picturesque trails with their sweethearts' arms around their waists, looking to the casual stranger for all the world like two young men gone 'looney'."

"One can scarcely imagine a wedding party with bride and groom dressed in the same kind of garments, but I have seen one in the mountains, when the bride wore a white bodice, white trousers, and a bunch of white violets in her hair! She was as pretty as a picture, too, despite the attire, and quite as blushing and shy as any bride out of a convent."

The working-day trousers are of the "home-made" variety and by no means becoming. Often they are so long and baggy that they seem almost as cumbersome as skirts would be. The most amusing part about this working costume is that the upper part remains feminine, being the ordinary rough bodice of the peasant woman, often in bright colors of red or blue.

And, in spite of their familiarity with trousers, the women of Valais do not walk or sit in a masculine manner. "Anyone can see at a glance that they are women in men's clothes. They always sit sideways on horseback, and get over fences by first mounting to the top rail and sliding down woman-fashion, instead of striding over man-fashion."

"Another feminine absurdity is the wearing of a long sort of toga, which trails down their backs and gets in the way whenever they bend over or go through the tangles of the mountain wood."

"Why don't you wear a cap or small felt hat like the men?" I asked an old woman once.

"We have always covered our heads so," was her explanation—an explanation, in her opinion, that was all-sufficient; peasants from one generation to another do everything simply because their forefathers did the same."

A Tangle of Letters That Was Finally Made O. K.

The man with a soft, low voice had just completed his purchases.

"What is the name?" asked the clerk.

"Jepson," replied the man.

"Jefferson?"

"No, Jepson; J-e-p-s-o-n."

"Jepson?"

"That's it. Eighty-two"—

"Your first name—initial, please."

"Oh, K."

"O. K. Jepson?"

"Excuse me, it isn't O. K. I said 'Oh.'"

"O. Jepson?"

"No, rub out the O. and let the K. stand."

The assistant looked annoyed.

"Will you please give me your initials again?"

"I said K."

"I beg your pardon, you said O. K. Perhaps you had better write it yourself."

"I said 'Oh.'"

"Just now you said K."

"Allow me to finish what I started to say. I said 'Oh' because I did not understand what you were asking me. I did not mean that it was my initial. My name is Kirby Jepson."

"Oh."

"No, not O., but K.," said the man.

"Give me the pencil and I'll write it down for you myself. There; it's O. K. now!"

which affects our olfactory nerves more or less disagreeably. The reverse is also true—the white race exhales a perfume that is not at all pleasant to the Asiatic sense of smell. Negroes and Chinese say that the white man has the odor of death—a heavy, flat smell. According to Herve and other anthropologists, negroes have a most marked odor—that of the goat.

Dr. Matignon says that the oriental countries have so characteristic an odor that one of his friends, for several years in the foreign affairs office, asserted that when he was in the minister's private office he could always tell of the arrival of a despatch box from Peking or Tokio solely by its odor. Besides this racial odor there is an individual odor, scarcely or not at all appreciable in some persons, pronounced in others. No matter how slight it is, a dog will recognize it and follow it."

After describing some of the popular traditions that ascribe to the saints delightful odors such as those of roses or lilies, and to sorcerers diabolic odors of sulphur or of burning flesh, the writer goes on:

"Without dwelling longer on legends, we may assert that red haired persons have especially strong odors."

The personal odor varies in quantity and intensity with the hour of the day, with the moral condition of the subject, with the state of his nervous system, with the thousand and one variable conditions of daily life. Hysterical persons have an odor of violets, and this odor changes if a different modality enters their psychic or physical state.

"Why have certain human beings an agreeable odor? I do not think that physiologists have ever found a plausible reason. It is true that these odors, whether good or bad, are not in most cases well developed, and that consequently they are perceptible to only a small number of persons, but they do exist in every individual; the scent of his master which the dog follows for long distances and over numerous obstacles is a proof of this. If we do not perceive, except under special conditions, the odor exhaled by our own species, we must attribute it to the imperfections of our sense of smell."

"The Dream Food" of the Greeks.

Hashish, that strange drug which has given our language its word "hashish"—a man so frenzied by the drug that he accomplishes murder—is used by the Persian, Turk, and Egyptians in a manner akin to the use of opium by the Chinese. It is the product of a plant grown in large quantities in the Peloponnesus (Southern Greece), in the district about Tripolitza. The plant grows to a height of about four feet, and its branches are thickly covered with small leaves and studded with tiny seeds.

The entire plant, stalk and branches, is cut within a few inches of the root and laid out in the sun to dry. The branches are then rubbed to separate the seeds, and these in turn are ground into a fine powder, which constitutes the drug. The drug has the power of producing sleep and producing pleasant and fantastic dreams. Continued use of hashish renders its devotees wild and reckless, and results in a complete wreck of their mental and physical constitution.

For this reason the Egyptian Government has prohibited the importation of the drug, and recently entered into a convention with Greece to prevent its exportation from there to Egypt, where the consumers of hashish are very numerous. The drug is practically never used in Greece, but is now exported to various ports in England, Austria, France, and Italy, and from there much, no doubt, ultimately finds its way to Egypt.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

What Other Papers Say.

Ottawa Journal.

Verily, the man who goes on a railway train rideth by faith.

Galt Reporter.

The more you feed Uncle Sam on our trade the more the old gentleman wants.

Fredericton Herald.

The historian who drafted the speech from the throne omitted to make mention of Mr. Borden's grand Premier show, which made an inglorious tour of Canada prior to the last Dominion election.

London Advertiser.

Joe Martin told the Canadian Club, Toronto, that if Canada became independent she could be bought by American gold to enter the United States. Martin is leaving for England, where he will permanently reside, and Canadians can well spare one who has such a poor opinion of his countrymen.

Brockville Times.

A number of Canadians have recently been refused entry to the United States. Serves them right. What on earth do they want to go to the United States for when there are better opportunities for personal advancement in their own country? Let them stay at home and aid in the great work of developing Canada. It should appeal to their pockets if not to their patriotism.

Stratford Beacon.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, who has charge of the census department and can speak with knowledge of the growth of population in Canada, recently stated in an address the next census would show a population of eight millions in the Dominion, and predicted that in thirty years it would be twenty millions. Mr. Fisher must be counting on a long life for Sir Wilfrid as Premier.

Montreal Witness.

The United States has more than twice the population of the United Kingdom, and her natural wealth is infinitely greater, and Germany, if her population continues to increase in the present proportion, will soon double the population of the British Isles, and be at least equal in resources. Better, surely, to acknowledge this than continue this insane struggle. If the over-sea Imperialists were willing to pay only a fair proportion of the cost of the fleet which protects them, and in which they take such cheap pride, the case might be a little different, but the poor of England cannot and will not bear this brooding nag and increasing load for ever. They will have to throw it off or their backs will break. This is the only item in their election programme, so far as we know, that Mr. Asquith and his colleagues have turned their backs upon.

YARKER.

For last week.

Mrs. Juniac, mother of Mrs. W. H. Woodhouse, of Yarker, died in Kingston Saturday night.

W. H. Woodhouse left for Toronto Tuesday as a delegate to the A. O. U. W. grand lodge meeting.

John Warner had the misfortune to cut his foot with an axe.

Peter Crouther drove quite a load of young people to Sydenham Saturday night.

John Main's house was invaded by a surprise party. All had a good time and left for home about 4 a.m.

Dr. Beatty and wife, New York city, came over last week owing to the low state of Arthur Baxter, the father of Mrs. Dr. Beatty.

DISTRICT JUDGE U. S. COURT Recommends Pe-ru-na as an Invigorating Tonic.

Judge John W. Bixler,
formerly United States
Circuit Judge, now United
States District Judge, of
Kansas, endorses Peruna.



JUDGE JOHN W. BIXLER.
1750 P. STREET.
WASHINGTON, D.C.

I can
unhesitatingly
recommend
your Peruna
as an
invigorating
tonic, also an
excellent
remedy for
coughs and
colds.

Pe-ru-na Testimonials.

When any man or woman, out of pure gratitude, writes us a letter, commenting upon the benefits he has received from the use of Peruna, when he does this without any solicitation or remuneration of any sort, and furnishes us a recent photograph, so that his identity and responsibility in the matter is beyond question, then do we consider a testimonial available for our advertising purposes.

We are at the present time publishing many hundreds of testimonials. We give the name and address in full of each one of these people.

We have no use for, nor would we publish for any sum of money, a fraudulent testimonial. To do such a thing would be dishonorable from a moral standpoint, and commercial suicide from a business standpoint.

Tonic and Appetizer.

W. H. Parsons is ex-State Senator and ex-Special Judge of the Supreme Court of Texas, also Brigadier General in Confederate Army. In a recent letter from 925 H St., N. W., Washington, D. C., this prominent gentleman says:

"Upon the recommendation of personal friends and many strong testimonials of the efficacy of Peruna in the treatment of the numerous symptoms of the grip, with which I have been affected for four months past, I have been induced to undergo a treatment of this justly celebrated formula.

"I feel a decided change for the better after using it only one week. It is especially good in toning up the stomach, and has a decided effect upon my appetite. I therefore feel much encouraged that I am on the road to complete restoration.

"My numerous friends in Texas, where I have had the honor to command a brigade of her Veteran Cavalry, in a four-year war, may accept this voluntary testimonial to the merit of Peruna from a sense of obligation for its wonderful efficacy."

Appetite and Digestion Poor.

Mr. Charles Schweits, Lexington, Texas, writes:

"I suffered from catarrh of the liver. What I ate disagreed with me. I was weak and feverish. I slept very poorly, had rush of blood to the head. I was very despondent, and took no pleasure in anything. My appetite was changeable, digestion poor.

"Your medicine made me well again, for which I express to you my heartfelt thanks. I firmly believe that for all who suffer in like manner it would have the same good effect."

Disordered Liver, Constipation.

Mr. W. O. Clement, Assistant Manager "Rome Georgian," Rome, Ga., writes: "It affords me pleasure to voluntarily testify to the true merits of your wonderful Peruna.

"I have for several years been suffering from disordered liver and chronic constipation, for which I had tried a great many remedies, but none did me any good. My whole system was so thoroughly overcome that I was easy to catch cold and the consequence was that a chronic case of catarrh was fast developing.

"I have been taking Peruna for six weeks and am happy to say that it has had the desired effect. My liver is in good condition, constipation disappeared, and I no longer feel any of the symptoms of catarrh.

"In truth I am now in better health and feel stronger than I have for several years and it is all due to the wonderful effects of Peruna."

Systemic Catarrh.

Mr. Moses F. Merrill, Route 8, Columbus, Kansas, writes:

"The improvement in my health has been wonderful. My bowels are regular as clock-work. I can now eat like other people and my vitals digest completely. I think I am cured of systemic catarrh.

"It has been a hard fight, but I came out victor. Many thanks for your kind counsel and management."

ASSISTANCE IN UNDERDRAINAGE.

Underdrainage will pay for itself in from one to three years. Perhaps no example in Ontario demonstrates this more conclusively than the drainage of "the Rittenhouse farm" at Jordan Harbour, in the Niagara peninsula. Originally it was very wet, so much so indeed that after the crops were scarcely worth cutting. In 1906 Mr. M. F. Rittenhouse of Chicago gave it to the Government for an horticultural experiment farm. In 1907 it was underdrained, the lines of tile being about four and a half rods apart. In many places the subsoil was very, very heavy, so that the digging was hard and the cost high, about \$25 an acre. In 1908 on the part that was formerly the wettest it grew 65 bushels of oats to the acre, thereby practically paying for the drainage in one season for the year previous the oats on the same land were

VAGARIES OF VOLCANOES.

Scientists Have a Hard Time Predicting What Will Happen Next.

There is no more contradictory thing in nature than a volcano. Its heat is incalculable, yet ice formed upon it may remain intact, even underneath streams of lava. This has occurred on Aetna, where an ice-sheet formed from melted snow was covered with molten lava without disappearing. The lava congealed, leaving the ice intact beneath it in the shape of a stratified bed, much the same as the extraordinary formation known as "stone ice," which underlies the later rocks of the Lena Peninsula and of the New Siberian Islands.

Something of the same kind exists

The Oyster Crab.

Some of the most remarkable crabs in the world live at the expense of other animals. They are crustacean tramps and have no shame in sustaining existence at other animals' cost. One of these marine tramps is a little fellow that makes its home with the living oyster. In fact, it dwells in the oyster's shell and feeds on whatever is left over from the mollusk's dinners. Oddly enough, however, it is only the female that has this habit of "boarding out." The male crab has no permanent home, but spends its time swimming about at the surface of the water. Oyster crabs sometimes are the only ones to have an arm stretch of

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...John Warner had the misfortune to cut his foot with an axe.
Peter Crouther drove quite a load of young people to Sydenham Saturday night.
John Main's house was invaded by a surprise party. All had a good time and left for home about 4 a.m.
Dr. Beatty and wife, New York city, came over last week owing to the low state of Arthur Baxter, the father of Mrs. Dr. Beatty. Dr. Beatty went home again Saturday last.
Mrs. Hugh Cambridge is again here, having been away most of the winter.
Glady's O'Loughlin, youngest daughter of Mac O'Loughlin, of New York city is at J. V. Burns'.
Another birth—the wife of John Wright, jr., of a son.
Miss Etta Hayes has gone to her home in Arden for a few days.
Harry Good has removed here from Naples as an employee in the wheel factory.
Miss Lena Hannah, of Desmond, is at Calvin Lee's.
The debating society meeting will be at J. A. Vandewater's Thursday night.
Dr. Spankie, L. P. S., was in Yarker on Monday.
Mrs. F. E. Benjamin and daughter, Lena, are home again, also Mrs. Oldham and Lois Benjamin.
Lenten services will be in St. Anthony's church, Yarker, each night next week.
William Skinner is still confined to his home but is improving slowly.
A party and dance at the home of Edward Irish, Yarker, Tuesday night, was attended by the young people of the village.

The Valuables.

The man with a wife and seven children hauled up in front of the hotel desk, registered, got his bellboy and was starting off when the clerk, thinking maybe he might jolly the new arrival, called to him.
"I beg your pardon," he said, "but hadn't you better leave your valuables in the safe?"
"Do you think I ought to?" inquired the man innocently enough, to hear him say it.
"Well, it is the best plan."
"All right," said the man, and, turning to his wife, "Here, Mary, pass the children over to the gent behind the counter. He'll look after them and give us a rest."
Whereupon the clerk apologized.—Judge.

Exempt.

"Jes' you come right home, Henry Hiram—breakin' the Sabbath day in that scan'lous, sinful fashion."
"Well, Jimmy Hicks is let play on Sunday."
"The commandant don't apply t' him. His paw's a vegetarian."—Life.

ANALYTICAL CHEMIST TELLS OF PATENT MEDICINES

A graduate in organic chemistry, who has made a study of many of the best-known patent medicines on the market, states that many have virtue, but as a rule people have to pay for a lot of unnecessary expense. The following is the recipe of a well-known secret preparation, and is known by authority to be one of the best stomach and liver tonics. It is prescribed by many of the best physicians.

This mixture cures constipation and biliousness. The recipe:—
Fluid Extract Cascara..... ½ oz.
Syrup Rhubarb 1 oz.
Carriana Compound 1 oz.
Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla 5 oz.
Take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

An eminent authority, who has made a careful and scientific study of the relative values of drugs having a specific action on the kidneys, bladder, and liver, pronounces this an excellent combination.

You can buy the ingredients separately and mix at home.
Cut this formula out and save it.

Government for horticultural experiment farm. In 1907 it was underdrained, the lines of tile being about four and a half rods apart. In many places the subsoil was very, very heavy, so that the digging was hard and the cost high, about \$25 an acre. In 1908 on the part that was formerly the wettest it grew 65 bushels of oats to the acre, thereby practically paying for the drainage in one season, for the year previous the oats on the same land were not worth cutting.

The Rittenhouse farm was surveyed and the drainage system for it planned by the Department of Physics at the Ontario Agricultural College. Any farmer in Ontario who is contemplating underdrainage may on application have his farm surveyed, the drains planned, and the grades determined. A finished map containing this information and also the size of tile advisable is sent to the owner as soon as completed. The only outlay connected with the survey is the travelling expenses of one man from Guelph to the farm, consisting of railway fare, meals and cartage of instruments. The railway fare is only one cent a mile each way for this work.

At the conclusion of each survey a drainage demonstration is held in the field, and simple practical methods of surveying a drain, determining its grade and securing a true bottom are demonstrated, and the benefits of drainage discussed.

Anyone desiring a survey and plan should apply to Prof. Wm. H. Day, Department of Physics, O. A. C., Guelph. A large number of applications are already in for this season.

A GREAT RUNNER.

One of His Feats of Which He Had to Be Reminded.

"I'm the real thing as a runner," said Howard James majestically as he seated himself at the first home dinner since his return from college. His mother and sister looked at him in sheer admiration.

"Yes, mother, I wish you could have been at the university to see me run. During the football season I ran away from every one on the team. They were not in it for a minute. In the classes I took the lead, leaving them in the lurch. I always stood highest in my lectures. And then when it came to selecting a president for the class I made the race. When the voting started I ran second, but at the last, well, I ran ahead of all of the other candidates. There's no doubt about it, I'm a runner. Of course, when the baseball season opened the crowd wanted me to get on the team. At first I hesitated because I realized my superiority, but persuasion succeeded. I went on the team, and the way I ran bases was a positive shame. Then I went into the track meet. I ran ten yards in ten seconds, almost equaling the world's record. Yes; I am a runner. Then"—

"Then you ran into debt," interrupted Old Man James, with a distinctive grunt, "and I have to pay you out."

Proof Enough.

Patient—Are you sure, doctor, that this health food that you have recommended is nourishing? Doctor—Sure? Why, I know it. The man who introduced that health food not only lives but supports a large family on it.—Stray Stories.

A Bitter Retort.

"Do you think," he asked, "that you could learn to love me?"
"I don't know," she answered.
"I might, but if I were a man I'd hate to think that I was an acquired taste."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Fletcher*

...formed from melted snow was covered with molten lava without disappearing. The lava congealed, leaving the ice intact beneath it in the shape of a stratified bed, much the same as the extraordinary formation known as "stone ice," which underlies the later rocks of the Lena Peninsula and of the New Siberian Islands.

Something of the same kind exists almost within the crater of Teide, the still-smoking vent from which the last eruption of the Peak of Teneriffe took place. There, within a cavern blown by some outburst of white hot gases, is a pool of water frozen almost solid, with huge icicles pendant from the still warm rocks above. The ice thus created in the very heart of the fiery mountain is a luxury eagerly sought after in the semi-tropical heat of the island. So also are the snows of other volcanic peaks; but these owe their existence—which is seldom constant to the mountains' height rather than to any freak of subterranean forces.

In this connection it is interesting to note that the volcanic mud baths of the Medocino district of California are not boiling, as one might expect, but icy cold. During the terrible eruption in the North Island of New Zealand, the same peculiarity appeared, hot and cold springs appearing there close together.

The causes of this phenomenon are obscure, which is not now the case with that of the strange, rounded balls, like boys' marbles magnified many times, thrown out by some volcanoes. The Neapolitans call these ejected by Vesuvius "ciottoloni," and where the fashion of their making is not understood, they are still regarded with superstitious reverence. They are, however, simply boulders with which the volcano has been playing, as a stream might play with the pebbles in its bed. Only instead of being water-worn into rounded masses, these boulders, weighing sometimes up to one hundred tons, have been whirled about in mad storms of liquid lava far beneath the earth's crust. Upon no other hypothesis can they be accounted for.

These balls are accountable for another puzzling volcanic freak. Within the area affected by a great eruption huge pits are sometimes found to have been dug in the form of inverted cones. Many theories have been advanced to account for these, but their secret was finally revealed after the tremendous outburst from Bandaisan. Then in digging below the point of these pits, Japanese scientists discovered "ciottoloni," which had been projected, bomb-like, from the crater to some incalculable height, and in falling had dug out the mysterious holes. Further proof of this theory was found in the fact that some of these balls still bore green fragments of foliage caught in their descent.

Great Find of Prehistoric Relics.

Miss Layard, an Ipswich, England, antiquary, has returned from Ireland with 800 flint knives, arrow-heads, scrapers, turtle-backs and bones of which she picked up on the shore of an Irish lough in the course of seven hours.

Mount Everest.

"Mount Everest" has not been universally accepted as the name of the world's highest mountain. It was bestowed in 1867 by the Royal Geographical Society in honor of Sir Geo. Everest, the surveyor-general, who organized the survey of India upon a scientific basis. The society overruled an objection that the Nepalese already called the mountain Devadhunga (God's Seat) and Bheirava Langur (the Terrible pass), being doubtful whether these names referred to this particular mountain. On the continent of Europe many have persisted in calling it Dawidhankar, a title of the god Shiva the Destroyer and his wife. But this seems to be really another peak, and Col. Waddell has found by much inquiring no native name for Everest but "the White mountain," a vague term, just like the original Mont Blanc of the Alps.

...oyster's shell and feeds on whatever is left over from the mollusk's dinners. Oddly enough, however, it is only the female that has this habit of "boarding out." The male crab has no permanent home, but spends its time swimming about at the surface of the water. Oyster crabs sometimes are big enough to have an arm stretch of an inch. Epicures consider them very good to eat. Sometimes they are cooked separately, and occasionally they are pickled. Crabs of nearly allied species, somewhat bigger, are found in the shells of mussels and scallops. In this case, again, only the female is a parasite.

Scottish Caution.

Certainly the cautious Scot spirit pervaded the opinions of the Scottish architect who was called upon to erect a building in England upon the long lease system, so common with Anglican proprietors, but quite new to our friend. When he found the proposal was to build upon the tenure of 999 years he quietly suggested: "Could ye no mak' it a thousand? Nine hundred and ninety-nine years 'll be slippin' awa'."

But of all the cautious and careful answers we ever heard of was one given by a carpenter to an old lady in Glasgow, for whom he was working, and the anecdote is well authenticated. She had offered him a dram and asked him whether he would have it then or wait till his work was done. "Indeed, mem," he said, "there's been sic a power o' sudden deaths lately that I'll just tak' it now."—"Reminiscences of Dean Ramsay."

Gallantry.

At a school in Aberdeen a teacher was examining her class on the Bible, the lesson being a part of Genesis. The teacher asked her class, "Why did the serpent tempt Eve instead of Adam?"

For some time there was silence. But at length a little boy held up his hand and replied, "Please, mum, 'cause it's ladies first."

A Case of Urgent Need.

It was in the hotel of a mining town that the New England guest, registering in the office, heard a succession of loud yells. "What in the world is that—a murder going on upstairs?" he demanded.

"No," said the clerk as he slammed the book and lounged toward the stairs. "It's the spring bed up in No. 5. That tenderfoot up there don't get the hang of it, and every few days he gets one of the spiral springs screwed into him like a shirt stud. I guess I'll have to go up if there ain't anything more I can do for you for a few minutes."

CATARRH

If you are suffering from Catarrh of Cold in the head send to the CUIROL SALVE CO., Spadina Ave., Toronto, for a free trial of CUIROL. It cures Catarrh and relieves a cold in the head, sore throat or a tight chest like magic. Rub CUIROL well into the parts affected and inhale the healing essences.

25c a box of all Druggists and Dealers or postpaid from the proprietors on receipt of price.

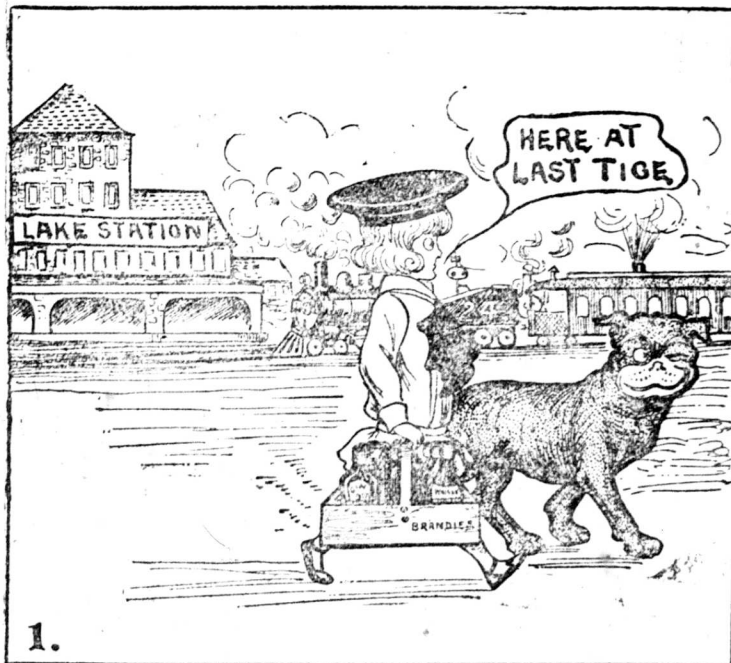
HEALING, SOOTHING, ANTISEPTIC.

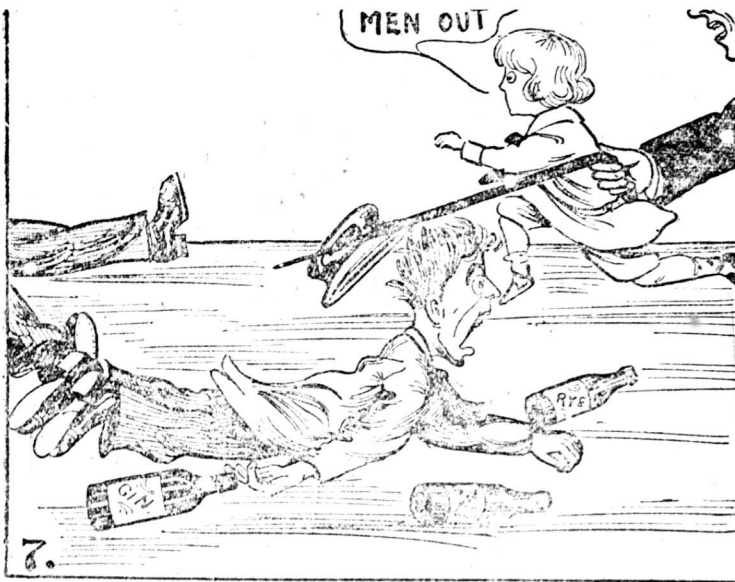
CUIROL

SALVE
GREATEST OF HEALERS



Buster Brown, *and* They go on a hunt





TALK ABOUT BROTHERHOOD

The Greatest of All Loves Is the Love of Humanity.

"He that loveth his brother abideth in the light."—John iii, 10.

There are some people who make brave professions of intense love for all the human race with whom it is nevertheless exceedingly difficult for individual representatives of the race to live. It is always an easier matter to be filled with a lofty sentiment of universal fraternity than it is to exhibit even ordinary patience with the man who stands beside you.

That love for man which is the best evidence of one's love for the Most High may be a much simpler and a much rarer quality than we sometimes think. It is by no means certain that it is all summed up and expressed in foreign and home missionary offerings or even in re-

form and charity organizations or that it is the exclusive property of those who write and sing about the brotherhood of man.

It is really an easy matter to learn to love the ideal and fictitious man, the creature of the poet's imagination. He makes no assaults on your nerves, olfactory or others, and when you get tired of him you can just shut your mind to him; he will not shiver on your mental doorstep nor vex your philosophic soul with querulous intimations on

BREAD AND HANDOUTS.

Some of the most selfish people in this world take perfect delight in dreams of the federation of the nations of the world, when all the peoples shall love one another, all

the fags be furled and the cannon be converted into flower pots. But that universal fraternity would be quite a different matter if it became practical and affected the interest on government bonds or the price of furs and feathers.

Some of the most disagreeable people in the world are prodigious reservoirs of emotional verse and phrase on brotherhood and the love of our fellow beings. But the fellow being sentiment was not made to embrace their servants and neighbors who would be quite happy if one of such angelic ideals would take an angelic habitation permanently.

Then you will find some ordinary people, rough, perhaps, on the exterior, and even sometimes seemingly untroubled by high ideals, about whom their fellow beings gather like iron filings to a magnet, to whom they cling in times of trouble like limpets to a rock. They may have heard quite nothing of poetry or brotherhood; they are simply brothers, that's all.

There are others who seem, as we say, to have a faculty for getting along with all kinds of folk;

they make friends and they hold them. They are found amongst all kinds of people and in all walks of life, but they are the cement of society everywhere. They are not often brilliant and they are never hardened by theories of social improvement, but they are just brothers, making us all a family.

Now, there is nothing mysterious about this power that some have to win friends and to bind us all together. It simply means that they have learned to look for

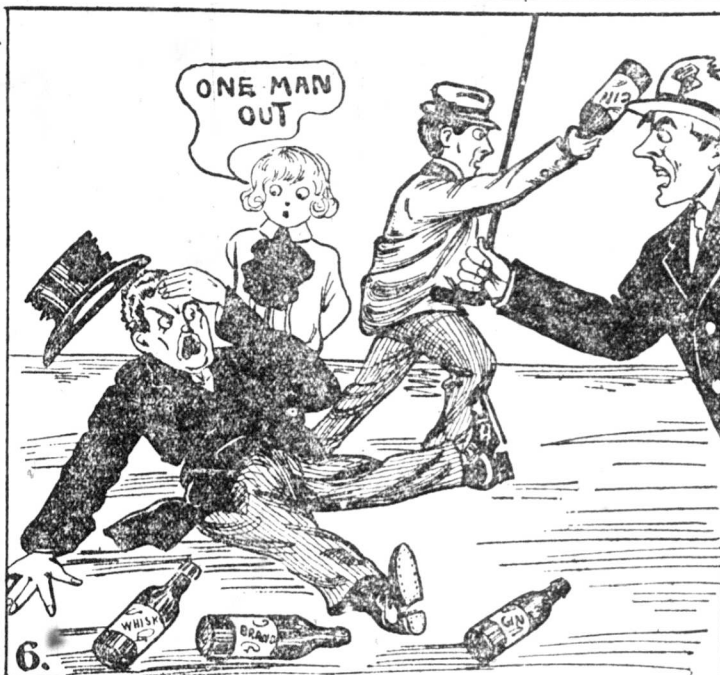
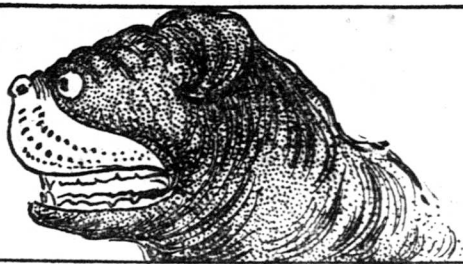
THE ESSENTIAL THINGS

in people; they like use for our own sakes; they set their hearts on the souls of men, the real self in each of us. They get along with the hobnob because they see through his rags and with the king because they do not see his regalia.

The trouble with many of us is that when we talk about brotherhood we mean we would take all men into our family if they would acquire our tastes and habits. When we look at the other man we are thinking how unlike he is to what we are and therefore to what he ought to be. We miss the

man through whom we live. We miss the real man, the man who is the real life in the world.

n, and Tige hunt.



THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
MAR. 28.

Temperance Lesson. Proverbs 23:
29-35. Golden Text,
Prov. 23: 32.

Verse 1. The Improved Man, with an Improved Character, is the Essential Means to an Improved World.—We cannot have a heavenly city unless the inhabitants are of a heavenly character.

II. There is Material Enough, Money Enough, Mind Enough, in This World, to Make It a Paradise.—The money and talent in any civilized city is sufficient if properly used and distributed to make that city an Eden, an Hesperides Garden, or the realization of any dream, ancient or modern, of the Golden Age. All would be educated, all would partake of the best things; there would be no slums, no subject poverty. Everyone would have all the joy, the wealth, the comforts, the rights, the school privileges which he could use. The one thing needed is the Improved Man to make the social transformation of the world, the eliminating every evil from the character of men, till they are restored to the moral image of God, when each one did all he wished, and wishes but what he ought.

III. The Great Obstacle in the Way is sin, bad character in some of its many forms.

The one of these forms, the great obstacle which most concerns us in this lesson, is Intemperance, the want of self-control over the appetites and passions.

The wise man of the Proverbs expresses the evils of intemperance by a series of questions.

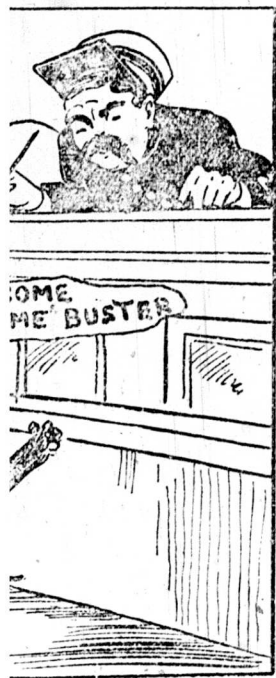
29. Who hath woe! who hath sorrow!—The words corresponding to the two substantives are, strictly speaking, interjections, as in the margin, Who hath Oh! Who hath Alas! The woes are too great and too many to name separately. They are woes of body and woes of mind; woes in one's self, woes in his family; pains, diseases, poverty.

Note that other people have woes and sorrows, besides the intemperate man. Apostles and martyrs have been imprisoned and tortured, have suffered hunger and thirst, endured poverty and sickness and pain. We have studied some instances during the past quarter. Read the eleventh chapter of Hebrews. Read the stories of the Huguenots in France, and of the martyrs and missionaries of every age.

But the difference in the two kinds of suffering is heaven-wide.

The woes and sorrows of Peter and John, Paul and Silas, in dungeons and chains, rejoicing that they were counted worthy to suffer for Christ's sake, with clear consciences, for the sake of the kingdom of God and salvation of men, listening to God's "Well done, good and faithful," and seeing the crown of righteousness are almost infinitely removed from the woes and sorrows of those that tarry long at the wine, whose sufferings are the fruit of their own sins.

The other sorrows that flow from the wine cup mentioned in the wise man's questions belong only



RESOLVED

THAT LIQUOR IS A VERY BAD THING, IT DON'T MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE HOW GOOD YOU ARE IF YOU DRINK. YOU CAN NOT BE A GOOD MAN OR WOMAN. BECAUSE WHEN YOU DRINK YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND BAD COMPANIONS AROUND YOU BIRDS OF A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER. SO IF YOU WANT TO BE HAPPY YOU MUST BE GOOD. LIQUOR IS LIKE FIRE AND IF YOU PUT YOUR HAND IN THE FIRE YOU'LL GET BURN'T. THE WAY OF THE TRANSGRESSOR IS HARD AS A ROCK.

BUSTER BROWN.

12. Copyrighted 1909. by E.E. PALMER

men, listening to God's word, done, good and faithful," and seeing the crown of righteousness are almost infinitely removed from the woes and sorrows of those that tarry long at the wine, whose sufferings are the fruit of their own sins.

The other sorrows that flow from the wine cup mentioned in the wise man's questions belong only to wickedness—a quarrelsome disposition—where strong drink inflames the passions, and, at the same time, removes the restraint of conscience and will, first maddening and then unchaining the tiger, grumbling, foolish talking—where the drunkard's "tongue is set on fire of hell;" "wounds without cause;" "redness of eyes;" either (or both) the dimming of the sight, physical, mental, and spiritual, or the "copper nose" which makes "the drinker's nose blush for the sins of his mouth."

IV. Another Obstacle Among the Boys—Cigarettes.

V. The Means by Which These Great Evils Can be Removed are Precisely the Same as Those which Produced the Marvelous Transformations of Character in the Early Christian Disciples, Which We Have Been Studying.

1. Christ, our Living Leader, the power of God for salvation.
2. The Holy Spirit, convincing men of sin, of righteousness, and of judgment to come; awakening men's hearts, inspiring them to better things.
3. The religious life which these produce.
4. The results as manifested in the healing of the body, and the betterment of the outward life and happiness, which were symbols and means to a better spiritual life.
5. The banding together in an organization which created a helpful moral atmosphere.
6. The courage, wisdom, generosity, love, peace, joy, religious spirit, righteousness of life, produced in the disciples.
7. Their efforts to bring others into these blessings, and to spread the good news.
8. The good example of the Christians.

A LINK WITH NAPOLEON.

Death of Woman Who Spoke to the Little Corporal.

Anne Josephine Rubay, who was the only living woman who could say that she had spoken to Napoleon at the battle of Ligny, died this month at Ligny at the age of 104 years. A week before her death she told the following story: "Before the battle of Ligny Napoleon established his headquarters at my mother's inn. Napoleon's staff camped in the garden, where my father had buried his money.

"One night I went into the garden and was arrested. They brought me before the Emperor 'What are you doing here?' he asked, and I confessed my anxiety about my father's money.

"Napoleon said: 'I am responsible for that. Call your father. My father came, and the Emperor gave him some orders, and asked him several questions about the surrounding country. He also congratulated him on his daughter, and then, turning to me, he said, 'Here is my portrait,' and he gave me a gold piece."

The woman kept the gold piece ever afterwards, and had it under a glass case at her house at the time of her death.

hold man himself because we cannot see through his conditions and clothes. While we are seeking to save religion from evaporation in sentiment shall we not seek to save fraternity from the same fate? Brotherhood means many a hard lesson, means finding a great reward, it means the discovery of humanity. It means learning to live with other people and so finding the greatest wealth in the world, that which lies in human hearts and minds.

A man learns to love books by reading and songs by singing, but the greatest of all loves, the love of humanity, of lives, is learned just by living with people, by taking time to find out what is in them, by stopping long enough in our mad business of making a living to realize that the best things of life lie in the love and life of others.

HENRY F. COPE.

The rattle of pans and dishes in the kitchen sounds better than classical music to a hungry man.

FIJI MONKEY GAME.

Mad Sport That Natives Sometimes Indulge in.

In the Fiji "Monkey Game" laughter reaches its highest point, for this is one of the wildest they play; and not only the children indulge in it, but the grown-up men sometimes take it into their heads to play it, when it assumes a very different aspect. With the children it is pure fun, with little or no danger attaching to it.

A crowd of youngsters line up and move about like monkeys who are merely enjoying themselves. Suddenly one of them stops and gives vent to a shriek of fear; the others take up the cry and immediately break their line and run wildly all over the place, chattering excitedly. When the simulated panic is at its height, the smaller boys spring on to the backs of the bigger ones, and are raced about all over the place till fatigue puts an end to the fun. When their elders play the "Monkey Game," however, they often become so worked up that they really behave

like a crowd of monkeys gone stark mad.

Sir Everard Thurn, at present Governor of Fiji, relates a most trying experience he went through during one of these mad frolics. He says that the players burst suddenly in amongst the huts, swarmed up the roofs, tearing great mouthfuls of thatch away in their flight, and then dash into the room, upsetting everything they came across and destroying food and furniture. The old man of the settlement and his wife, in real anxiety, for their goods tried to protect what they could, tearing it even from out of the 'monkeys' hands or throwing food to them to distract their attention from more valuable property."

PUNISHMENT.

Lucy—"The wretch! And so he has been proposing to both of us!" Jenny—"It seems so." "I wish we could think of some fearful way to punish him." "I have an idea." "What is it?" "You marry him, dear."

LIFE ON A TORPEDO BOAT

CRAMPED AND UNCOMFORTABLE ON A DESTROYER.

But Men Like the Dangerous Work Because of Its Great Risks and Big Rewards.

"A dog's life." That is the way the naval officer of years and experience describes existence in a torpedo boat destroyer.

The work is hard; the food often atrocious when the vessel is at sea, for the simple reason that in anything like rough weather it is impossible to cook or eat a meal in any comfort; the motion is harassing and violent—so harassing and violent that it used some years ago to be a favorite pastime in torpedo vessels whenever they put to sea to arrange a sweepstake in the little wardroom, the prize going to the officer who drew the name of the last victim to succumb.

The space below deck is cramped and confined, intensely hot in summer, bitterly cold in winter, for the plates of the vessel are of the thinnest and conduct the heat or cold to perfection.

ALL WEIGHT IS CUT DOWN.

To the utmost, and when the enormously powerful engines are running at top speed the vibration is consequently most trying.

In blockade it is their duty to close in at night upon the hostile port, facing the danger of floating mines, which again and again damaged the Japanese destroyers off Port Arthur. At other times they may have to attack the enemy's battleships.

The crew number some sixty officers and men, the officers being a lieutenant, a sub-lieutenant, a gunner and an engineer-lieutenant. There is no doctor for the simple reason that there is no room for him.

The officers are berthed aft in tiny cupboards opening out of a little ward-room, or in the ward-room, where they try to eat and sleep when off duty. But their number is so small that they are almost continuously at work, and hence, owing to the speedy exhaustion of her crew, a destroyer cannot long keep the sea.

IN THE STROKEHOLD.

The seamen are berthed forward, and sleep in what are generally known as "lammy suits," thick, warm garments suited to the chilly temperature of a destroyer's forward compartment.

All the crew receive "hard-lying" money, or a small addition to their pay to recompense them for the hardships undergone. The work is, indeed, "cruel hard," as they would tell the public, and nowhere is it harder than in the strokehold and engine room when the destroyer is running at any speed in bad weather.

For then she tosses and pitches, flinging the men this way and that amid the whirling machinery, while the battening down of the hatches makes the temperature almost insupportable.

The deck when the boat is running at high speed in a seaway is almost continuously swept by the sea.

Everyone is in oilskins and the waves from time to time break over the little bridge forward, from

SOME TALES OF A SNAIL

QUEER BREATHING APPARATUS IN THE BODY.

Has Sense of Smell and Well-developed Ear — Saw-like Tongue With 30,000 Teeth.

If one wishes to examine a snail he should place the specimen on a piece of glass. The snail is a cold-blooded animal, and contact with the warm hand probably induces in him the feeling which would result in us from placing the hand or body on top of the kitchen range. The coolness of the glass will be agreeable to his snailship, and he will travel peaceably along, rapidly expanding and contracting his broad sucker-like feet.

His horns are protruded in an inquiring manner, and if a finger is placed in front of him he will probably walk on until these feelers come in contact with it. Then the tentacles are withdrawn and waved about in the effort to see the obstruction more clearly, for each feeler contains at its end a small imperfect, but still discernible, eye, which is capable of distinguishing between light and darkness.

A snail's manner of withdrawing his horns is very curious. He does not pull them back bodily into their receptacle, but turns them inside out, just as one turns the fingers of a glove in drawing it off backward.

HAS WELL-DEVELOPED EAR.

The funny little creature has a sense of smell, and also a fairly well-developed ear, which lies close to the roots of his horns. His breathing apparatus is of the simplest description.

Looking carefully at his right side, one may see that a distinct hole occasionally appears there, remains open a few moments and closes again. This is simply a cavity in the snail's body, into which he allows a certain quantity of air to enter, "whenever he thinks of it," as one might say.

When air has thus found its way into his interior, he keeps it there until its oxygen is exhausted by his vital processes; what remains, laden with carbonic acid, is allowed to escape by re-opening the little trap-door, and the receptacle is filled by another supply of fresh air.

A SAW-LIKE TONGUE.

The snail's mouth is armed with a saw-like tongue, which resembles a long, narrow ribbon, coiled up in such a manner that only a part of it comes into use at once. Distributed over the surface of this ribbon are tiny teeth, one animal's sometimes having as many as 30,000.

As one set of teeth becomes worn away by leaf-cutting, another section of ribbon is uncoiled, and the teeth which before were wrapped up at the back of the mouth come forward to take their turn in pressing the food against the horny upper surface of the mouth, and thus cutting it in clean incisions.

The shell of the snail is a horny covering that serves to protect him against his numerous foes. Slugs are simply snails that live a retired life, and consequently need no covering at all. The snail's shell is built up from lime in the

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Roller skating has become fashionable in Dundee.

Montrose lunatic asylum at Sunnyside is to be extended.

Niddrie school, Edinburgh, is to be enlarged at a cost of £550.

Francis Cullen, draper, Canon-gate, Edinburgh, got three years for setting his shop on fire.

Bonnington church, which is situated at Bonnington Brae, was practically destroyed by fire recently.

On the 30th ult. Agnes Robertson (31) got an arm torn off by the machinery in Camperdown jute works, Lochee.

In Dundee last year the fire brigade was called out 180 times. The loss within the city boundaries by fire was \$145,230.

Mr. John Torrance, grain merchant, Hamilton, died recently. He had been in business in Hamilton for nearly half a century.

St. Leonard's paper mills, Lasswade, Midlothian, were destroyed by fire, the damage being estimated at from \$75,000 to \$100,000.

Some sensation was caused within Calder Ironworks by a workman finding a canister of explosives on a limestone heap within the works.

Greenock Infirmary report says that last year 909 were received in the medical and surgical departments, and that 1,147 accidents were treated.

In 1889 the late Mr. Alex Tweedie, Glenisla, lost a pair of field glasses while deer stalking on the Grampians. They have just been found, and practically uninjured. The coming wedding of Miss Maud Coats to the Marquis Douro, eldest son of the Duke of Wellington, and great grandson of "The Iron Duke."

Paisley Town Council passed a resolution calling upon Councillor Brown to resign, in view of his recent conviction at Ayr for defrauding the Glasgow and Southwestern Railway.

At Linwood, near Paisley, a blackbird, which is the possessor of two formed heads, has been seen. It has two bills, and can pick and make use of both, but whether it can pass food through both cannot

Paisley is much interested in the yet be stated.

BIGGEST FARM ON EARTH.

Said to be David Rankin's in Missouri — He Guesses It's True.

Nearly forty years ago an Illinois farmer discovered that land on one side of a State line was selling for \$20 an acre while he might buy any amount on the other side of the imaginary dividing mark for less than a third that amount. Real estate men told the farmer that no railroad would ever go near the Missouri lands, but he sold his farm in Illinois and bought all he could of the land at \$6 an acre.

Not long ago David Rankin, who is the man that bought the cheap acreage, took an inventory of his possessions in the neighborhood of Tarkio, Mo. The inventory showed

CHILD WIVES OF INDIA.

Restoration League Striving to Alter a Cruel System.

In India a girl must be married before she reaches the age of 12, or she and often her whole family is ostracized and suffers under the loss of caste. Caste enforces rules and regulates marriages.

A man may be infirm, insane, loathsome, diseased, cruel and utterly reprobate, says the National Congress of Mothers Magazine, yet he can receive into his power through marriage and deal with her as he will a little girl of any age under 12 of the caste relations between them are according to the laws of that system.

Accepting these sacrifices to be duty and suffering under caste compulsion themselves, the parents place and often even drive their helpless little daughters into the most cruel unions.

The census of 1891 gives these returns of early marriages in British India:

Females under 4 years of age, 238,760; females from 5 to 9 years of age, 2,201,404; females from 10 to 14 years of age, 6,016,759, and these to men of all ages.

In 1901 two women travelled through India investigating these dreadful conditions. With hearts rent with what they had discovered they returned to the United States and spread their knowledge wherever opportunity permitted.

Thus they succeeded in enlisting practical sympathy, which has been embodied in the Indo-American Woman's Restoration League. The purpose of this organization is to aid in bringing about the enactment of a special law to protect the little girls of India until they are 16 from child marriage.

Great Britain in its treaty with India agreed never to interfere with the customs of the Hindu people. No change in laws can therefore be made until India petitions that such laws be passed. The Indo-American Woman's Restoration League is working earnestly to organize the sentiment of the most thoughtful and advanced men of the Indian race thus to petition Great Britain.

Race pride and the conviction that child marriages are causing the deterioration of the Indian race may cause a change. The status of woman in India is so low that such a change must be made for other reasons than pity for helpless childhood. The movement is one that must be kept distinct from missionary work, for the Hindu would not co-operate in any effort which savored of interference with his religion.

FOUR FISH IN ONE CAST.

Two Perch and Two Trout, According to This Angler's Story.

It is something after all to be the hero of a record, even if it does not mean much, and perhaps the successful landing of four fish on one cast is not unworthy of being rescued from oblivion, says a writer in the Field.

It happened with me here on the Shannon some few years ago in the last or very nearly the last of my seasons with the wet fly, and is the more remarkable as I have not fished with four flies on my cast half a dozen times in my life. I was fishing from a boat anchored at the tail of the strong broken water of the weir, and rose and hooked what I saw was a trout of

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the batten down the hatches makes the temperature almost insupportable.

The deck when the boat is running at high speed in a seaway is almost continuously swept by the sea.

Everyone is in oilskins and the waves from time to time break over the little bridge forward, from which the vessel is worked. The difficulty in navigating a destroyer is thus really great, for there is

NO SHELTERED PLACE ON DECK

in which to spread a map or chart. Yet, despite the acute discomfort of the work, the incessant drenchings, the alternate sufferings from heat and cold below, the difficulty of eating and sleeping, and the perpetual danger, destroyer life is not unpopular in the navy.

The severity of the discipline is greatly relaxed, so long as the men do their work, and they are permitted to smoke and enjoy themselves—if enjoyment is possible—at hours when in the orthodox warship they would be doing drill or holystoning the decks.

The officers in charge of a destroyer are expected, whether in peace or war, to do and dare. If they run their boats ashore in manoeuvres their offence is usually lightly visited, since it is realized that "nothing great is achieved by the man who fears the shore."

BRAVEST DEED EVER DONE

English Girl Left an Enduring Monument of Heroism.

The exciting scene enacted at the burning of an hotel at Abervon the other day, when a domestic servant risked her own life and met with severe injuries in saving a babe from a terrible death, recalls a similar, but far more tragic, case which stirred all England to pity and admiration some 23 years ago.

The heroine of this latter episode was one Alice Ayres. She was employed as servant to a Mr. Chandler, who kept an oil and color shop in the borough.

Fire broke out at dead of night, and in a few minutes the lower part of the house was a mass of flames. Mr. and Mrs. Chandler and one of their children were suffocated and burned to death in their bedroom, although Alice ran down to try and rouse them. Her room was above theirs, on the third floor. In it, beside herself, were the three other Chandler children, the eldest little more than a baby.

The brave girl first threw out a bed, then dropped the little ones on it one at a time, although she herself was burning all the while. Then she jumped herself.

Next day she lay dying in Guy's Hospital, and a nation mourned. Queen Victoria sent one of her ladies-in-waiting specially to enquire after her. Bulletins were issued hourly, as from the death chamber of a monarch.

After death, the hospital authorities refused to allow her body to be placed in the ordinary mortuary, but set aside a special room for it, which was soon nearly filled with floral emblems from all parts of the kingdom estimated to be worth \$5,000. Twelve friends bore her to her grave, and more than ten thousand people attended the funeral in Isleworth Cemetery, where is a magnificent obelisk, erected by public subscription, in memory of "the bravest deed that ever was done."—Pearson's Weekly.

the food against the horny upper surface of the mouth, and thus cutting it in clean incisions.

The shell of the snail is a horny covering that serves to protect him against his numerous foes. Slugs are simply snails that live a retired life, and consequently need no covering at all. The snail's shell is built up from lime in the plants on which it feeds and the creatures are never found on soil which produces no lime.

ADRIFT IN SOUTH SEAS.

Sailor's Trying Experience With Shipwreck and Hunger.

A walk of 230 miles, the weathering of a cyclone on a bamboo raft and an existence of three weeks on turtle eggs and iguanas are some of the experiences which recently the lugger Nebraska, which was befall Capt. Williams, in charge of lost on Green Hill Island, 100 miles or thereabouts from Port Darwin, in the northern territory of Australia, says the London Standard.

When the lugger broke up Capt. Williams swam to Green Hill Island and then tried to make the mainland in a dingy which he was able to make seaworthy. He was caught in a squall and after drifting for three days was carried into the gulf and eventually landed on Field Island, off the mouth of the Alligator River.

This island is destitute of water, but some rain fell, and he eked out an existence for twelve days on the small supplies thus obtained and turtle eggs. Both turtles and alligators were numerous. He then re-embarked in the dingy and made his way into the mouth of the West Alligator River, but could find no fresh water. He obtained from the bark of trees sufficient liquid to sustain life until rain fell.

Abandoning the dingy he made his way up the east bank of the Wildman River, living on sweet potatoes and iguanas. His matches having been exhausted, he carried firesticks with him. He eventually crossed Wildman River and came out on what he thinks was Lake Finnis, where he found plenty of swamp turtles, iguanas and other native food.

On striking the Adelaide River jungle Williams saw plenty of buffalo, but his only weapon being a revolver he did not shoot any. He got down to the Adelaide River near what is known as Lawrie's landing, where he built himself a raft of bamboo and crossed. He had not long gone south when a cyclone squall came on and blew the timber down all around him. He narrowly escaped death but pluckily resumed his 230 mile walk till he reached Port Darwin.

TALKING POSTCARDS.

Talking postcards have been spoken of for some time past. They have now become an accomplished fact in Europe, though they are hardly likely to come within reach of the million just yet. Happily they have not reached such perfection that on coming down in the morning one's correspondence will hail one in various voices. It is ghastly to think of everybody's postcards shouting around the table. So far the phonographic message card can only be made to "speak" by taking it to a postal centre, where it is placed in a machine which sets it in motion.

estate men told the farmer that no railroad would ever go near the Missouri lands, but he sold his farm in Illinois and bought all he could of the land at \$6 an acre.

Not long ago David Rankin, who is the man that bought the cheap acreage, took an inventory of his possessions in the neighborhood of Tarkio, Mo. The inventory showed \$5,640 acres, 12,000 fattening hogs, 9,000 cattle, 800 horses, more than 100 cottages, in which the employees of the big farm were housed, great quantities of farm machinery and the like.

The total figures up to something like \$4,000,000 in value, says Hampton's Magazine. That didn't include the 1,000,000 bushels of corn produced annually or the 150 miles of tiling and ditches, some of which had been draining the marsh lands of forty years ago.

"They say I'm the biggest farmer in the world," Rankin says, "and I guess it's true. Lots of men have more land than I, but they use it for cattle ranges only. Mine is a farm."

Rankin never raises cattle or furnishes range. He buys the raw steers from the plains and fattens them until worth twice what he pays for the "feeders," as they are called. He never sells corn because by feeding it to cattle, according to a minute calculation of his own, he gets more ample returns. It is forty miles from the nearest to the most distant of his farms.

Mr. Rankin is Scotch-Irish. He was born in Indiana in rural poverty. He made his start trading a colt for calves and raising the latter into steers. To-day he owns an implement factory, a municipal water system, a telephone company, a bank and other enterprises in addition to his farm. When the notion takes him he adds \$50,000 or so to the endowment of Tarkio College, a Presbyterian school in his home town which has known his generosity to the extent of \$250,000.

ARISTOCRATS MAY EMIGRATE

Emperor William of Germany is desirous that impecunious aristocrats who cannot make a living in Germany should emigrate to German South-west Africa, and become useful members of that German colony. He has lent Baron de Schmid \$12,500 to enable him to settle in German South-west Africa, and begin life again as a farmer. Baron de Schmid was a land owner in Alsace-Lorraine, whose estate was near that of the Kaiser at Urville, and with whom his Majesty was very friendly. The baron lost his money and was obliged to sell the estate.

CHARITY.

"Been standing there long?" asked the millionaire from the depths of his fur coat.

"Hours, sir," replied the beggar.

"Cold?"

"Frozen, sir," said the mendicant with rising hope.

"Ah," said the millionaire, as he walked on, "now what you want to do is to move about a bit."

ALL FOR HIM.

Hubby—"Yes, dear, you look nice in that dress; but it cost me a heap of money."

Wife—"Freddie, dear, what do I care for money, when it is a question of pleasing you?"

Shannon some few years ago in the last or very nearly the last of my seasons with the wet fly, and is the more remarkable as I have not fished with four flies on my cast half a dozen times in my life. I was fishing from a boat anchored at the tail of the strong broken water of the weir, and rose and hooked what I saw was a trout of about half a pound.

Presently as I was playing him his motions seemed to become most erratic; he would pull heavily down and then instantly there would be slack, or a movement down stream would become a movement up with a suddenness quite bewildering, and for a few minutes I could make neither head nor tail of the action that was going on below. At last on the line coming closer I saw there was a good sized perch on the highest dropper, and presently I saw a second perch on the lower, while a moment later I was astonished to see that my trout was also still on the point with a smaller trout on the dropper next him.

None of the fish was large, of course, though the perch next me was quite a pound; but I saw there was scarcely a possible chance to get all four into the boat safely, so hauling up the stone and rope which held me, I quietly started paddling for the shore a hundred yards off with alternate strokes of the oars. Strange to say, I reached the low shelving shore without a single fish escaping and slipping out of the boat drew the whole string ashore in triumph.

The four fish were about two pounds in weight, and I had an applauding gallery of several young fellows on the bank whom it took me all my time to restrain from rushing into the shallow water to scoop out the struggling fish when they saw the extraordinary catch I was trying to drag ashore.

BANG GOES ANOTHER BELIEF!

Earth Not Round Like an Orange, but—Well, Read for Yourself.

When we were children we were told that the earth was round like an orange, and we were foolish enough to believe it. Moreover, we have been passing this intelligence along to the present generation in the smug confidence that we were doing the right thing.

But now comes Prof. E. H. Lowe of the Royal Society and makes us ashamed of ourselves, says Lippincott's Magazine. He says that our planet is not round like an orange or like a ball or anything else as homely as that.

On the contrary, he declares what in fact everybody ought to have known long ago, that "the lithosphere is an ellipsoid with three unequal axes, having its surface deformed according to the formula for a certain spherical harmonic of the third degree and displaced as a whole relatively to the geoid, in the direction toward southeastern Europe."

ALMOST TOO KIND.

A traveller, recently returned from India, was giving his impressions.

"What a country it is!" he exclaimed. "There everybody keeps dozens of servants. I had four whose whole business was to look after my pipe. One brought it to me, another filled it, a third lighted it for me—"

"And the fourth?"
"The fourth smoked it for me. Tobacco never agreed with me!"

IA. TO MAKE A WIFE HAPPY

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EVERY MARRIED MAN SHOULD READ THIS.

A Writer Tells How Husband and Wife Can Live Happy Together.

I have performed the feat, so I know all about it. The art of making a wife happy is as simple and natural "as winking"; and why so many husbands fail in mastering it is to me one of the inscrutable problems of life. If men would only bring to bear on it a fraction of the consideration and common-sense which they practice in their relations with the world and in their business life, neglected and unhappy wives would soon be as difficult to find as the North Pole, says a writer in London Tit-Bits.

"It really takes so little to make a wife happy," said my wife to me, "that, to a right-minded woman, any effort on her husband's part to do so, however blundering and misguided, cannot fail to accomplish its purpose." And in this the whole secret lies. It is the wish that is all-important in a woman's eyes, and unfortunately it is this that so many husbands lack.

TOO OFTEN TRUE.

When once the prize is secured and the glamor of honeymoon days is over, the ardor of pursuit so often gives place to the indifference of possession, the fire of passion has burnt itself out, and the hearth that should warm and brighten the wedded life is cold.

On our wedding-day my wife and I took two mutual vows (1) to keep up through our wedded life the illusion (if such it be) of our courting days; and (2) to avoid the first quarrel. The first vow I found easier to keep than the second, for, so far from love ending at the altar, it seemed to grow stronger every day of our life together; and where love is it is always seeking expression in a thousand little ways that minister to the pleasure and comfort of the loved one.

THE MORNING KISS.

There is, for instance, a magic in the morning kiss at parting that gilds the whole day for the home-staying wife; and it is so little to ask and so cruel to refuse. During the twenty years of our wedded life I have always made a point of taking home some small thing to show my wife that she has been in my thoughts during the day—as she always is. A few flowers, a paper, a new song—such trivialities as these, but each a source of delight to giver and receiver.

BRIGHT EVENINGS AT HOME.

Knowing how dull the long hours of my absence must be to my wife, I have always considered that my evenings were hers to enjoy as she willed; and how sweet they have been we know. To add to our pleasure we have cultivated the same hobbies—music, photography, games, and so on—and thus no hour is without its occupation which we can share and enjoy together. In these ways, and by the thousand little attentions and ministrations which made our days of wooing one long delight, our wedded life has been made, if possible, still more happy. To put the matter briefly, I have made my wife's happiness my hobby, and it has proved the best hobby any man could take on.

COST OF WILD ANIMALS

THOSE WHICH BRING THE HIGHEST PRICES.

The Lion Sold From \$375 to \$500—Polar Bears Always Maintain Their Price.

Wild animals from the Gizeh Zoological Gardens in Egypt, delivered during the years 1896-1903 at London, Marseilles, Hamburg, and Rotterdam, realized the following prices.

The "king of beasts," the lion, sold comparatively cheap, mainly because the cost of feeding made buyers shy of the investment. Fine wild-born lions realized from \$375 to \$500.

Menagerie-born animals cost on an average \$50. A lioness has even sold for under \$20; while, on the other hand, \$1,200 to \$1,500 is not too big a price to ask for an exceptionally fine specimen of lion.

Pumas—occasionally described as lions—are not in such demand; \$25 will often buy one; fair average specimens fetch \$75, \$100, and a few \$150. The tiger is, however, a high-priced animal; \$500 is the lowest figure at which he sells, with \$400 for the tigress.

A specialty of value is the European lynx. A young one cannot be had for less than \$100, and the full-grown animal is worth from \$125 to \$175.

WOLVES ARE A WEAK MARKET

\$10 is their average per head, \$5 the minimum and \$25 the top price. Catch a fox young, and the cub may realize \$7.50, or only just \$1.25; full grown, its value is \$10.

Very rarely does a polar bear change hands at less than \$150; but other kinds of bear come cheaper. A sea-lion costs \$100. The beaver is good for \$100, a price due to the animal's destruction for bounty in the Rhone Valley.

Hippopotami have no quotation in some markets. When in supply this prehistoric-looking beast is worth from \$3,000 to \$3,750. Elephants are much more widely dealt in. A young one may be purchased for from \$1,000 to \$1,250.

But most considered of wild animals is the giraffe. Previous to 1898 it was impossible to buy one for less than \$5,000; in 1903-4 the price had shrunk to \$1,250, which did not repay the cost of importation. The actual market value of a young giraffe in good condition may now be quoted at anywhere from \$2,500 to \$3,000.

AS TO THE MONKEY MARKET,

the chimpanzee varies a good deal in price, a young one in condition fetching from \$250 to \$350. Other big apes are more expensive, although at times there goes begging a good chance, as in the Suez market, where a young orang-outang, almost full grown, was on offer at \$40 recently—a real bargain.

Barbary apes, of the kind which still inhabit Gibraltar Rock, sell at \$15 to \$40. Bombay and South-West China monkeys are not held of much account; \$5 will buy one. Baboons cost more—generally from \$10 to \$100, according to the specimen.

INVASION BY AIRSHIP.

Old Scare That Began About Time of First Steamship.

YUKON INDIANS DYING OUT.

Not Like Other Tribes—Have Color and Beard of a Jap.

"The Yukon Indians are fast passing away," writes a trapper in Fur News; "the squaws are living, the children increasing apparently, but among the men, old and young, you hear the hollow cough of lung trouble."

"The Pelly River band had in 1899 twenty children, twenty squaws and fourteen men. That winter ten of the men died of pneumonia. You see the Hudson Bay band among them too; a great scar across the neck and throat, where the old scrofula has healed up."

"More than one-half of the adult Indians on the coast have this brand, called by this name because of the frightful disease brought on this coast 100 years ago by the sailors from Boston under Capt. Grey and from Liverpool by Capt. Vancouver, from Spain, in fact all over the world, and spread by the employees of the Hudson's Bay Company among the natives when after fur. The Russians did more than their share."

"The Yukon Indian is not like other North America red men; he is different in build, habit and certainly inferior to the average Sioux or Chippewa or other tribes of the Northwest. He is more like the Jap; has the same complexion, beard and hair, is a little taller and not so clean. The people are light built, undersized and great beggars. A few work at boating and wood cutting, but generally they are lazy and indolent."

"There are less than 1,000 big and little, in the Yukon country and about 2,000 dogs. The dog sleds and toboggans are the only thing they have to move with; never a horse or ox."

"They never have vegetables unless eating with a white man. Every tribe could raise vegetables at their summer camps if they would. They have good soil and every chance to raise radishes, lettuce, cabbage, turnips and spuds, as white men are raising all of these here for market and their own use."

"The tribes are small, from twelve to fifteen families; they are found in places from 100 to 200 miles apart. They live near a stream or lake when at home; but when winter comes they go for fur and meat. They travel all winter with the whole family outfit of kids, dogs, squaws and some old people, going from 200 to 500 miles on these winter trips, generally in a great circle."

"They stay a few days in a place, build new camps and make new trails and find new game. They live on meat they kill and fish they catch with nets. When good luck comes with meat or fish in plenty they dry and smoke a large quantity and put it in log pens where nothing can get to it. This pen is called a cache."

"These Indians kill fur at all times of the year, except directly after selling their winter catch in March; after that they have plenty to eat, so what is the use of trapping? They just lie around camp and smoke."

"One lad about 20 years of age shot a black fox and sold it for \$600. It was worth \$1,000 or \$1,200. He bought \$200 of calico, tobacco by the caddy and two blankets at \$50 each. This young man, a full blooded Indian, could talk a little Eng-

TURKEY'S LOST STATES

THE SULTAN ONCE OWNED HALF OF EUROPE.

Spain, Russia, France and Austria Have Annexed Thousands of Miles

The "Terrible Turk," who may be taken as typifying the Empire of the Sultans, hold one record at least, which he is not likely to be deprived of. He has won and lost more territory than any other nation.

There was a time when the Sultan was the bugbear of the world. Even little children in our own country shook in their shoes when they heard his name mentioned, and those people who lived anywhere near him, dared not call their lives their own. But at last the tide turned. The Turk began to lose, and one great misfortune followed another.

Spain was the first big bit of the Turkish Empire to break free. The Moors, who were subject and paid tribute to the Sultan, were driven from province after province until at length they were cooped up in the solitary Kingdom of Granada.

The last Moorish king to reign in Spain was Boabdil-Chaco, or Boabdil the Unlucky. In 1482 Ferdinand and Isabella, the King and Queen of Arragon and Castile, declared war on him, and in 1492 he had to surrender everything.

RUSSIA TAKES A HANDFUL.

Hungary, which now forms half of the dual monarchy of the Emperor Francis Joseph, was a province of the Sultan for a hundred and fifty years. Then it was torn from him by the sword.

After this came the turn of the Tsars. The Russians, whom he once despised, have been the Turk's worst enemies. They have either robbed him themselves or encouraged others to rob him. Peter the Great set the example, but was not, on the whole, very successful in his wars against the Moslems. At one time the Turks could have captured and massacred Peter and his army, but were frustrated by the slave girl, Catherine, whom Peter had married.

Catherine the Great tore the Crimea from the unhappy Turk, together with thousands of square miles of territory along the shores of the Caspian.

In 1821 the Greeks, who had been slaves of the Sultans for many centuries, rose in rebellion and drove the Turks out of the country. But then the Greek leaders began to quarrel among themselves, and civil war followed. The Turk took the opportunity to seize the country once more. But the massacres and other horrors which followed aroused Europe. In 1827 the Turkish fleet was destroyed at Navarino. The combined fleets of Britain, France, and Russia took part in this operation.

FRANCE PLUCKS ALGIERS.

In 1825 Greece was acknowledged as a free and independent kingdom, with a king of its own.

For nearly a century Egypt, which the Turk conquered in 641, has been part of the Sultan's Empire in little more than name, and since 1882, when we occupied Phar-

hour without its occupation which we can share and enjoy together. In these ways, and by the thousand little attentions and ministrations which made our days of wooing one long delight, our wedded life has been made, if possible, still more happy. To put the matter briefly, I have made my wife's happiness my hobby, and it has proved the best hobby any man could take up.

AVOIDING THE FIRST QUARREL.

The avoidance of the first dispute was not, for some time, quite so easy. But, realizing that "Every little thing can blast an infant blossom," each of us was on constant guard against the very appearance of a misunderstanding. It is a true saying that "It takes two to make a quarrel," and we have so arranged that number two was never willing. Of course, at times it has required an effort, but how well the effort was worth making! There are few greater menaces to married happiness than a wife's feeling of dependence on her husband in money matters. In order to avoid this pitfall in our case I have always apportioned my income so that our expenditure does not clash. At the beginning of each month I hand over to my wife a certain sum which is ample for all her purposes, and so skillfully has she managed things that not only has she never had to ask me for a penny, but she has put by quite a substantial sum, as she says, "for a rainy day."

WOMEN HARD TO UNDERSTAND.

Very early in our married life I made the discovery, which all husbands make sooner or later, that there are moods and actions of women which to a man are unintelligible; and I determined that I would not even attempt to fathom them.

To my mind the constant and futile efforts of husbands to exact from their wives the same standards of motive and conduct that they observe are among the most frequent causes of married misery. The thing cannot be done; and the wise man is he who recognizes this. To me these feminine moods which "no fellow can understand," have long become a cause for sympathy and not of perplexity and annoyance.

For the rest—and I could write reams on this subject—my wife and I have always made it a rule to have no secrets from each other; to share our perplexities and troubles as we share our joys; never to criticize one another before others; and never to contradict each other in the presence of our children.

RECOLLECTIONS.

And what we have made of our married life, others may easily make of theirs. It is no Utopian programme I have sketched; nor are my wife and I in any way different from or superior to the average wedded couple. What may seem difficult, with conscientious effort becomes a habit, as happy in its effects as it is easy in practice. And even if perfect success cannot be achieved, the measure of resultant happiness that is within the reach of all who try is sufficient to revolutionize wedded life and to make it, as it was designed to be, a sweet and sacred thing.

It is the man who can't do things that is always telling others how to do them.

West China monkeys are not held of much account; \$5 will buy one. Baboons cost more—generally from \$10 to \$100, according to the specimen.

INVASION BY AIRSHIP.

Old Scare That Began About Time of First Steamship.

The vision which has recently been conjured up by certain pseudo-scientific alarmists of fleets of German aeroplanes hovering over the Bank of England need not be taken too seriously.

Aeroplanes as at present constructed are merely large power-driven kites, and are about as incapable of transporting armies through the air as anything of the kind that can possibly be imagined.

Such invasion scares have a tendency to recur whenever a new invention seems to threaten Britain's insularity. The advent of the steamship, for instance, was deemed by our forefathers to be a certain prelude of disaster in this direction.

Still more so the balloon! France was then to England the bogey that Germany is supposed to be now, and when it became known to us that our neighbors across the Channel—the balloon had its origin of course in France—had actually succeeded in navigating the air, our anger and alarm knew no bounds. We were quite certain in our own minds, that it was only a question of time before our traditional enemy dropped down upon us in force from the sky.

Even France, too, was credited with having become obsessed with the idea, just as Germany is jocularly believed to be at present. Only then it was not a Zeppelin airship or a Wright flying-machine that was to be employed, but an "aerostatic globe," designed by no less a personage than the renowned Marshal Ney. In this, French soldiers were to be projected across the Straits of Dover fifty at a time.—Pearson's Weekly.

When a very young man is in love it is awfully hard to interest him in the things pertaining to the next world.

Fatherly Clergyman (surprising young parishioner in curl-papers)—"Why don't you leave your hair as it was meant to be, my child? If Nature had wanted your hair to curl, she would have curled it for you." Offended Young Lady—"When I was a little girl she did, sir, but I suppose she now thinks I am quite old enough to do it for myself."

A pompous manufacturer of machinery was showing a stranger over his factory. "Fine piece of work, isn't it?" he said, when they were looking at a very ingenious machine. "Yes," said the visitor, "but you cannot hold a candle to the goods we are turning out." "Indeed," said the chagrined manufacturer, "and what is your line?" "Gunpowder," was the reply.

Judge (about to sentence)—"Prisoner, you have used this poor, half-witted fellow most unmercifully. You have beaten him most cruelly." Prisoner (surlily)—"He attacked me first; besides, he is a rascal, and gave me no end of trouble on the farm. It's not my fault, his being an idiot, my lord." Judge (severely)—"You should remember, prisoner, that idiots, after all, are men like you and me."

March; after that they have plenty to eat, so what is the use of trapping? They just lie around camp and smoke.

"One lad about 20 years of age shot a black fox and sold it for \$600. It was worth \$1,000 or \$1,200. He bought \$200 of calico, tobacco by the caddy and two blankets at \$50 each. This young man, a full-blooded Indian, could talk a little English, wore hat, coat and vest, short breeches with knee stockings, had a watch and chain and a new model Winchester rifle. They are inveterate gamblers and will lose their last cent at cards and don't care, but keep coming to the limit."

EGGS OF STEEL.

Deadly Weapons Carried by Serbian Soldiers.

Though Serbia has told the powers in a series of notes that she does not want war, she is still very active in getting her army into fighting trim. Her soldiers are to be armed with bombs, of which five classes are being made—the infantry bomb, the artillery bomb, the cavalry bomb, the large bomb, and the "egg-shaped" bomb.

Every second infantryman carries five bombs of the first type, which explode by fuse and percussion, and have an effective range of sixty yards. The average weight of each missile is about 2½ pounds.

The details of the training of the bomb-throwers are extremely interesting. In the first place, men are supplied with stones of suitable weight, and spend a considerable time practising with these. Then they are given dummy bombs, with which they go through another severe course of practise.

Finally the real article is entrusted to them, and they are directed to hurl them at specially prepared plank targets, the result of each throw being carefully noted. The targets stand as high as a man, and the effect of a single well-judged shot must be seen to be believed.

The second type has been served out to the artillery, and is a purely percussion bomb. There is a parachute attachment which ensures the vertical descent of the missile. The range is about fifty yards.

The third type is supplied to the cavalry, and is so devised that it may be fired from a carbine. With this bomb very deadly results have been obtained at a distance of 300 yards and over.

The fourth type is larger than the others, and is intended for use in storming entrenchments. Judging by the feel of it, it must weigh something more than four pounds. The different bombs described are being steadily manufactured at half a dozen places in Serbia, and a very large number must be already available.

Finally there is the fifth type—the egg-shaped bomb. Dynamite in one form or another is known to be the charge in the four regular types, but the composition of the explosive in the last-mentioned is kept a profound secret. The effect produced by the explosion of one of these steel eggs is nothing less than devastating.

There was an old soldier, who said to a friend, "My wife does look after me well. She even takes off my boots for me." "When you come home from the club?" the friend asked. "No—when I want to go there."

part in this operation.

FRANCE PLUCKS ALGIERS.

In 1828 Greece was acknowledged as a free and independent kingdom, with a king of its own.

For nearly a century Egypt, which the Turk conquered in 641, has been part of the Sultan's Empire in little more than name, and since 1882, when we occupied Pharaoh's country, after Arabi Pasha's rebellion the Turk has had practically nothing to do with Egypt.

The Moorish corsairs who had their lair in the pirate city of Algiers acknowledged the Sultan as their suzerain, but were defiantly independent as regarded all the rest of the world. Their swift-sailing dhows preyed on the commerce of all Europe, and, from start to finish, they seized many thousands of white captives, some of whom they ransomed, while others they doomed to slavery.

When asked to keep his piratical subjects in order, the Sultan declared himself helpless to do anything. The freebooters went on doing as they liked for a long time. Then France became weary of patience, and forcibly took possession of the city in 1830.

NOW AUSTRIA GRABS.

Since then she has annexed 307,980 square miles of Algerian territory once subject to the Sultan.

Then came the Turk's worst time. Russia made war on him, and the Balkan States, which had been held as provinces by Turkey for hundreds of years, revolted, flew to arms, and did everything they could on the side of Russia.

Had the Tsar been left to himself the Turkish Empire would have been practically destroyed. The other great Powers, however, were afraid to see Russia too powerful. They insisted on summoning the Congress of Berlin.

By the terms of the treaty of Berlin, the Turk was almost swept out of Europe. Bosnia and Herzegovina were handed over to Austria to keep in order. Roumania, Serbia, and Montenegro were declared absolutely independent of him. Bulgaria was created into a principality, nominally under the Sultan's suzerainty, but in reality free. And now Austria has annexed Bosnia and Herzegovina.

FORCE OF EXAMPLE.

"You saved my life on one occasion," said a soldier to a captain.

"Saved your life?" cried the officer; "do you think that I am a doctor?"

"No," answered the man; "but I served under you in the battle of —, and when you ran away I followed."

HIS CATCH.

Irate Squire—"Hi! you, sir! You're fishing in my waters. I demand what you've caught."

Angler—"All right, gov'nor. I've caught a cold and I'm catching the rheumatics, and you're welcome to both of 'em."

Hub—"But if you like the young fellow, Kate, why do you object to our daughter marrying him?" Wife—"Oh, she'll marry him for all that; but I want to give her a chance to say, when they quarrel, that 'Mother didn't want me to marry you, anyway.'"

\$3.50 Young Men's Shoes



We have "Thoroughbreds" in swell shoes for Young Men. We keep the kind of shoes young men like and cater to their wants.

Drop in and let us show you our new styles in low or high cut. All popular leathers, such as Tan Calf, Wine Calf, Box Calf, Vici Kid, Volour Calf and Patent Coltskin.

See Our Window for
\$3.50 Men's Shoes.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
HOUSES,

Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

Store closes at 9 o'clock Saturday Evenings during Jan., Feb. and March.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best **ANTHRACITE COAL**. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

BREAD and MONEY

Most people like money, but all the people like good wholesome sweet Bread

Ask for (CAMBRIDGE'S) Home-made and Baker's Bread, and you will be satisfied when once tried that there is none quite as good.

We sell best grades of Chocolates, such as Lowney's, Ganong's, etc.
WE DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates
We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Medallions, the purest of confection
We have some fine Oranges in stock
Oysters constantly on hand
Lunches served at all hours, and to please you is our desire

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Phone 96.

Your New Spring Suit.

Can we make it for You?

None in Napanee can do it better, and our prices are about the lowest. All that is new in design and color effect will be found in our range of

IMPORTED WOOLLENS.

Come in, we will be pleased to show you them.

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

Blacksmithing!

Mr. Joseph Brown has opened a shop in the old stand of Savage & Brown, on the south side of the market, where he is prepared to do all kinds of

General Blacksmithing and Horseshoeing.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Another Reminder.

Of the Old Folks' concert in the Opera House, Tuesday, April 20th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Western Methodist church.

Baby Carriages and Go Carts.

The largest stock ever shown in Napanee. All kinds of wheeled goods for the youngsters at the Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE.

Postponed.

Mr. Sheldon Joyce's sale of farm stock and implements which was to have been held on Thursday, March 25th at Marvin, has been postponed on

Alabastine and Muresco.

Wallace's Drug Store has the special agency in Napanee for alabastine and muresco. Ask for color card—40c for large package.

Removed

Chas Fisher's music store has been removed to larger and more central premises, next to Graham & Vandal-styne's. All the latest music kept in stock. Particular attention is drawn to the magnificent stock of wallpapers. Call and see them.

Books &c.

Don't forget to call on, or write to Jas. Gordon, while he is still occupying his store on John Street, near Paisley House. Lots of excellent literature for old and young. Now is the time to read before the busy season commences. Bibles in great variety from 15c up, hymn books, prayer and choir books, school helps, mottoes &c Prices low.

Lecture at Selby.

Rev. Mr. Emsley will deliver his unique lecture on "Plodding with Peter through Palestine" on March 30th instead of April 2nd, "as announced last week" in the Methodist Church, Selby. Admission 25cts. Refreshments served in the basement. Don't fail to attend this inimitable treat, March 30th.

Notice of Appointment.

I have appointed Mr. W. G. H. Brown, of Napanee, District Agent for The Mutual Life Assurance Co., of Canada for Lennox and Addington, who will make collections and look after the interests of the company in said district.

Mr. Grange will still remain with the company and do all the new business he can for it as usual.

S. BURROWS,
General Agent,
Belleville.

Donations of Fruit &c Asked For.

The Ladies of the Napanee Hospital Aid Society, are preparing a box to be sent to the Kingston General Hospital for Easter. As we have not asked for very much for this work this year, and as the hospital is very much in need of help, we feel confident that all will respond to this request. Will the friends who are at all interested in this work, kindly send their donations of fruit, marmalade and maple syrup to Mrs. C. H. Wartman before Thursday, April 8th. Will you also remember to send in old linen as it is greatly needed. Please remember the date.

Historical Lecture.

On Friday evening last Prof. L. E. Horning, of Toronto University, delivered an address before the Lennox and Addington Historical Society on "England in the days of King Alfred." The attendance was no doubt affected by the storm that evening, however, those who did go were well repaid for the effort. Prof. Horning treated his subject in a very able manner and described the English life of that early period making even the home and the home surroundings of particular interest. Alfred was given full credit for his remarkable management of the kingdom, his organization of the army and his ultimate conquest of the Danes. Everyone was pleased with Prof. Horning's lecture and many expressed the wish that he might soon lecture in Napanee again.

Raw Linseed Oil

Especially pure raw linseed oil for horses and cattle at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

The Testimony of England's Most Noted Physicians.

In a recent public address in England, Sir Frederick Treves, the King's physician, distinctly defines his position as to the use of alcoholic drinks. He places alcohol in the category of dangerous poisons, which in the case of many alcoholic beverages is made more poisonous by the presence of

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WE DO NOT sell Brandy Chocolates
We sell Cowan's Maple Buds and Mel-
dallions, the purest of confection
We have some fine Oranges in stock
Oysters constantly on hand
Lunches served at all hours, and to
please you is our desire

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

'Phone 96.



DIAMONDS

We have just received a large assortment of diamonds. Several parcels of high grade stones purchased direct from the Amsterdam cutters. Have taken advantage of a drop in price, made a big purchase and have them here for sale.

The Best Value ever shown.

Smith's Jewelry Store

SYMINGTON'S

Seeds are as good and cheap as any in Canada. We will buy, trade, or sell.

Pay Highest Price for Raw Furs, and do our utmost to satisfy you at the

SEED STORE,

South Side Dundas St.,

THOS. SYMINGTON.

P. S.—All Seed Accounts due on March 1st, 1909 is subject to be placed for collection without further notice. T. S.

LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap Boot, now is your chance. I am selling the balance of my stock of Boots and Shoes

AT COST.

Here are a few of the Prices:

Men's Coarse Boot	\$1.60 for \$1.30
Men's Oil Tan reg.	1.95 for 1.65
Boys' Calf	1.75 for 1.40
Boys' Grain Boots	1.80 for 1.55
Boys' Box Calf	2.00 for 1.50

—AT—

H. W. KELLY'S,

Campbell House Corner.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

J. F. Egan, rupture specialist, will be in Napanee on Friday afternoon and evening, March 20th. He has rooms at the Paisley House.

Don't fail to hear the Old Folks' concert in the Opera House, on Tuesday, April 20th, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Western Methodist church.

Tea grown at an elevation of 5,000 feet is used in "Salada." It is remarkably fine flavored, and its absolute purity is guaranteed. Ask your grocer for a packet.

On Sunday evening next, at St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Mrs. Purritt will sing "I do not ask of Lord." She will be accompanied by the organ with violin obligato.

One of the things the ladies of Napanee and surrounding county will not forget is Mrs. Doozee's millinery openings on Saturday evening, March 27th, and following days.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEASING, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

When asked by the Globe's Montreal correspondent about the proposed purchase by the Province of Ontario of the Bell Telephone system, President C. F. Sice said he had no opinion to give till he knew more about the details of Mr. Lucas' proposal.

EASTER CARDS

Something out of the ordinary in post cards and panels. Be sure and see our fine assortment before buying. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

The heavy rains of Wednesday night and Thursday caused the ice to break up in the river above the falls. The river is now open up as far as the east end of the palace. When the ice went out it carried away both temporary supports from under the covered bridge, but the cables recently placed under the structure apparently make the bridge perfectly safe, and so far as can be noticed the bridge has not shifted a particle.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, land rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and coulters, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pullers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

EASY TO MIX THIS.

What will appear very interesting to many people here is the article taken from a New York daily paper, giving a simple prescription, which is said to be a positive remedy for backache or kidney or bladder derangement, if taken before the stage of Bright's disease.

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Shake well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and again at bedtime.

A well-known druggist here at home, when asked regarding this prescription, stated that the ingredients are all harmless, and can be obtained at a small cost from any good prescription pharmacy, or the mixture would be put up if asked to do so. He further stated that while this prescription is often prescribed in rheumatic affections with splendid results, he could see no reason why it would not be a splendid remedy for kidney and urinary troubles and backache, as it has a peculiar action upon the kidney structure, cleansing these most important organs and helping them to sift and filter from the blood the foul acids and waste matter which causes sickness and suffering. Those of our readers who suffer can make no mistake in giving it a trial.

Baby Carriages and Go Carts.
The largest stock ever shown in Napanee. All kinds of wheeled goods for the youngsters at the Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.
W. J. NORMILE.

Postponed.

Mr. Sheldon Joyce's sale of farm stock and implements which was to have been held on Thursday, March 25th at Morven, has been postponed on account of the storm, until Monday, March 29th, at 1 p. m. sharp.

Sugar Social.

A sugar social will be held in the brick church, Morven, on the evening of Friday, April 9th, at 8 o'clock. First-class programme, lots of buns and maple sugar. Admission 25c. Children under 12 years, half price.

Special Notice.

Parties intending building or repairing old roofs this season should call and inspect Amatite Roofing before buying. Amatite is fire proof, wind and waterproof, is easily applied, needs no painting. Cheaper than shingles. Especially adapted for flat roofs, as every joint is cemented in putting it on. C. A. WISEMAN, John St., first door north of Smith's Jewelry Store.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Sunday, March 28th, Holy Communion at 8 a. m.; Matins and Litany with sermon by Rev. Dr. Purdy, of Selby, at 10.30; Vicar's Bible class at 12 noon. Evensong at 7. The parishioners of St. John's Church, Selby, recently presented Rev. Rural Dean Dibb with a handsome Chronograph clock, in token of appreciation of kind services freely rendered during the six months vacancy of the Parish. The gift was accompanied by an appropriate address. Rev. Rural Dean is very much pleased with the present.

Important to Ladies.

It is not often an opportunity occurs at your door to see the latest Parisian and New York styles in Hair Goods, yet such is the case, as Prof. Dorenwend of Toronto is visiting this town, and invites your inspection of these goods at his private apartments reserved at the Hotel. These Hair Goods styles, when properly adjusted protect and ornament the head, soften and beautify the expression of the face, and consequently tone up an aged appearance. Be sure and see them at Paisley House, Napanee, Tuesday, April 6th.

Human Hearts.

The mere announcement that the people's favorite play "Human Hearts" is coming to our town, is a matter of much import to the theatre-goers in our midst. No melodrama of modern times has enjoyed the vogue that has been accorded to W. E. Nankville's solid substantial success, "Human Hearts." The reason is apparent. The play is interesting from the rise of the curtain on the first act until the final curtain falls. The climaxes are strong and exciting, and the story is one that will appeal to all classes of theatre-goers, no matter what their stations in life may be. The situations, lines, and incidental business of the play, are of such a nature that they compel the undivided attention of the spectators. A strong vein of comedy runs through the play, but it is so placed that never at any time does it conflict with the more serious scenes. The author has been careful to preserve the dramatic unities. His characters are finely drawn, and as true to nature as possible, in fact, he has taken most of his characters from life. "Human Hearts" will be seen at the Brisco opera house, on Friday evening, April 2nd.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

The Testimony of England's Most Noted Physicians.

In a recent public address in England, Sir Frederick Treves, the King's physician, distinctly defines his position as to the use of alcoholic drinks. He places alcohol in the category of dangerous poisons, which in the case of many alcoholic beverages is made more poisonous by the presence of fusel oil, found in brands of liquor consumed by many of the poorer classes. He also notes as a significant and encouraging fact that the medical profession are gradually abandoning the use of alcohol as a medicine. Here is a paragraph from the Baronet's address: "As a work-producer alcohol is exceedingly extravagant, and, like other extravagant measures, it is apt to lead to a physical bankruptcy. It is well known that troops cannot march on alcohol. I was with the relief column that was moved on to Ladysmith. It was an extremely trying time apart from the heat of the weather. In that column of 30,000 men, the first who dropped out were not the tall men, or the short men, or the big men, or the little men—but the drinkers, and they dropped out as clearly as if they had been labeled with a big letter on their backs." He ridicules the plea that alcohol is a protection against cold, and adds his experience: "Having spent the greater part of my life in operating, I can assure you that the person of all persons that I dread to see enter the operating theater is the drinker. I share with the late Sir James Paget his absolute dread of the secret drinker."

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

MUST MOVE.

Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.

V. KOUBER.
Napanee.



RUBBER COLLARS.

25 Dozen Rubber Collars, All shapes and sizes, regular value 25c. On Sale Saturday

To Clear at 15c.

Graham & VanaIstyne.

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EIGHTEEN

Our range of Suits in Blue and Black Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds at

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS

are Exceptional Values.

The Best of Trimmings Built to hold their shape.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

We Lead, Others Follow.

Following are the prices which prevail at the East End Barber Shop. Hair cut, 15c, Massage, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trimmed, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class. J. N. OSBORNE, Prop

Meeting of W. C. T. U.

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the board room of the Public Library on Tuesday afternoon, March 30th, at 3 p. m.

MISS ANDERSON,
Sec.

Farmers' Attention.

Melotte Cream Separators, turns easiest, skims cleanest, wears longest. Sold on their merits. Try one and be convinced. For sale by C. A. WISEMAN, John street, first door north of Smith's Jewellery store. 15-bp

BUTLER—WHITMARSH.

Fairport, N. Y., Mar. 11th—George N. Butler, of Lima, and Miss Lillian Pearl Whitmarsh, of Napanee, Ont., Can., were married Thursday at the Methodist parsonage here by Rev. L. D. Woodmaney. Mr. Butler is connected with the Rochester State Hospital.

The Paint Question.

Every customer that we sold Moore's paint to was satisfied so far as we know, any that was not, it was their fault, as we are ready to make right any that was not as represented. There is no better paint sold.

BOYLE & SON, Ag'ts.

Town Hall, To-Night.

Mr. S. M. Thompson, of Brantford, will give an illustrated lecture on the work of the Children's Aid Society, in the town hall, Napanee, on Friday evening, March 26th, at 8 o'clock. The lecture will be illustrated with lime light views of the work. Everybody welcome. Silver collection.

Napanee Ladies' Musical Club.

The ninth regular meeting of the Napanee Ladies' Musical Club will be held in the Town Hall, on Friday afternoon next, April 2nd, at 4 o'clock. This will be a request day and a splendid programme has been arranged by the ladies in charge. Open to club members only, and non-residents for a fee of 25c.

Sec.

Baby Grace Stevens.

Baby Grace Stevens, the only daughter of Professor W. O. Stevens, the well-known musician, and former leader of Bennett's Theatre orchestra, died Monday evening at the home of her parents, 606 1/2 Dundas street, London, aged 2 years and 8 months. The little girl was taken ill on Sunday with

PERSONALS

Mrs. G. W. Shibly, of Colborne, was in Napanee this week.

Mrs. Daniel Wright, of Violet, is visiting friends in town this week.

Miss Crawford, of Belleville, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Arch Caton for a few days.

Rev. Cairns left for Saskatoon last Friday.

Mr. Shell Joyce, of Morven, has rented the East half of Mr. Myron Mills' House on Bridgestreet, opposite Mr. Henry Fralick's residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morden, Toronto, spent a few days last week in Napanee.

Mr. Jas. A. Ferguson returned on Friday from a trip through the west for the benefit of his health.

Mrs. Wilson, of Picton, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. A. Rose.

Mrs. H. M. Calver has returned to her home in Bath after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. N. Osborne.

Miss Mary Briggs is visiting friends in Kingston.

Mr. O. S. Martin left last week for Govan, Sask.

Miss Ada Smith is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Miller spent last week in Toronto.

Mr. S. W. Johnston left last week to assume a position in Bowmanville.

Mr. Carleton Woods spent a few days last week in Montreal.

Messrs. W. A. Templeton and E. J. Pollard are attending the meeting of the Canadian Press Association in Toronto.

Mrs. A. S. Hardy and children left last week to join her husband in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Richardson are visiting her parents in Trenton.

Mrs. Chas. Stevens left on Tuesday to visit her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Stevens.

Mrs. Douglas, Tweed, and Mrs. Donnelly, Kingston, are guests of Mrs. F. P. Douglas.

Mrs. Robt. Boyes spent Sunday with her brother in Belleville.

Mrs. L. D. Williams and Miss Williams are spending a week at Mrs. A. E. Paul's.

Miss Fisher has accepted a position with Mr. A. E. Paul.

Dr. C. I. T. Gould, of Baltimore, was in town on Thursday.

Mr. Chenoweth, Teller of the Dominion Bank, who has spent two years in Napanee, has been transferred to Toronto and leaves a host of friends in town.

Miss Jessie Clark, of Kingston, was in Napanee for a few days this week visiting Mrs. Eakins, John Street.

Mrs. Sidney Warner, of Napanee, returned home Wednesday after spending two weeks with friends in Kingston.

Mr. Jas. Graham, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Graham, John street, underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Kingston general hospital on Wednesday, and we are exceedingly pleased to state is getting along nicely.

Miss Emma Hawley, Napanee, has left for Vancouver, from which place she will sail for China on March 24th. She goes to Kuling, China, to take charge of a hospital there, under the protection of the China Inland Mission.

William Gannon, an employee of the T. F. Harrison Co., met with an accident while crossing the bridge from the company's show room to the factory in the rear. His foot caught and he was thrown to the ground. Dr. Mundell attended to him and sent him to the Hotel Dieu to recover.—Kingston Whig.

Among those who took advantage of the cheap rates to Toronto were: Mr. John Pratt, Miss Downey, Miss Henry, Mrs. Dr. Sills, Mrs. Dr. Vrooman, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Fitzpatrick,



The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

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Absolutely PURE

The Real Thing.

"How do you possum taste, suh?" asked the solicitous waiter.

"Well," responded the patron who had ordered the article, "it tastes pretty good, but it isn't possum."

"No, suh," rejoined the waiter, "an' dat's a sign it's genuine. De genuine possum is a great pretender, suh; yas, suh."

A few things gained by fraud destroy a fortune otherwise honestly won.—German Proverb.

A Severe Sense.

Grateful Mother—Oh, are you the noble young man who rescued my daughter from a watery grave? Noble Young Man (who is truly modest)—Yes, madam, but I assure you I only did it from a sense of duty.

Her First Chance.

"How long has she been talking to the crowd?"

"Two hours."

"Why doesn't she stop?"

"Stop! Why, this is her first chance!"

A Newspaper— Not An "Organ"

The man who wants an open-minded discussion of politics, the steady support of right, justice, and decency, without cant or bitterness, and an unprejudiced, common-sense treatment of public affairs, will thoroughly enjoy the

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Sec.

Baby Grace Stevens.

Baby Grace Stevens, the only daughter of Professor W. O. Stevens, the well-known musician, and former leader of Bennett's Theatre orchestra, died Monday evening at the home of her parents, 6064 Dundas street, London, aged 2 years and 8 months. The little girl was taken ill on Sunday with an attack of croup, and later developed pneumonia. Her father has been in Chicago for some days, and it was the intention of the family to move to that city this morning. She was considered a prodigy by musicians, and would certainly have established a reputation for herself in the musical world. When the little girl was taken ill Mr. Stevens was immediately wired and phoned, but was unable to reach this city before her death.

Hay Bay Presbyterian Church.

The coming of spring has shown a noticeable increase in attendance at Divine worship in the above church. Several expressed their appreciation of Mr. Annesley's address on the unfruitful fig tree, in which he pointed out the need for men of action in the spiritual as well as in the commercial world. He pointed to the fact that too many were missing all that was highest and best in life, through their indifference to the claims of humanity, and to their own responsibilities and duties in life. Next Sunday he announced the subject would be "And they all with one consent began to make excuses," stating that some of the local excuses for neglect of duty would be taken up and dealt with. The service therefore promises to be of unusual interest.

Suggestions.

Horse Clippers, hand and power.
Alabastine.
Elephant Brand Paint.
Bibby's Cream Equivalent.
Liquid Veneer.
M. S. MADOLE.

Tragic Suicide at Sharbot Lake.

In this brief sentence William Blakely, Sharbot Lake, aged 22 years, announced on Sunday to his brother that he had made a successful attempt to take his own life by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid. For some time the unfortunate young man has been acting in a strange manner and his friends have been keeping watch on him. Sunday, shortly after six, he eluded their surveillance, went to a store and secured a bottle of carbolic acid. He then went to a mill yard where he swallowed the contents of the bottle. His brother who had been keeping track of William, arrived at the mill yard just after the unfortunate man had swallowed the fatal dose and was startled by the announcement, "I have done it" and an empty bottle and streaks of red from the burning acid down young Blakely's chin amply bore out his statement. It was 6.25 when the fatal potion was swallowed and at 7 o'clock the man who had committed the rash deed, died an awful death. As soon as young Blakely realized that his brother had taken carbolic acid he hurried him home and called in Dr. Coutley but medical skill was of no avail. The deceased was a brakeman on the Canadian Pacific Railway with his headquarters at Havelock. Last fall he was laid off but had been recently notified to begin work again. It is said that he was in love with a girl whom he proposed to marry. There is said to have been some interference in his love affairs and Blakely took the matter to heart and brooded over it. It was after this that he began to act strangely and his relatives watched him. A father, mother, one brother and one sister are left to mourn the sad occurrence.

EASTER LILIES

Don't miss seeing our window display of Easter Lilies, fresh from the Dale Estate Florists, on Saturday morning, April 19th. Leave your order with us early, for these flowers so that you will be sure of getting them. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

I. F. Harrison Co., met with an accident while crossing the bridge from the company's show room to the factory in the rear. His foot caught and he was thrown to the ground. Dr. Mundell attended to him and sent him to the Hotel Dieu to recover.—Kings-ton Whig.

Among those who took advantage of the cheap rates to Toronto were: Mr. John Pratt, Miss Downey, Miss Henry, Mrs. Dr. Sills, Mrs. Dr. Vrooman, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Fitzpatrick, Miss Richardson, Mrs. T. S. Henry, Miss M. Vrooman, Miss Hermine Connolly and Mrs. John Charles, of Yarker; Mrs. Z. Grooms, Mrs. L. H. Bennett, Mr. Davidson, B. Outwater, D. H. Preston, Anson Rose, Mrs. Richards and Miss Eva Jennings.

MARRIAGES.

BUTLER—WHITMARSH—At Fairport, N. Y., on Wednesday, March 10th, 1909, by Rev. L. D. Woodmaney, George N. Butler, of Lima, and Miss Lillian Pearl Whitmarsh, of Napanee.

DEATHS.

STEVENS—At London, on Monday, March 22nd, 1909, Muriel Grace Stevens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Stevens, aged 2 years 6 months.

Bazaar—Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

Under the auspices of the Church-woman's Guild of St. Mary Magdalene Church, a bazaar will be held and New England supper served in the Town Hall, April 13th. Useful as well as fancy articles will be for sale. Candy table also, laden with delicious home-made sweets. Preparations are being made for an entertainment after the supper, details of which will be given later.

BELL ROCK.

Frederick Carr cut a fine pile of wood for J. Timmons on Friday last. E. Gowdy is moving out of the village this week.

J. B. Wheeler has sold out to James Meeks. Mr. Wheeler intends removing to the Pacific coast.

Rev. Mr. Robinson, of Piccadilly, preached here on the 14th inst.

Recent visitors: Mr. and Mrs. S. Walroth, Verona, at Mrs. Moir's; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Timmons at J. Timmons'; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Amey, Moscow, at J. Yorke's; Mr. and Mrs. Rutan and Miss A. Lemmon, Sydenham, at J. B. Wheeler's.

Boots to Suit Arctic Tastes.

Shoe Dealer—Here is a pair of boots that will suit you exactly in your next dash for the pole. How did you like the last pair I sold you? Arctic Explorer (reminiscently)—The best I ever tasted.

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